

2017 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year ended June 30, 2017

Forsyth County, North Carolina

Forsyth County,

North Carolina

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Prepared by the Forsyth County Finance Department:

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Forsyth County, North Carolina

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

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FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Lee H. Plunkett
ASSISTANT CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



Michael J. Phelps, CPA
CONTROLLER AND SYSTEMS MANAGER

Teresa G. Everhart, CISR RISK MANAGER

M. Brandon Branscome, CPA INTERNAL AUDIT MANAGER

October 31, 2017

Honorable Members of the Forsyth County Board of Commissioners and Citizens of Forsyth County, North Carolina:

State law requires that all local governments publish within four months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of Forsyth County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Forsyth County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of Forsyth County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of Forsyth County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, Forsyth County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Forsyth County's financial statements have been audited by Cherry Bekaert LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of Forsyth County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that Forsyth County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of Forsyth County was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal

requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the compliance section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A.) This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. Forsyth County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Forsyth County is located in the northwestern piedmont section of the state and includes the City of Winston-Salem, which is the County seat and fifth most populous city in the state. The County was created by Act of the North Carolina General Assembly in 1849. The County operates under a commission-manager form of government with seven publicly elected commissioners comprising the governing body. The County is divided into two districts for election purposes, and commissioners are elected on a staggered basis for terms of four years: two from one district, four from the second district, and one at-large. The Board of Commissioners meets twice a month to adopt local regulations and ordinances, establish policies, make appointments, and set the level of services to be provided to County residents. Forsyth County is empowered by state statute to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. The Board of Commissioners annually adopts a balanced budget and establishes a tax rate for the support of County programs. The County's annual budget allocates its resources for the health, education, welfare, and protection of its citizens. The County Manager is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Board of Commissioners. The manager, administrative staff, and all departments of County government must administer the County programs in accordance with the policies and annual budget ordinance adopted by the Board of Commissioners.

The mission of Forsyth County government is to help create a community, which is safe and healthy, convenient and pleasant to live in, with educational and economic opportunities for everyone. We cooperate with many other public agencies and community organizations in this mission. We provide certain services and functions, which are responsibilities of all county governments, and other services, which the Board of Commissioners has determined to be necessary and appropriate. We are committed to providing quality services, efficiently and effectively, with courteous attention to the opinions and needs of individual citizens. To fulfill its mission, Forsyth County provides a broad range of services that include public safety, environmental protection, health and social services, cultural and recreational programs, community and economic development, and education. This report encompasses the County's activities in maintaining these services and includes its financial support to certain separate agencies, boards, and commissions to assist their efforts in serving citizens. Among these are the Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools and Forsyth Technical Community College.

The financial reporting entity includes all funds of the primary government, Forsyth County, as well as its component unit. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The Forsyth County Industrial Facilities and Pollution Control Financing Authority is a component unit of Forsyth County; however, this authority has no financial transactions or account balances and, therefore, is not reported in the financial statements.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for Forsyth County's financial planning and control. Each year all County departments are required to submit requests for appropriations to the County Manager, who then compiles a proposed budget and presents it to the Board of Commissioners for review. The Board is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget by July 1 of the fiscal year, or the Board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted. The annual ordinance includes appropriations for the General Fund and four annually budgeted special revenue funds. Note 1c provides additional information on budgetary data. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each

individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund, this comparison is presented on page 16 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds and, in greater detail, on pages 60 - 62 in the subsection for major fund budgetary comparison schedules. For annually budgeted special revenue funds, this comparison is presented in the nonmajor governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 64. Also included in the governmental fund subsection are project-length budget-to-actual comparisons for each nonmajor governmental fund for which a project-length budget has been adopted (i.e., grant project special revenue funds and capital project funds).

Attesting to the sound financial management of the Board of Commissioners, the County remains one of only a handful of AAA-rated counties nationwide, as ranked by Standard & Poor's, Fitch Ratings, and Moody's Investor Services.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which Forsyth County operates.

Local economy. Located midway between Washington, D.C. and Atlanta, Georgia, Forsyth County is in the heart of the state's Piedmont Triad region, a 12-county area with more than 1.7 million people. Three cities comprise the Triad: Winston-Salem, Greensboro and High Point. Each city has its own character, its own heritage, and its own industrial base. Yet the area's commercial and cultural growth transcends geographic boundaries with the strengths of each city combining to form a vibrant economic hub.

Forsyth County, with an estimated population of 369,688 and a workforce of more than 182,000, plays a vital role in the Triad's economy. With a strong and well diversified core of manufacturing companies, health care, biotechnology, financial services, and tourism sectors, the County serves as the major employment center for the counties which comprise northwest North Carolina and portions of southwest Virginia. The County's average unemployment rate for the year ended June 30, 2017 is 4.7 percent, which is lower than the State rate of 4.9 percent and the same as the national rate of 4.7 percent.

Economic resilience and employment stability have formed the foundation for strong local consumer and commercial markets. The most recent per capita personal income levels from 2015 remain consistently higher than state figures. The County's per capita income is \$43,859, the tenth highest among counties in the state, and higher than the State's \$40,759. Capital investment, as measured by the value of new residential and commercial building permits issued during the year, totaled \$523.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2017, a slight decrease of 2.0 percent despite a 3.5 percent increase in the total number of permits.

Long-term financial planning. The Forsyth County Major Capital Improvements Program ("CIP") is the result of an ongoing process by County officials to assess the need for major capital expenditures, the feasibility of funding these projects, and to establish an orderly plan for implementing these projects. The CIP is reviewed by the Commissioners periodically, usually twice a year, once at the annual Commissioners' Planning Workshop, and then again during their annual budget deliberations.

As of June 30, 2017, the County's CIP through the year 2023 consists of \$511.563 million for proposed projects funded with long term financing. General obligation bonds will be incurred for public schools (\$288 million), community college projects (\$55.65 million), park system development and maintenance (\$17.250 million), and County general capital maintenance (\$6.0 million). A replacement of court facilities now housed in the Hall of Justice (\$126.823 million) will be funded with limited obligation bonds and sales of property and other revenues will fund replacement of the SciWorks facility (\$17.84 million). A bond referendum, approved in November 2016, provides the bulk of

schools, community college and park system development and maintenance funds with the balance coming from non-voter approved two-thirds bonds.

Financial Policies. These financial policies are the basis for our budgeting decisions:

Tax Rate - The Board of Commissioners strives to limit the growth of the annual operating budget to an amount which can be accommodated by growth in the tax base as well as other local, state and federal revenues, without a tax rate increase, whenever possible. The fiscal year 2017 tax rate of \$.7310 is unchanged from the prior year rate.

Education Debt Leveling Plan ("EDLP") – In order to level the effects of issuing the \$250 million schools and \$25 million community college bonds authorized in the November 2006 referendum, the County has dedicated proceeds from the state education lottery and from a 3-cent property tax increase first levied in fiscal year 2008 to debt service on these bonds. Similarly, the fiscal year 2010 budget included an additional 1.1-cent tax increase over the revenue-neutral rate to fund the \$62 million educational facilities bond authorization approved in the November 2008 referendum. These EDLP tax rates were adjusted to \$.033 and \$.0121 for the 2006 and 2008 EDLP reserves, respectively, following the fiscal year 2014 revaluation. No additional tax increases are anticipated to pay this debt service. Each year lottery funds will be applied first, and the balance of applicable debt service will be paid from fund balance designated from the 3.3-cent and 1.21-cent levies plus any interest on that designated fund balance. The EDLP currently has a balance of \$18.9 million.

Library Debt Leveling Plan ("LDLP") – In order to level the effects of issuing the \$40 million library bonds authorized in the November 2010 referendum, the County has dedicated proceeds a \$.006 property tax increase first levied in fiscal year 2016 to debt service on these bonds. No additional tax increases are anticipated to pay this debt service. Each year applicable debt service will be paid from fund balance designated from the \$.006 levy plus any interest on that designated fund balance. The LDLP currently has a balance of \$1.9 million.

Debt Policy - Forsyth County recognizes that a formally adopted debt policy is fundamental to sound financial management. The fiscal year 2017 budget was adopted under the policy goal that the total annual debt service for long-term obligations would not exceed 18% of the appropriations in the annually adopted budget as shown in the Budget Ordinance. The policy of keeping debt service at less than a specified percent of the budget can greatly influence the timing and/or amount of funding for a project, as well as the method of funding.

Economic Development – During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the County committed over \$11 million for future economic development projects including \$1.5 million in support of the Airport Commission, \$4.0 million for redevelopment of Whitaker Park, \$3.0 million for renovation and development of the Bailey Power Plant, and \$2.5 million in support of the construction of the New Family Museum.

Capital – In the General Fund, unassigned fund balance at June 30 in excess of 14% of the subsequent year's budget is assigned for capital maintenance and capital outlay in the subsequent year. Of the total assigned, the first \$2.1 million is designated for planned capital maintenance and the remainder is for pay-as-you-go capital expenditures. This policy allowed the County to establish the 2016 Pay-Go capital project fund which provided funds for Arts Council downtown support, Reynolda House, Creative Corridors, and commissioner meeting room technology improvements.

Fund Balance Policy – Available fund balance in the General Fund should be at least 14% of the subsequent year's budget. The County exceeded this policy target ending the 2017 fiscal year with an available fund balance, net of committed fund balance, of 18.5% of its 2018 budget. \$9.2 million of available fund balance was appropriated to balance the fiscal 2018 budget leaving 16.3% available fund balance of which 14% was set aside in accordance with the County's fund balance policy. The

remaining 2.3%, or \$9.2 million, was assigned for fiscal 2018 management special projects and capital maintenance projects. One of the County's goals for future budgets is to reduce the amount of appropriated fund balance needed to balance the budget.

Major Initiatives. While fiscal stress remains for businesses, citizens and local governments, modest projections for continuing recovery have proved to be correct. Higher than expected revenue realization in property taxes in 2017 have resulted in a continuing strong balance sheet. Additionally, continued efforts at reorganization, re-engineering of work processes, efficiency improvements and other efforts to control costs have provided some easing of budgetary pressures. The County expects to have a strong focus on these types of efforts as it seeks to find and implement innovative strategies and systems throughout the organization.

Forsyth County is continuing its transition from a manufacturing base to a more balanced economy with growth in medical, medical research and services sectors. The County expects growth to continue with the transition.

The focus of the fiscal year 2018 budget is on maintaining the policies which form the financial foundation of the County; the 18% debt ceiling, the 14% fund balance target, the school, library and public improvement debt leveling plans, the school funding formula which uses economic and demographic data to determine growth in school funding, and the use of a multi-year approach to mitigate effects of revaluations. Also, capital maintenance plans for the County, schools and community college which utilize two-thirds bonds for funding every other year provide resources to keep facilities safe, sound and usable and allow for maintenance planning over the life of facilities.

The County provides all of its statutory services and a variety of services which, though not required, have strong public support. The County does not expect to undertake any major new programs, projects or expansion of services without substantial public support for both the services and the tax rate increase, if necessary, to support them.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Awards. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Forsyth County for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the 33rd consecutive year that the County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

GFOA also presented the County with a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for the County's fiscal year 2017 annual budget. To receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria. This award is valid for one year only. We believe the fiscal year 2018 budget continues to conform to program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine eligibility for another award.

Acknowledgements. The preparation of the annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Department. The year-end closing of the accounting system, report preparation and overall coordination was effectively managed by Terri L. Goodman, Deputy Chief Financial Officer. Also providing substantial support in report preparation and related accounting activities were: Lee H. Plunkett, Assistant Chief Financial Officer; Michael J.

Phelps, Controller and Systems Manager; Teresa Everhart, Risk Manager; Brandon Branscome, Internal Audit Manager; Jean-Baptiste Lagnie, Internal Auditor; and, Gloria Turowski, Fiscal Analyst.

In closing, without the continued leadership and support of the Board of County Commissioners, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Sincerely,

J. Budley Watts, Jr. County Manager

Chief Financial Officer

Paul L. Fulton, Jz.

Forsyth County Board of Commissioners



Seated (left to right): Chairman David R. Plyler, Gloria D. Whisenhunt and Vice-Chairman Don Martin Standing (left to right): Richard V. Linville, Everette Witherspoon, Fleming El-Amin and Ted Kaplan

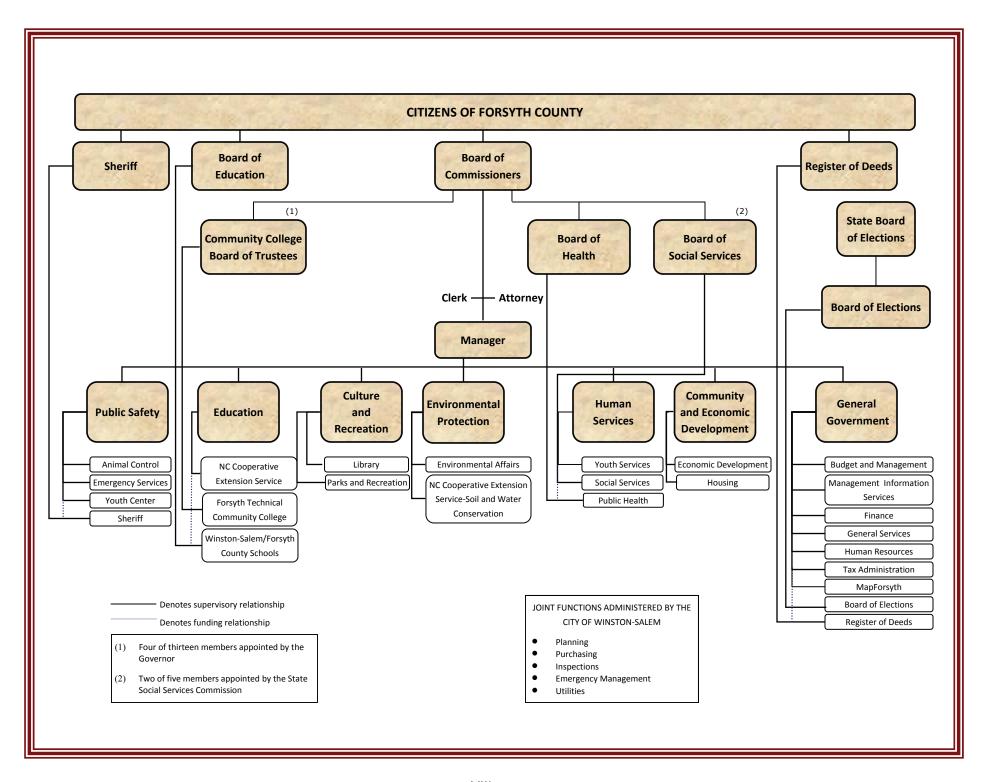
County Officials



J. Dudley Watts, Jr. County Manager



Paul L. Fulton, Jr. Chief Financial Officer





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

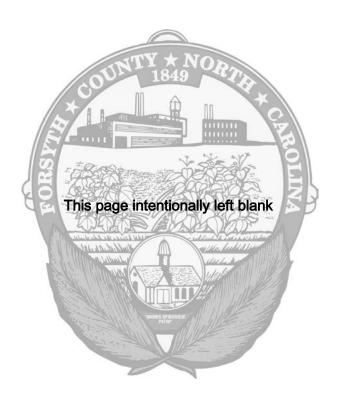
Presented to

Forsyth County
North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO





Report of Independent Auditor

To the Board of County Commissioners Forsyth County, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Forsyth County, North Carolina (the "County") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 5h to the basic financial statements, the County fully implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB 68, and Amendments to Certain provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, beginning July 1, 2016. As a result, net position as of June 30, 2016 has been restated. The County also implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other than Pension Plans, beginning July 1, 2016. Our opinions are not modified with respect to these matters.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the County. The introductory section, budgetary comparison schedules – major governmental funds, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, other schedules, the statistical section, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedules – major governmental funds, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, other schedules and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedules – major governmental funds. combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, other schedules and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

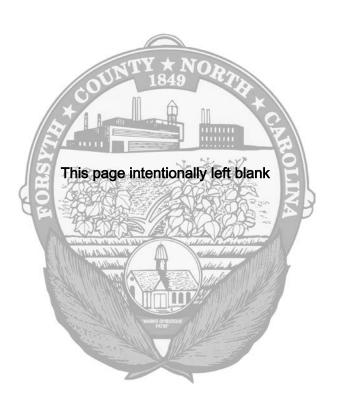
Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 31, 2017 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Raleigh, North Carolina

October 31, 2017



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Forsyth County, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This narrative complements the data presented in the basic financial statements and we encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the County's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

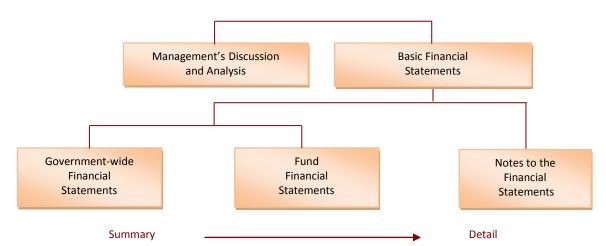
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Forsyth County were lower than its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$122.0 million (net deficit). The deficit in total net position reflects the County's issuance of debt as provided by State law for public school and community college facilities. The assets acquired with such debt are not owned by the County, and therefore, are not included in the County's Statement of Net Position. Had this school and community college related debt (net of unspent proceeds) not been reported as a reduction of net position, total net position would be \$245.2 million.
- The County's total net position increased by \$29.5 million from net position of the prior period (as restated) despite the payment of \$9.5 million for public school and community college facilities that are not reported as assets of the County.
- Forsyth County maintained its Aaa bond rating from Moody's Investors Service and AAA rating from Fitch Ratings and Standard
 Poor's Corporation for the 22nd consecutive year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Forsyth County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$300.5 million, an increase of \$100.8 million in comparison with the prior year. This increase is largely attributed to several new debt-funded capital project funds established during the year.
- The balance in the Education Leveling Plan decreased by a net \$4.6 million for the year bringing the total available to pay for future education-related debt service to \$18.9 million. The balance in the Library Leveling Plan decreased by a net \$357,000 for the year bringing the total available to pay for future library-related debt service to \$1.9 million.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$59.6 million or 15.2% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Forsyth County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements (see *Figure 1*). The basic financial statements present two different views of the County through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains supplementary information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of Forsyth County.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short and long-term information about the County's financial status as a whole.

The **statement of net position** presents information on all of Forsyth County's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful way to gauge the County's financial condition.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide statements are intended to distinguish functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are expected to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). Forsyth County has no business-type activities. Accordingly, the statement of net position and the statement of activities present only governmental activities, which include all of the County's basic services such as public safety, environmental protection, human services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, education, and general government. Property taxes, sales taxes and state and federal grant funds finance most of these activities. Additionally, these statements report only the activities of the primary government, Forsyth County, because the County's component unit, the Forsyth County Industrial Facilities and Pollution Control Financing Authority, has no financial transactions or account balances to report.

The government-wide financial statements are Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the County's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Forsyth County, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the County's budget ordinance. All of the funds of Forsyth County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on quantifying monies remaining at year-end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting*, which provides a current financial resources focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the County's programs. The relationship between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in reconciliations that are part of the fund financial statements.

All of the County's basic services were accounted for in 33 governmental funds for the year ended June 30, 2017. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and two capital project funds, the 2011 Library Bond fund and the 2016 Schools Facilities fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Forsyth County adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the County, the management of the County, and the decisions of the Board about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the County to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current period activities. The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund demonstrates how well the County complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the County succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was adopted. Forsyth County's budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The summary budgetary comparison statement on Exhibit 5 shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Board; 2) the final budget as amended by the Board; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. A more detailed budgetary comparison schedule elsewhere in this report is presented at the legal level of budgetary control.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are Exhibits 3, 4, and 5 of this report.

Proprietary Funds – Forsyth County has one kind of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the functions of the County. The County uses an internal service fund to account for risk retention services for health and dental benefits provided to departments of the County on a cost reimbursement basis. The Employee Health Benefits fund has been included with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements, and it is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements, Exhibits 6, 7, and 8 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Forsyth County's own programs. One trust fund, the other post-employment benefit trust, and four agency funds comprise the County's fiduciary funds. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits 9 and 10.

Notes to the Financial Statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are on pages 21 - 50 of this report.

Other Information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report includes certain required supplementary information concerning Forsyth County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") to certain employees. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 51 - 57 of this report.

Budgetary comparison schedules for major funds are presented following the required supplementary information on pensions and OPEB. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 64 – 99 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of Forsyth County exceed assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$122.0 million as of June 30, 2017. The deficit in total net position is a result of the County issuing debt for the construction, renovation, or acquisition of public school and community college facilities that are not reported as assets of the County. These facilities are necessary to provide for the education of the citizens of the County. North Carolina statutes do not permit public schools and community colleges to issue debt; responsibility for providing these facilities lies with the County. The titles to these assets are held by the Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Board of Education or Forsyth Technical Community College, and the assets are reported on their financial statements, as applicable. The outstanding amount of education-related debt, net of unspent proceeds, is \$367.2 million at year-end and is reported as a reduction of unrestricted net position for governmental activities, resulting in a deficit balance of \$259.2 million for this category of net position. Had the education-related debt not been reported as a reduction of unrestricted net position, the balance of unrestricted net position for governmental activities would be \$108 million and total net position would be \$245.2 million, a decrease in total net position of \$5.6 million over the prior year.

The following summarizes Net Position at June 30, 2017 and 2016:

Forsyth Count	y's Net Position	
	Governmen	tal Activities
	2017	2016
Current and other assets	\$ 335,327,906	\$ 232,586,010
Capital assets	186,014,863	169,800,811
Total assets	521,342,769	402,386,821
Deferred outflows of resources		
- unamortized bond refunding charges	38,400,187	21,174,144
Long-term liabilities outstanding	619,330,521	535,303,470
Other liabilities	60,685,331	28,411,838
Total liabilities	680,015,852	563,715,308
Deferred inflows of resources	1,730,273	3,561,900
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	93,927,835	91,997,431
Restricted	43,255,799	55,613,795
Unrestricted deficit	(259,186,803)	(291,327,469)
Total net position	\$ (122,003,169)	\$ (143,716,243)

A major portion of net position reflects the County's \$93.9 million investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. Forsyth County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although Forsyth County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional \$43.3 million of Forsyth County's net position are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

The deficit in unrestricted net position was reduced by \$32.1 million. The change in unrestricted net position resulting from governmental activities is discussed in the following section.

Governmental activities. Since the County has no business-type activities, the total change in net position is a result of governmental activities. The County's net position (as restated) increased by \$29.5 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

The following summarizes the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

Forsyth County's Cha	nges in Net Position						
Governmental Activities							
	2017	2016					
Revenues:							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 29,521,434	\$ 32,718,694					
Operating grants and contributions	56,206,822	55,707,532					
General revenues:							
Property taxes	253,812,982	248,996,613					
Other taxes	67,023,740	64,763,434					
Grants and contributions not restricted							
to specific programs	4,028,266	3,744,478					
Other	1,664,889	4,047,214					
Total revenues	412,258,133	409,977,965					
Expenses:							
General government	41,691,056	39,710,432					
Public safety	80,973,981	77,733,569					
Environmental protection	2,435,366	2,777,088					
Human services	76,711,222	78,666,572					
Culture and recreation	16,641,402	15,951,292					
Community and economic development	3,840,814	4,211,266					
Education	143,258,413	135,927,424					
Interest on long-term debt	17,161,545	16,179,523					
Total expenses	382,713,799	371,157,166					
Increase in net position	29,544,334	38,820,799					
Net position, July 1 as previously reported	(143,716,243)	(183,068,814)					
Restatement	(7,831,260)	531,772					
Net position, July 1 as restated	(151,547,503)	(182,537,042)					
Net position, June 30	\$ (122,003,169)	\$ (143,716,243)					

As noted above, the balance of assets available to meet the government's ongoing obligations is obscured by debt issued to finance capital assets that are not reported as assets of the County. In spite of the deficit reported in governmental activities, the County's financial position is strong as evidenced by the following:

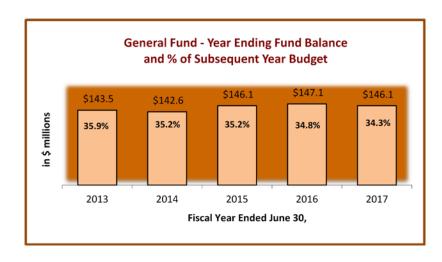
- Program and general revenues increased \$2.3 million from the prior year.
- Education expenses of \$9.5 million represent debt-funded outlays for which the resulting capital assets are not reported as
 assets of the County; however, liability for the applicable debt is reported on the County's Statement of Net Position.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, Forsyth County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the County's three major funds were the General Fund, and two capital projects funds, the 2011 Library Bond fund and the 2016 Schools Facilities fund.

Governmental Funds. The focus of Forsyth County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Forsyth County's financing requirements. Specifically, fund balance available for appropriation can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance in the General Fund was \$146.1 million, a decrease of \$1.0 million, with \$117.1 million available for appropriation and \$59.6 million considered unassigned. To meet the cash flow needs of the County and to provide for unforeseen needs or opportunities, the governing body of Forsyth County has determined that the County should maintain a minimum available fund balance (net of committed fund balance) of 14% of its subsequent year's general fund expenditures. The County exceeded this policy target ending the 2017 fiscal year with an available fund balance, net of committed fund balance, of \$78.6 million, 18.5% of its 2018 budget. \$9.2



million of fund balance was appropriated to balance the fiscal 2018 budget leaving 16.3% available fund balance of which 14% was set aside in accordance with the County's fund balance policy. \$2.1 million was assigned for fiscal 2018 capital maintenance projects.

Key factors that resulted in the \$1.0 million decrease in the General Fund fund balance include:

- Continued diligence in the collection of property taxes which resulted the maintenance of a 99.1% collection percentage.
- Total actual revenues were less than budgeted revenue estimates by \$6.4 million. Property tax collections exceeded budget expectation by \$3.0 million which partially offset the under-realization of other governmental revenues. Intergovernmental revenues were \$4.9 million under-budget primarily due to under spending which resulted in reduced reimbursement for human services grants. Charges for services and Other Revenues were also under budget by \$1.5 million and \$3.9 million, respectively.
- Expenditure appropriations were under-spent by \$34.6 million. Significant under-expenditures occurred in public safety (\$5.6 million), human services (\$8.6 million), culture and recreation (\$1.5 million), general government (\$8.4 million), and community and economic development (\$5.3 million). In public safety, outlays for the sheriff's department and emergency services were \$2.5 million and \$2.8 million under-budget, respectively. In human services, savings were in public health (\$3.3 million) and social services (\$5.3 million). The Parks and Recreation Department and the libraries were \$623,000 and \$900,000 under budget, respectively. Tax Administration is \$1.4 million under budget.
- General fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$641,000. Transfers out of the General Fund totaling \$7.5 million included: \$1.7 million for schools capital maintenance projects, \$1.5 million for emergency and fleet vehicle purchases, \$4.2 million to establish the 2016 Pay-Go fund, and \$26,000 local match for the 2017 Housing fund.
- Transfers to the General Fund totaling \$5.8 million included: lottery proceeds (\$3.7 million) and \$1.8 million from the Fire Tax Districts Funds to support county-wide fire suppression services.

In accordance with the County's fund balance policies, the following designations of fund balance have been made:

- The unspent balance of proceeds from 4.51 cents on the ad valorem tax rate and interest earned thereon totaled \$18.9 million and has been committed for the retirement of education debt authorized in the November 2006 and 2008 referendums. This commitment is a key component of the Education Debt Leveling Plan.
- The unspent balance of proceeds from .60 cents on the ad valorem tax rate and interest earned thereon totaled \$1.9 million and has been committed for the retirement of library debt authorized in the November 2010 referendum. This commitment is a key component of the Library Debt Leveling Plan.
- \$2.0 million has been committed to establish the Public Improvement Debt Leveling Plan for the retirement of schools, community college, and parks and recreation debt authorized in the November 2016 referendum.
- \$11.0 million remains committed for economic development activities including \$1.5 million for the Airport Commission, \$4.0 million for Whitaker Park, \$3.0 million for the Bailey Power Plant project, and \$2.5 million for the New Family Museum.

- \$873,000 has been committed for the future payment of Law Enforcement Special Separation Allowance benefits.
- The amount by which available fund balance net of committed fund balance and fund balance appropriated for fiscal year 2018 budget exceeds 14% of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures totaled \$9.3 million of which \$7.2 million has been assigned for special management projects and \$2.1 million assigned for capital maintenance projects in the subsequent year.

As of the end of the fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$300.5 million, an increase of \$100.8 million from the prior year. This increase is primarily the result of several new bond-funded capital project funds established during the year. Approximately 59.9%, or \$179.8 million of total combined fund balance, is restricted or non-spendable. \$137.2 million of this restricted total is restricted for debt funded capital expenditures. \$42.2 million is committed for future debt service, economic development projects, or capital projects. \$19.0 million is assigned for subsequent fiscal year 2018 expenditures and capital projects. The remainder of the fund balance is unassigned.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights.

During the fiscal year, the County revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services or initiate new programs where timing is critical.

Amendments to the General Fund budget totaled \$14.6 million. Unanticipated state and federal grants totaling \$1.4 million were appropriated for public health and social services. Appropriations of \$12.9 million were made from fund balance, including \$4.8 million for economic development projects, \$7.5 million for pay-go projects, and \$576,000 for encumbrances re-appropriated from fiscal year 2016.

Although \$29.3 million of fund balance was appropriated in the final budget, as discussed above, the net change in fund balance for the year was a decrease of just \$1.0 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital assets. Forsyth County's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2017, totals \$186 million (net of accumulated depreciation), a \$16.2 million increase from the prior year. These assets include land, buildings, construction-in-progress, park facilities, equipment, vehicles and software.

Forsyth County's Capital Assets (net of depreciation)								
Governmental Activities								
	2017	2016						
Land	\$ 17,059,332	\$ 16,045,866						
Art collections	517,907	517,907						
Construction-in-progress	24,422,674	10,920,194						
Buildings	124,896,141	122,299,538						
Improvements other than buildings	9,699,688	10,523,926						
Equipment	4,520,521	4,640,157						
Vehicles	4,042,999	4,010,474						
Software	855,601	842,749						
Total Capital Assets	\$ 186,014,863	\$ 169,800,811						

Major capital asset transactions during the year include:

- Library projects totaling \$15.1 million.
- Public safety center projects totaling \$4.7 million.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 4e on page 32 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. At June 30, 2017, Forsyth County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$512.7 million, all of which is backed by the full faith and credit of the County. Other long-term debt represents obligations secured solely by specified property. The County's total liability for bonded debt, certificates of participation, limited obligation bonds and other installment financing agreements was \$566.7 million, an increase of \$83.9 million. New debt included \$123.1 million in general obligation bonds for schools, community college, parks and recreation, and court facilities, as well as capital maintenance projects for the schools, community college and County.

At June 30, 2017 and 2016, the County's bonded and non-bonded debt consisted of:

Forsyth County's Outstanding Debt								
Governmen	tal Activities							
2017	2016							
\$ 512,675,000	\$ 421,930,000							
22,780,000	24,345,000							
31,195,000	36,475,000							
\$ 566,650,000	\$ 482,750,000							
	Governmen 2017 \$ 512,675,000 22,780,000 31,195,000							

As mentioned in the financial highlights section of this document, Forsyth County maintained for the 22^{2d} consecutive year its Aaa bond rating from Moody's Investors Service and AAA rating from Standard and Poor's Corporation and Fitch Ratings. This bond rating is a clear indication of the sound financial condition of Forsyth County. Forsyth County is one of the few counties in the country that maintains the highest financial rating from all three major rating agencies. This achievement is a primary factor in keeping interest costs on the County's outstanding debt low.

The State of North Carolina limits the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The current debt limitation for Forsyth County is \$2.69 billion. The County's total bonded debt is 1.62% of assessed valuation, well below the 8% of assessed valuation legal debt limit.

Additional information regarding Forsyth County's long-term debt can be found in Note 4i on pages 34 - 37 of the Basic Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S GENERAL FUND BUDGET AND RATES

The County has adopted a General Fund budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018 in the amount of \$425.4 million, a decrease of \$11.9 million or 2.7% from the final 2017 budget of \$437.4 million. The property tax rate of \$0.7235 per hundred dollars assessed value is \$.0075 lower than the prior year rate. \$16.8 million of the County's \$117.1 million available fund balance was appropriated, of which \$2.0 million was for the reappropriation of prior year encumbrances and \$5.4 million was from the Education Debt and Library Debt Leveling Plans. Fund balance available net of committed fund balance and fund balance appropriated for fiscal year 2018 budget remains 14.5% of 2018 budgeted expenditures.

Significant factors considered in the preparation of the fiscal year 2018 County budget include:

- The County strives to limit the growth of the annual operating budget to an amount which can be accommodated by growth in the tax base as well as other local, state and federal revenues, without a tax rate increase, whenever possible.
- Continued sales tax growth expected to produce \$3.1 million, or 4.9% in additional revenue.
- Reduced lottery proceeds will continue to cause acceleration in the use of funds from the Education Debt Leveling Plan to cover
 education related debt costs.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This report is designed to provide an overview of Forsyth County's finances for those with an interest in this area. Additional information can be found on the County's website at www.co.forsyth.nc.us. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Chief Financial Officer, Forsyth County Government Center, 201 N. Chestnut Street, Winston-Salem, NC 27101- 4120, or by calling (336) 703-2050.



Basic Financial Statements

Exhibit 1

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

ASSETS 1 69,437,160 Cash and cash equivalents / investments 1 69,437,60,16 Pension asset - restricted 740,482 Taxes receivable (net) 8,359,201 Accounts receivable (net) 8,359,201 Accrued interest on investments 39,718 Due from other governments 25,144,26 Prepaid items 138,158 Capital assets: 140,000 Land, collections, and construction-in-progress 41,999,913 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 144,014,950 Total capital assets 186,014,863 Total assets 25,864,254 Pension related deferrals 25,864,254 Deferred charge on refunding 12,535,933 Total deferred outflows of resources 38,400,187 LACounts payable and accrued liabilities 12,301,353 Unearned revenue 2,921,633 Accrued interest payable 5,939,998 Due to other governments 2,625,733 Long-term liabilities 36,896,614 Public in more than one year 569,517,044 Total liabilities			Governmental	
Cash and cash equivalents / investments \$ 169,437,166 Investments - restricted 740,482 Taxes receivable (net) 2,712,019 Accounts receivable (net) 8,359,921 Accounts receivable (net) 3,3718 Due from other governments 25,144,426 Prepaid items 138,158 Capital assets: 1 Land, collections, and construction-in-progress 41,999,913 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 144,014,950 Total capital assets 186,014,863 Total capital assets 521,342,769 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Value of the count of	ASSETS		<u>Activities</u>	
Investments - restricted		Ś	169.437.166	
Pension asset - restricted 740,482 Taxes receivable (net) 2,712,019 Accounts receivable (net) 8,359,921 Accrued interest on investments 39,718 Due from other governments 25,144,426 Prepaid items 138,158 Capital assets: 141,999,913 Other capital assets, net of depreciation 144,014,950 Total capital assets 186,014,863 Total assets 25,864,254 Pension related deferrals 25,864,254 Deferred outflows Of RESOURCES 25,864,254 Pension related deferrals 25,864,254 Decerred charge on refunding 12,301,353 Total deferred outflows of resources 38,400,187 LIABILITIES Accounts payable and accrued liabilities 12,301,353 Unearned revenue 2,921,633 Accrued interest payable 5,939,998 Due to other governments 2,625,733 Long-term liabilities 36,896,614 Due within one year 49,813,477 Due in more than one year 59,517,044	·	*		
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Net investment in capital assets 93,927,835 Restricted for: Stabilization by state statute 35,786,596 Pension asset - Register of Deeds 740,482 Public safety 2,598,048 Human services 2,475,209 Community and economic development 242,286 Other purposes 1,413,178 Unrestricted deficit (259,186,803)	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - pension related deferrals	_	1,730,273	
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Pension asset - Register of Deeds 740,482 Public safety 2,598,048 Human services 2,475,209 Community and economic development 242,286 Other purposes 1,413,178 Unrestricted deficit (259,186,803)	Restricted for:			
Public safety 2,598,048 Human services 2,475,209 Community and economic development 242,286 Other purposes 1,413,178 Unrestricted deficit (259,186,803)	Stabilization by state statute		35,786,596	
Human services2,475,209Community and economic development242,286Other purposes1,413,178Unrestricted deficit(259,186,803)	Pension asset - Register of Deeds		740,482	
Community and economic development242,286Other purposes1,413,178Unrestricted deficit(259,186,803)	Public safety		2,598,048	
Other purposes 1,413,178 Unrestricted deficit (259,186,803)	Human services		2,475,209	
Unrestricted deficit (259,186,803)	Community and economic development		242,286	
	Other purposes		1,413,178	
Total net position \$ (122,003,169)	Unrestricted deficit		(259,186,803)	
	Total net position	\$_	(122,003,169)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement. $\label{eq:control_eq}$

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program Revenues			
				Operating	_	
			Charges for	Grants and		Governmental
Functions		<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Services</u>	Contributions		Activities
Governmental:						
General government	\$	41,691,056	3,648,384	581,454		(37,461,218)
Public safety		80,973,981	16,137,539	4,270,996		(60,565,446)
Environmental protection		2,435,366	172,683	815,512		(1,447,171)
Human services		76,711,222	5,247,617	44,429,639		(27,033,966)
Culture and recreation		16,641,402	4,162,505	1,904,836		(10,574,061)
Community and economic						
development		3,840,814	103,560	329,492		(3,407,762)
Education		143,258,413	49,146	3,874,893		(139,334,374)
Interest on long-term debt	_	17,161,545	-	-	_	(17,161,545)
Total governmental activities	\$ _	382,713,799	29,521,434	56,206,822	_	(296,985,543)
	Ge	neral revenues:				
		Taxes:				
		Property taxes, le	vied for general purpos	ses		253,812,982
		Local option sales	tax			63,841,660
		Occupancy taxes,	levied for economic de	evelopment		787,567
		Gross receipts tax				475,501
		Excise stamp tax				1,919,012
		Grants and contribut	tions not restricted to s	pecific programs		4,028,266
		Investment earnings	, unrestricted			1,548,280
		Miscellaneous, unre	stricted		_	116,609
		Total general re	evenues			326,529,877
		Change in ne	et position			29,544,334
	Ne	t position - beginning	g, previously reported			(143,716,243)
	Res	statement				(7,831,260)
	Ne	t position - beginning	g, restated		_	(151,547,503)
	Ne	t position - ending		Ç	\$	(122,003,169)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2017 **Exhibit 3**

Page 1 of 2

Julie 30, 2017			Capital Pr	oject Fund		
			2011		Nonmajor	Total
			Library	2016 Schools	Governmental	Governmental
		General Fund	Bond	Facilities	Funds	Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	134,318,245	4,580	_	28,166,074	162,488,899
Investments - restricted		=	17,574,553	83,412,506	27,768,957	128,756,016
Receivables (net):						
Property taxes		1,996,262		-	58,090	2,054,352
Occupancy taxes		70,699		-	-	70,699
Other taxes		63,562		_	_	63,562
Accounts		8,094,738	-	-	_	8,094,738
Accrued interest		34,934	610	-	4,174	39,718
Due from other governments		24,049,463	184	162,332	932,447	25,144,426
Due from other funds		40,613	-	-	-	40,613
Prepaid items		122,250	-	-	-	122,250
Total assets	\$	168,790,766	17,579,927	83,574,838	56,929,742	326,875,273
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	=					
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	8,683,706	3,063,169	-	531,394	12,278,269
Due to other governments		2,625,733	-	-	-	2,625,733
Due to other funds		-	-	-	40,613	40,613
Unearned revenue		2,608,258	-	-	2,883	2,611,141
Total liabilities	-	13,917,697	3,063,169		574,890	17,555,756
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	-					
Unavailable taxes		1,996,262	-	-	58,090	2,054,352
Unavailable other revenue		6,792,247	-	-	-	6,792,247
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	8,788,509			58,090	8,846,599
Fund balances:	_					
Nonspendable		122,250	-	-	_	122,250
Restricted		32,644,300	14,512,178	83,574,838	48,979,883	179,711,199
Committed		34,743,602	4,580	-	7,410,875	42,159,057
Assigned		19,017,695	, -	-	-	19,017,695
Unassigned		59,556,713	-	-	(93,996)	59,462,717
Total fund balances	-	146,084,560	14,516,758	83,574,838	56,296,762	300,472,918
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	-					
resources and fund balances	\$	168,790,766	17,579,927	83,574,838	56,929,742	326,875,273

Exhibit 3

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2017 Page 2 of 2

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 300,472,918
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	186,014,863
Net pension asset.	740,482
Contributions to pension plans in the current fiscal year are deferred outflows of resources on the Statement of Net Position.	6,804,904
Other long-term assets and deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	31,611,191
Earned revenue that is not available to pay current period expenditures is deferred in the funds.	9,370,005
Pension related deferrals.	(1,730,273)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of health and dental benefits to individual funds. Assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities of the statement of net position.	4,743,891
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(660,031,150)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (122,003,169)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit 4

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Capital Proj	ject Fund		
			2011	2016	Nonmajor	Total
			Library	Schools	Governmental	Governmental
		General Fund	Bond	<u>Facilities</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	246,512,903	-	-	7,844,084	254,356,987
Occupancy taxes		787,567	-	-	-	787,567
Local option sales taxes		61,983,507	-	-	1,858,153	63,841,660
Other taxes		475,501	-	-	-	475,501
Licenses and permits		837,632	-	-	-	837,632
Intergovernmental		53,813,420	-	-	6,027,684	59,841,104
Charges for services		22,091,047	-	-	14,782	22,105,829
Investment earnings		1,106,281	104,541	162,097	202,671	1,575,590
Other		8,273,030	116,550	-	241,311	8,630,891
Total revenues		395,880,888	221,091	162,097	16,188,685	412,452,761
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government		39,040,088	-	-	-	39,040,088
Public safety		69,548,490	-	-	9,331,145	78,879,635
Environmental protection		2,497,067	-	-	-	2,497,067
Human services		74,916,128	-	-	2,489	74,918,617
Culture and recreation		15,064,741	-	-	-	15,064,741
Community and economic development		3,499,791	-	-	339,361	3,839,152
Education		807,656	-	-	-	807,656
Intergovernmental:						
Human services		1,948,784	-	-	-	1,948,784
Education		129,938,505	-	3,836,607	8,677,298	142,452,410
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		39,184,853	-	-	-	39,184,853
Interest and other charges		18,793,497	-	251,143	45,840	19,090,480
Capital outlay		-	15,053,283	-	8,207,225	23,260,508
Total expenditures	-	395,239,600	15,053,283	4,087,750	26,603,358	440,983,991
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	-					
over expenditures	_	641,288	(14,832,192)	(3,925,653)	(10,414,673)	(28,531,230)
Other financing sources (uses):						
General obligation bonds issued		-	-	83,519,767	39,625,233	123,145,000
Premium on general obligation bonds		-	-	3,980,724	2,176,306	6,157,030
Transfers in		5,785,472	-	-	12,836,841	18,622,313
Transfers out		(7,475,126)	-	-	(11,147,187)	(18,622,313)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(1,689,654)		87,500,491	43,491,193	129,302,030
Net change in fund balances	-		(14,832,192)	83,574,838	33,076,520	100,770,800
		(1,048,366)	(14,032,192)	63,374,636	33,070,320	100,770,000
Fund balance - June 30, 2016		147,132,926	29,348,950	-	23,220,242	199,702,118

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

(continued)

Exhibit 4.1

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 100,770,800
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded	
depreciation in the current period.	15,681,680
Contributions to the pension plans in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities.	6,804,904
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales,	
trade-ins, and donations) is to increase net position.	532,372
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources	
are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	(1,640,539)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental	
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current	
financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net	
position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums,	
discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are	
deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect	
of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(90,057,030)
Expenses in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current financial resources	
are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Expenditures reported in the	
governmental funds for prepaid items using the purchases method are not reported as expenses	
in the statement of activities.	(6,813,244)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of health and	
dental benefits to individual funds. The profit or loss generated by the internal	
service fund is eliminated on the statement of activities.	4,265,391
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 29,544,334

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Exhibit Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual **General Fund**

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts				Variance with
		Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	243,478,894	243,478,894	246,512,903	3,034,009
Occupancy taxes		625,000	625,000	787,567	162,567
Local option sales taxes		61,874,310	61,874,310	61,983,507	109,197
Other taxes		355,000	355,000	475,501	120,501
Total taxes	_	306,333,204	306,333,204	309,759,478	3,426,274
Licenses and permits		930,853	930,853	837,632	(93,221)
Intergovernmental		57,394,144	58,748,928	53,813,420	(4,935,508)
Charges for services		23,587,335	23,587,335	22,091,047	(1,496,288)
Investment earnings		567,100	567,100	1,106,281	539,181
Other		11,925,524	12,141,317	8,273,030	(3,868,287)
Total revenues	_	400,738,160	402,308,737	395,880,888	(6,427,849)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government		46,968,103	47,484,609	39,040,088	8,444,521
Public safety		73,186,556	75,157,079	69,548,490	5,608,589
Environmental protection		2,926,602	3,029,023	2,497,067	531,956
Human services		81,078,838	83,470,274	74,916,128	8,554,146
Culture and recreation		16,075,488	16,575,106	15,064,741	1,510,365
Community and economic development		3,577,673	8,763,280	3,499,791	5,263,489
Education		942,717	957,549	807,656	149,893
Intergovernmental:					
Human services		6,148,706	5,888,860	1,948,784	3,940,076
Education		129,853,196	129,939,505	129,938,505	1,000
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		39,184,853	39,184,853	39,184,853	-
Interest and other charges	_	19,429,091	19,429,091	18,793,497	635,594
Total expenditures	_	419,371,823	429,879,229	395,239,600	34,639,629
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(18,633,663)	(27,570,492)	641,288	28,211,780
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in		5,629,975	5,761,614	5,785,472	23,858
Transfers out		(3,397,205)	(7,475,126)	(7,475,126)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	2,232,770	(1,713,512)	(1,689,654)	23,858
Net change in fund balance	\$_	(16,400,893)	(29,284,004)	(1,048,366)	28,235,638
Fund balance - June 30, 2016	_			147,132,926	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			:	\$ 146,084,560	

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Exhibit 6

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund

June 30, 2017

	G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	6,948,267
Accounts receivable		263,109
Accrued interest		2,074
Total assets	_	7,213,450
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		23,084
Claims liability		2,135,983
Unearned revenue		310,492
Total liabilities	_	2,469,559
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	\$	4,743,891

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Exhibit 7

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities	
Operating revenues:		Activities
Charges for services	\$	28,319,061
Other revenue		628,104
Total operating revenues		28,947,165
Operating expenses:		
Professional services		1,347,212
Claims		22,410,563
Insurance premiums		961,558
Total operating expenses		24,719,333
Operating income		4,227,832
Nonoperating revenues:		
Interest earnings		37,559
Change in net position		4,265,391
Net position at beginning of year		478,500
Net position at end of year	\$	4,743,891

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Governmental Activities
Cash flows from operating activities:		Activities
Cash received from user departments and participants	\$	29,086,918
Cash paid to suppliers, participants and others	_	(25,431,010)
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	3,655,908
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Interest and dividends on investments	_	37,017
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		3,692,925
Cash/cash equivalents / investments at beginning of year	_	3,255,342
Cash/cash equivalents / investments at end of year	\$_	6,948,267
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$_	4,227,832
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities:		
Decrease in accounts receivable		157,723
Decrease in due from other governments		89
Decrease in accounts payable		(133,670)
Decrease in claims payable		(560,795)
Decrease in unearned revenue	_	(35,271)
Total adjustments	_	(571,924)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$=	3,655,908

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

June 30, 2017

	P	Other ost-employment Benefit <u>Trust Fund</u>	Agency Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	-	947,454
Cash and investments held by fiscal agent:			
Cash and equivalents		32	-
Short-Term OPEB Fund		5,099,634	-
Long-Term OPEB Fund		2,002,903	-
OPEB Equity Funds		14,796,925	-
Receivables:			
Property taxes		-	3,129,898
Accrued interest		-	71
Total assets	_	21,899,494	4,077,423
LIABILITIES			
Due to other governments		-	3,806,482
Other liabilities		-	270,941
Total liabilities	_	-	4,077,423
NET POSITION			
Net position restricted for post-employment			
benefits other than pensions	\$ _	21,899,494	

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Fiduciary Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Other Post-employmen Benefit <u>Trust Fund</u>	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Employer	\$	4,478,787
Plan members		473,334
Total contributions		4,952,121
Net investment income		2,398,737
Total additions		7,350,858
DEDUCTIONS		
Benefits		3,352,121
Change in net position		3,998,737
Net position restricted for post-employment benefits		
other than pensions		
Net position, beginning		17,900,757
Net position, ending	\$	21,899,494

Notes to the Financial Statements

Forsyth County, North Carolina June 30, 2017

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Forsyth County conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

1a. Reporting Entity

Forsyth County (the "County") was created by an act of the General Assembly of North Carolina in 1849. The County operates under a commission-manager form of government with seven commissioners comprising the governing body. The County is divided into two districts for election purposes, and commissioners are elected on a staggered basis for terms of four years: two from one district; four from the second district; and one at large. The County Manager is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Board of Commissioners. The County provides the following services to its citizens: public safety, environmental protection, human services, culture and recreation programs, community and economic development, and education. Mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse services are provided in part through the County's contribution to Cardinal Innovations Healthcare Solutions. Elementary and secondary education and professional, technical and vocational training beyond the secondary level are provided by other governmental agencies.

The Forsyth County Industrial Facilities and Pollution Control Financing Authority exists to issue and service revenue bond debt of private businesses for economic development purposes. The seven-member governing board of the Authority is appointed by the County Commissioners. The County can remove any member of the Authority's board with or without cause. The Authority is considered to be a component unit of the County; however, it has no financial transactions or account balances, and, therefore, it is not presented in the government-wide financial statements. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

1b. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation *Government-wide Statements*: The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the County. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements present the governmental activities of the County, which encompass all the financial activities of the County, except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of the fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The proprietary fund, Employee Health Benefits internal service fund, is reported individually for that fund type.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from nonexchange transactions. Other non-operating items such as investment earnings are ancillary activities.

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

2011 Library Bond Fund. This fund accounts for the planning, design and construction of library facilities.

2016 Schools Facilities Fund. This fund is used to account for the construction of and renovation to school facilities and the related acquisition of land, furnishings and equipment, financed by proceeds of school facilities bonds authorized by a 2016 referendum.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund types:

Proprietary - Internal Service Fund. The Employee Health Benefits Fund accounts for risk retention services for health and dental benefits provided to departments of the County on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary – Trust Fund. The Other Post-employment Benefit Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the Healthcare Plan Fund, which accumulates resources to pay other post employment benefits for qualified retired County employees.

Fiduciary - Agency Funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of operating results. These funds account for assets held by the County on behalf of others. The County maintains the following agency funds: the Tax Agency Fund, which accounts for property taxes and occupancy taxes collected on behalf of the County and other governments; the Fines and Forfeitures Fund, which accounts for legal fines and forfeitures that the County is required to remit to the Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools; the Protective Payee Fund, which accounts for monies held by the County on behalf of specific clients of Social Services; and the Sheriff Fund, which accounts for monies held by the Sheriff's Office as a result of gathering evidence or executing court orders.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the County are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and other post-employment benefit trust fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating grants and contributions, and capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services or producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County internal service fund are charges for health and dental premiums. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within ninety days after year-end, except for property taxes. Property taxes are not recognized as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance operations of the current year. Property taxes receivable are recorded net of an allowance for estimated uncollectible delinquent taxes, with the net receivable recorded as deferred inflows of resources until collected. As of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

Sales taxes collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the County are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services, other than those that are invoiced, are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been satisfied.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the County funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the County's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues. Additionally, when both restricted and unrestricted non-grant resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

1c. Budgetary Data

The County's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and for four special revenue funds: the Fire Tax Districts Fund, Law Enforcement Equitable Distribution Fund, Emergency Telephone System Fund, and Moser Bequest for Care of Elderly Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The State Public School Building Capital Fund and the 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017 Housing Funds, which are special revenue funds, and all capital projects funds are budgeted under project ordinances. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for the General Fund, except for Nondepartmental and intergovernmental education expenditures. Certain Nondepartmental appropriations are not expended until they are transferred to a specific department, so they are set apart from other Nondepartmental appropriations. Budgetary control for intergovernmental education expenditures is for current expense and capital outlay for each entity. The legal level of control varies for annually budgeted special revenue funds. Appropriations in the Fire Tax Districts Fund are controlled at the fire tax district level. The Law Enforcement Equitable Distribution Fund is controlled by an appropriation for a transfer to the General Fund. The Emergency Telephone System Fund and the Moser Bequest for Care of Elderly Fund have legal appropriation control at the program level. Amendments are required for revisions to appropriations at the legal level of control in annually budgeted funds, and these amendments may be approved by the County Manager and reported to the Board of Commissioners as long as they do not alter total expenditures of the fund. Amendments that alter total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Commissioners. During the year, Board amendments to the original budget totaling \$14.6 million included several for unanticipated intergovernmental funding that totaled \$1.4 million and appropriations of fund balance totaling \$12.9 million. Appropriations of fund balance included \$4.8 million for economic development project funding, \$7.5 million to fund the 2016 Pay-Go fund, and \$576,500 for prior year encumbrances. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers the period until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

1d. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Outflows, and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments All deposits of the County are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by North Carolina General Statutes. State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT).

The securities of the NCCMT Government Portfolio, an SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT Term portfolio securities are valued at fair value. Money market investments and investments that have a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less are reported at cost or amortized cost. The County's investments with a maturity of more than one year at acquisition and non-money market investments are carried at fair value as determined by quoted market prices.

As permitted under State law, from time to time the County invests in securities which are callable and which provide for periodic interest rate increases. These investments are stated at fair value in the County's financial statements.

General Statute 159-30.1 allows the County to establish an Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Trust under the management of the State Treasurer and G.S. 159-30(g) allows the County to make contributions to the Fund. The Fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The State Treasurer in his discretion may invest the proceeds in equities of certain publicly held companies and long or short term fixed income investments as detailed in G.S. 147-69.2(1-6) and (8). Funds submitted are managed in three different sub-funds, the State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF) consisting of short to intermediate treasuries, agencies and corporate issues authorized by G.S. 147-69.1, the Bond Index Fund (BIF) consisting of high quality debt securities eligible under G.S. 147-69.2(b)(1)-(6), and BlackRock's MSCI ACWI EQ Index Non-Lendable Class B Fund authorized under G.S. 147-69.2(b)(8). Ownership interest of the STIF is determined on a fair market valuation basis as of fiscal year end in accordance with the STIF operating procedures. Valuation of the underlying assets is performed by the custodian. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIF are distributed to participants of the fund. The BIF is also valued at \$1 per share. The MSCI ACWI EQ Index Non-Lendable Class B Fund is priced at \$19.1579 per share at June 30, 2017.

Cash and Cash Equivalents The County pools moneys from all funds, except the Other Post-employment Benefit Trust Fund, to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

Restricted Investments The unexpended bond proceeds of the County are classified as restricted investments because their use is completely restricted to the purpose for which the bonds were originally issued.

Receivables and Payables The County levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1, the beginning of the fiscal year, in accordance with State law. The taxes are due on September 1 (lien date); however, penalties and interest do not accrue until the following January 6. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2016.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Historical collection experience is used to estimate the trade accounts receivable allowance. The allowance for uncollectible property taxes is estimated using the average collection rate for the last three years on back year taxes.

Outstanding balances between funds at fiscal year end result from use of pooled funds for cash flow purposes by capital projects funds or grant special revenue funds that will be reimbursed in the short-term by drawdowns from cash held by fiscal agent or grantors, respectively; or from year-end accruals of reimbursements due to the General Fund from special revenue funds. These balances are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Prepaid Items Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These outlays are accounted for using the consumption method.

Capital Assets Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements; the County has no infrastructure, acquired before or after implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, to report. Capital assets as defined by the County are buildings and improvements other than buildings with an initial, individual cost of \$20,000 or more, and all other assets, except licensed software, with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of three years or more. Licensed software is capitalized when its initial cost is greater than \$10,000 and its annual maintenance fee is significantly less than the initial cost. Internally developed software is capitalized when development cost exceeds \$100,000 and expected useful life is 3 years or greater. Assets are recorded at cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of the donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives, in years.

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	20 - 40
Improvements other than buildings	20
Equipment	3 - 10
Computer software	3 - 6

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The County has several items that meet this criterion - a charge on refunding, pension related deferrals, and contributions made to the pension plans in the current fiscal year. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The County has one item that meets the criterion for this category - other pension related deferrals.

Long-term Obligations In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are recognized in the current period.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, in the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences The County permits its employees to accumulate a limited amount of vacation leave which, if not used, will be paid upon termination of service at the rates of pay then in effect. All vacation pay, including salary-related payments that are directly connected with this leave pay, are accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

The County allows unlimited accumulation of sick leave. Employees do not receive any payment for unused sick time upon separation or retirement. However, employees eligible for retirement benefits may use their unused sick leave in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the County has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

Net Position Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted. The restricted component of net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances In the fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable. This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid items – This portion of fund balance is not an available resource because it represents the year-end balance of prepaid items, which are not spendable resources.

Restricted. This classification includes revenue sources that are statutorily restricted for specific purposes, or restricted for specific purposes by grantors or creditors.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute. This portion of fund balance is not available for appropriation under State law [G.S. 159-8(a)]. This amount is usually comprised of receivable balances that are not offset by deferred inflows and encumbrances related to purchase orders and contracts outstanding at year end that will be honored by the County in the next fiscal year.

Restricted for Register of Deeds. This represents the unspent portion of Register of Deeds fees whose use is restricted by State statute for expenditure on computer and imaging technology in the office of the Register of Deeds.

Restricted for Law Enforcement. This portion of fund balance is restricted by revenue source for law enforcement purposes.

Restricted for Human Services. This represents the unspent portion of maintenance of efforts funding for mental health, developmental disabilities, and substance abuse services provided by a third party and unspent revenue restricted by source for social services and public health purposes.

Restricted for Soil and Water Conservation. This portion of fund balance is restricted by revenue source for soil and water conservation activities.

Restricted for Capital Projects. This portion of fund balance is restricted by revenue source for capital expenditures.

Restricted for Fire Protection. This portion of fund balance is restricted by revenue source for fire protection expenditures.

Restricted for Emergency Telephone System. This portion of fund balance is restricted by revenue source for certain emergency telephone system expenditures.

Restricted for Community and Economic Development. This portion of fund balance is restricted by revenue source for housing rehabilitation and home buyer related purposes.

Committed. This classification includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote of the governing board. Any changes or removal of specific purposes requires majority action by the governing body.

Committed for Education Debt Leveling Plans. In the General Fund, unspent revenue generated by 4.51 cents of the ad valorem tax rate and interest on the unspent portions thereof is committed for retirement of general obligation education debt authorized by the November 2006 and 2008 referendums.

Committed for Library Debt Leveling Plan. In the General Fund, unspent revenue generated by .006 cents of the ad valorem tax rate and interest on the unspent portions thereof is committed for retirement of general obligation library debt authorized in a November 2010 referendum for library construction purposes.

Committed for Public Improvement Debt Leveling Plan. Portion of fund balance committed for retirement of general obligation public improvement debt authorized by a November 2016 referendum.

Committed for Law Enforcement Special Separation Allowance. Portion of fund balance committed for law enforcement officers' pension obligations.

Committed for Economic Development. Portion of fund balance committed by action of the governing board for certain future economic development purposes.

Committed for Capital Projects. Portion of fund balance committed by action of the governing board for certain school and

County capital expenditures.

Assigned. The portion of fund balance that the governing board, with or without formal action, has assigned for specific management purposes. The governing board may delegate to the County Manager or Chief Financial Officer the authority to assign a portion of fund balance to promote sound financial operations of the County or to meet a future obligation. Assignment calculations may be made after the end of the fiscal year during the process of preparation of the financial statements.

Assigned for Subsequent Year Budget. This represents the portion of fund balance appropriated in the adopted 2017-2018 Budget Ordinance that is not already classified in restricted or committed.

Assigned for Human Services. The portion of fund balance assigned for potential Medicaid cost settlement payback.

Assigned for Capital Maintenance Projects. In the General Fund, unassigned fund balance in excess of 14% of the subsequent year's budget is assigned for management special projects and capital maintenance in the subsequent year. Of the total assigned for these purposes, the first \$2.1 million is assigned for capital maintenance, and the remainder is assigned for management special projects.

Assigned for Management Special Projects. In the General Fund, unassigned fund balance in excess of 14% of the subsequent year's budget, net of \$2.1 million assigned for capital maintenance projects, is assigned for management special projects in the subsequent year.

Unassigned. This portion of fund balance is the residual classification for amounts not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, it includes any residual negative balances which may not be classified as restricted or committed in those funds.

The County has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Chief Financial Officer will use resources in the following order: debt proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-County funds, and County funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed inorder by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Chief Financial Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

The County has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which instructs management to conduct the business of the County in such a manner that available fund balance is at least equal to or greater than 14% of budgeted expenditures. Any portion of the General Fund balance in excess of 14% of budgeted expenditures may be appropriated for one-time expenditures and may not be used for any purpose that would obligate the County in a future budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plans The County participates in two cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plans that are administered by the State: the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) and the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF) (collectively, the "state-administered defined benefit pension plans"). For purposes of measuring the net pension asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans and additions to/deductions from the state-administered defined benefit pension plans' fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The County's employer contributions are recognized when due and the County has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the state-administered defined benefit pension plans. Investments are reported at fair value.

The County administers a public employee retirement plan, the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance, a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers. The County is required to provide these benefits by the North Carolina General Statutes. These benefits are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized aggregate defined benefit pension expense of \$8,324,801.

2. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance* – *total governmental funds* and *net position* – *governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$(422,476,087) consists of several elements detailed in the following table.

Description	Detail	Net Adjustment
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and a	ire	
therefore not reported in the funds. Total capital assets on the government-		
wide statement of net position comprise this adjustment.		\$ 186,014,863
Pension assets, contributions to pension plans, prepaid expenses, and deferred	d	
outflows of resources are not financial resources and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.		
Net pension assets	\$ 740,482	
Pension contributions, current year	6,804,904	
Pension related deferred outflows	19,059,350	
Prepaids	15,908	
Unamortized bond refunding charges	12,535,933	39,156,577
Some of the County's revenue will be collected after year-end, but is not		
available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, so it is		
reported as deferred revenue in the funds.		
Property taxes and accrued interest on property taxes	2,577,758	
Intergovernmental revenue	19,352	
Interest earnings	12,089	
Fees and miscellaneous	6,760,806	9,370,005
Deferred inflows of resources reported in the government-wide statements, but	ut	/4 720 272)
not the fund statements – pension related deferrals		(1,730,273)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of health		
and dental benefits to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the		
Employee Health Benefits Fund are included in governmental activities in the		
statement of net position.		
Cash and cash equivalents	6,948,267	
Accounts receivable and amounts due from other governments	265,183	
Accounts payable	(23,084)	
Claims and judgments – health and dental	(2,135,983)	
Unearned revenue	(310,492)	4,743,891
Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not		
due and payable in the current period. Thus, they do not require current		
resources to pay and, accordingly, are not reported in the fund statements.		
Accrued interest payable	(5,939,998)	
Bonds, installment purchases and limited obligation bonds	(566,650,000)	
Compensated absences	(6,863,422)	
Pension liabilities	(36,896,614)	
Claims and judgments – excluding health and dental	(1,722,436)	
Net OPEB obligation	(8,949,889)	
Unamortized issuance premiums	(33,008,791)	(660,031,150)
Total adjustment		\$ (422,476,087)

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net* change in fund balances – total governmental funds and change in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. Additional detail on the elements that comprise the total adjustment of \$(71,226,466) is given in the table that follows.

Description	Detail	Net Adjustment
Capital outlay expenditures are recorded in the fund statements but are capitalized as assets in the statement of activities.	\$ 25,136,587	
Depreciation expense, the allocation of capital assets over their useful lives, is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements.	(9,454,907)	\$ 15,681,680
Pension plan contributions in the current fiscal year are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements but are not included in the statement of activities.		6,804,904
The statement of activities reports <i>gains</i> and <i>losses</i> arising from the trade-in, sale, or disposal of existing capital assets. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on such transactions, but report the sale proceeds. The change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the net		522.272
cost of capital assets sold and donated assets received.		532,372
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Reverse deferred inflows recorded at July 1, 2016:		
Property taxes and accrued interest on property taxes Intergovernmental	(3,121,763) (57,124)	
Interest earnings Fees and miscellaneous	(6,787) (6,271,967)	
Other revenue	(1,552,903)	
Record deferred inflows in the fund statements at June 30, 2017:		
Property taxes and accrued interest on property taxes	2,577,758	
Intergovernmental	19,352	
Interest earnings	12,089	
Fees and miscellaneous	6,760,806	(1,640,539)
On the fund statements, new debt issued during the year is recorded as a source		
of funds, and principal payments on debt are recorded as a use of funds. Neither		
transaction affects the statement of activities.		
New debt issued	(129,302,030)	
Principal payments on debt	39,245,000	(90,057,030)
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of		
current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements.		
Compensated absences	(49,219)	
Increase in claims and judgments – excluding health and dental	(319,771)	
Net OPEB obligation	(30,217)	
Pension expense	(8,324,801)	
Accrued interest	(1,271,021)	
Prepaids	(18,171)	
Amortized charge on refundings	(2,668,435)	
Amortized debt premiums	5,868,391	(6,813,244)
Internal service fund profit or loss generated by customers within the		
primary government is eliminated from the statement of activities.		4,265,391
Total adjustments		\$ (71,226,466)

3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations

The following budget variances are not in compliance with legal budgetary control. Expenditures for Medical examiner exceeded budget by \$61,350. Appropriations for the Medical examiner department are based on historical costs. An unanticipated increase in investigative and autopsy fees resulted in excess expenditures for the year, all of which were invoiced after June 30. Expenditures for Purchasing exceeded budget by \$1,817. Purchasing is a consolidated City-County department administered by the City of Winston-Salem. Appropriations for the Purchasing department are based on historical costs, and the fourth quarter review indicated the budget was adequate; however, final costs invoiced after the end of the budget year exceeded the appropriation. Expenditures for the Attorney exceeded budget by \$35,614. Midyear position reclassifications resulted in higher than budgeted personal services costs. Expenditures for the Youth center exceeded budget by \$35,930. An unanticipated increase in juvenile detention costs and a required repayment of grant revenue resulted in excess expenditures for the year, all of which were invoiced after June 30. The cost of death benefits and retiree health and life insurance resulted in nondepartmental other services and adjustments costs to exceed budget in several functional areas by a total of \$135,821. Continued refinement of estimates may preclude future overages for these expenditures.

4. Detailed Notes on All Funds

4a. Deposits

In accordance with the County's investment policy, all the deposits of the County are either insured or collateralized by using the pooling method. Under the pooling method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the County, these deposits are considered to be held by the County's agent in the County's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the pooling method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the County or with the escrow agent. Due to the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the County under the pooling method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the pooling method.

The State Treasurer enforces standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions. The County relies on the State Treasurer to monitor those financial institutions. The County analyzes the financial soundness of any other financial institution used by the County. The County complies with the provisions of G.S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2017, the deposit portion of the County's cash and investment pool was \$12,657,188. The bank balances totaled \$13,364,214, of which \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the pooling method. At June 30, 2017, the County's petty cash funds totaled \$22,310.

4b. Investments

As of June 30, 2017, the County had the following investments:

	Valuation					
	Measurement	Reported		Less than		More than
	Method	Value	Fair Value	1 year	1 – 2 years	2 years
NCCMT Government portfolio	Amortized cost	\$ 157,867,940	157,867,940	157,867,940	-	-
NCCMT Term portfolio	Fair value – level 1	106,068,336	106,068,336	106,068,336	-	-
Commercial Paper	Amortized cost	7,984,528	7,984,528	7,984,528	-	-
Agency Securities	Fair value – level 2	14,540,334	14,540,334	3,996,680	1,989,860	8,553,794
Total Portfolio		\$ 286,461,138	286,461,138	275,917,484	1,989,860	8,553,794

The portfolio's weighted average maturity is 0.11 years.

All investments are valued using prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or groups of assets. Fair value – level 1 securities are valued using directly observable, unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Fair value – level 2 securities are valued using a matrix pricing technique which values the security based its relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the County's investment practice gives consideration to shortening maturities during periods of rising interest rates. The County manages its

exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. To further reduce its exposure to interest rate risk, the County invests in multistep coupon securities for some of its longer term maturities. As of June 30, 2017, \$3,582,384 of the County's \$8,553,794 in investments with maturities beyond two years are step or multi-step securities. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the County's investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the above table that shows the distribution by maturity and the weighted average maturity of the County's investment holdings as of June 30, 2017.

Credit Risk. In accordance with the County's investment policy, the County limits investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated. State law and the County's investment policy limit investments in commercial paper to those issuers carrying the highest ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of June 30, 2017, the County's investments in the bonds of U.S. Agencies were rated with one or more of the following ratings: AAA by Standard & Poor's, AAA by Fitch Ratings, Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. The County's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Government Portfolio carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's as of June 30, 2017. The County's investment in the NC Capital Management Trust Term Portfolio is unrated. The Term Portfolio is authorized to invest in obligations of the U.S. government and agencies, and in high grade money market instruments as permitted under North Carolina General Statutes 159-30 as amended.

Custodial Credit Risk. For an investment, the custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The County's investment policy provides limited guidance on custodial credit risk, but management procedures are that the County shall utilize a third party custodial agent for book entry transactions, all of which shall be held in the County's name. The custodial agent shall be a trust department authorized to do trust work in North Carolina who has an account with the Federal Reserve. Certificated securities shall be in the custody of the Chief Financial Officer.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. Five percent (5%) or more of the County's investments are in commercial paper issued by Dealers Capital (17.7%), Credit Agricole (8.9%), ING Funding (8.9%) and bonds issued by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (49.1%) and Federal Farm Credit Bank (15.5%).

Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust

At June 30, 2017, the Healthcare Plan had \$21,899,494 invested in a Local Government Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Trust established pursuant to G.S. 159-30.1. The OPEB Trust is deposited with the State Treasurer and may be invested in public equities and both long-term and short-term fixed income obligations as determined by the State Treasurer pursuant to the General Statutes. At year-end, the OPEB Trust was invested as follows: State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF), 23.3%; State Treasurer's Bond Index Fund (BIF), 9.1%; and, BlackRock's MSCI ACWI EQ Index Non-Lendable Class B Fund, 67.6%.

Interest Rate Risk: The County does not have a formal investment interest rate policy that manages its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates for the Healthcare Plan Fund. The State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF) is unrated and had a weighted average maturity of 1.6 years at June 30, 2017. The State Treasurer's Bond Index Fund (BIF) is unrated and had a weighted average maturity of 7.99 years at June 30, 2017.

Credit Risk: The County does not have a formal investment policy regarding credit risk for the Healthcare Plan Fund. The STIF is unrated and authorized under NC General Statute 147-69.1. The State Treasurer's STIF is invested in highly liquid fixed income securities consisting primarily of short to intermediate term treasuries, agencies, and money market instruments. The BIF is unrated and authorized under NC General Statute 147-69.1 and 147-69.2. The State Treasurer's BIF is invested in high quality debt securities eligible under NC General Statute 147-69.2(b)(1)-(6).

4c. Property tax - Use-value Assessment on Certain Lands

In accordance with the general statutes, agriculture, horticulture, and forestland may be taxed by the County at the present-use value as opposed to market value. When the property loses its eligibility for use-value taxation, the property tax is recomputed at market value for the current year and the three preceding fiscal years, along with the accrued interest from the original due date. This tax is immediately due and payable. The following are property taxes that could become due if present use-value eligibility is lost. These amounts have not been recorded in the financial statements.

Year Levied	Tax	Interest	Total
2014	\$ 2,198,948	720,155	2,919,103
2015	2,198,948	522,250	2,721,198
2016	2,242,510	330,770	2,573,280
2017	2,242,510	128,944	2,371,454
Totals	\$ 8,882,916	1,702,119	10,585,035

4d. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2017 for the County's individual major funds and nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate are net of applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts as follows:

Description	Gross Receivable	Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	Net Receivable
Property taxes			
General fund	\$ 5,302,332	(3,306,070)	1,996,262
Nonmajor governmental funds	154,294	(96,204)	58,090
Occupancy taxes			
General fund	70,699	-	70,699
Other taxes			
General fund	63,562	-	63,562
Accounts			
General fund	35,877,234	(27,782,496)	8,094,738
Accrued interest			
General fund	34,934	-	34,934
2011 Library Bond fund	610	-	610
Nonmajor governmental funds	4,174	-	4,174
Total receivables	\$41,507,839	(31,184,770)	10,323,069

Governmental funds report deferred inflows in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned.

At June 30, 2017, the various components of *unavailable* and *unearned revenue* were as follows:

Description	Unavailable Revenue	Unearned Revenue
Governmental Funds:		
Delinquent property taxes receivable		
General fund	\$ 1,996,262	39,217
Nonmajor governmental funds	58,090	2,883
Intergovernmental and private grants		
General fund	19,352	1,941,044
Fees and other revenue – General fund	6,760,806	627,997
Investment earnings – General fund	12,089	-
Total unavailable / unearned revenue		
for governmental funds	\$ 8,846,599	2,611,141
Governmental Activities:		
Fees and other revenue – Internal Service fur	310,492	
Total unearned revenue for governmental a	ctivities	\$ 2,921,633

4e. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 16,045,866	1,197,684	(184,218)	17,059,332
Art collections	517,907			517,907
Construction-in-progress	10,920,194	21,489,049	(7,986,569)	24,422,674
Total capital assets not being depreciated	27,483,967	22,686,733	(8,170,787)	41,999,913
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	209,586,645	8,556,171	(904,365)	217,238,451
Improvements other than buildings	22,578,889	53,800		22,632,689
Equipment	39,391,024	1,185,044	(126,228)	40,449,840
Vehicles	17,226,631	1,569,485	(1,648,263)	17,147,853
Software	9,359,398	554,102		9,913,500
Total capital assets being depreciated	298,142,587	11,918,602	(2,678,856)	307,382,333
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	87,287,107	5,245,395	(190,192)	92,342,310
Improvements other than buildings	12,054,963	878,038		12,933,001
Equipment	34,750,867	1,304,407	(125,955)	35,929,319
Vehicles	13,216,157	1,485,817	(1,597,120)	13,104,854
Software	8,516,649	541,250		9,057,899
Total accumulated depreciation	155,825,743	9,454,907	(1,913,267)	163,367,383
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	142,316,844	(2,463,695)	(765,589)	144,014,950
Capital assets, net	\$169,800,811	25,150,428	(8,936,376)	186,014,863

Depreciation expense charged to functions for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

Function	Depreciation Expense
General government	\$ 2,847,776
Public safety	4,312,449
Environmental protection	58,413
Human services	692,490
Culture and recreation	1,520,017
Community and economic development	5,587
Education	18,175
Total	\$ 9,454,907

Construction Commitments

Active construction projects as of June 30, 2017 include: partial demolition, renovation and construction of the central library, Public Safety Center improvements for 911 call center and probation and parole offices, and various maintenance efforts. At June 30, 2017, commitments with contractors on these projects are as follows:

Project	Spent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment
Library renovation	\$ 18,157,476	3,824,812
Law Enforcement Detention Center efficiency upgrades	1,944,129	89,549
Phillips Building	4,022,975	298,804
Hall of Justice upgrades	8,809	30,303
Park maintenance		250,000
Family Museum		434,548
Idols Road Business Park		137,580
Miscellaneous capital maintenance		6,189
Totals	\$ 24,133,389	5,071,785

4f. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Certain special revenue funds account for revenues that are used to reimburse eligible expenditures in the General Fund. Accrual of these revenues at year-end results in interfund receivables and payables at June 30. Amounts advanced from the cash and investment pool are also included in due to and due from other funds. At June 30, 2017, interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

	Receivable Fund -
Payable Fund	General Fund
Nonmajor governmental funds:	
2016 Housing Fund – advance from cash and investment pool	\$ 40,613

The following is a summary of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2017:

	Tra	insfers in:		
		General	Nonmajor Governmental	
Transfers out:		Fund	Funds	Total
General Fund	\$		7,475,126	7,475,126
Nonmajor governmental funds		5,785,472	5,361,715	11,147,187
Totals	\$	5,785,472	12,836,841	18,622,313

The General Fund transferred \$1,735,000 to the 2014 Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools Capital Maintenance fund, \$1,513,000 to the 2016 Motive Equipment fund, \$4,200,876 to the 2016 PayGo fund, and \$26,250 to the 2017 Housing grant project fund to provide local matching funds for a grant.

Transfers of \$5,785,472 to the General Fund from nonmajor governmental funds included \$3,744,842 in lottery proceeds transferred from the Public School Building Capital fund for debt service; \$91,909 residual equity from several funds which were closed during the year; \$1,830,176 from the Fire Tax Districts special revenue fund to support the County fire department; and \$118,545 from the Law Enforcement Equitable Distribution special revenue fund for law enforcement programs. A residual equity transfer of \$256,023 was made from the 2014 Motive Equipment fund to the 2016 Motive Equipment fund; and, a residual equity transfer of \$200,000 was made from the 2015 Pay-Go fund to the 2016 Pay-Go fund.

4g. Payables

Payables at June 30, 2017, were as follows:

Description	General Fund	2011 Library Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Vendors	\$ 5,107,418	3,063,169	531,394	8,701,981
Salaries and benefits	3,576,288			3,576,288
Totals	\$ 8,683,706	3,063,169	531,394	12,278,269

4h. Leases

Operating Leases The County leases buildings, office facilities, and equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Total costs for such leases were \$942,760 for the year ended June 30, 2017. The future minimum lease payments due under operating leases with initial or remaining non-cancelable lease terms in excess of one year are as follows:

Year ending June 30	Operating Leases	
2018	\$ 529,637	
2019	313,812	
2020	223,951	
2021	83,416	
2022	70,100	
2023 – 2027	385,596	
2028 – 2032	446,435	
2033 – 2037	87,580	
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 2,140,527	

The total rental expenditures for all operating leases were \$1,303,810 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

4i. Long-term obligations

Long-term obligation activity

Changes in long-term obligations during the year ended June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2016	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2017	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 6,814,203	9,233,015	9,183,796	6,863,422	4,755,232
Net pension liability (LGERS)	6,283,987	23,003,616		29,287,603	
Pension liability (LEOSSA) ¹	8,159,482	71,844	622,315	7,609,011	
General obligation bonds	421,930,000	123,145,000	32,400,000	512,675,000	34,955,000
Unamortized premiums	30,777,749	6,157,030	5,652,722	31,282,057	
Installment purchase obligations	36,475,000		5,280,000	31,195,000	5,365,000
Limited obligation bonds	24,345,000		1,565,000	22,780,000	1,565,000
Unamortized premiums	1,942,403		215,669	1,726,734	
Net OPEB obligation	8,919,672	5,655,846	5,625,629	8,949,889	
Claims and judgments	4,099,443	22,329,890	22,570,914	3,858,419	3,173,245
Total general long-term obligations	\$ 549,746,939	189,596,241	83,116,045	656,227,135	49,813,477

 $^{^{1}}$ The June 30, 2016 balance is restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 73.

Compensated absences, pension liabilities, the net other postemployment benefit obligation, and claims and judgments typically are liquidated in the General Fund. Of the latter, health and dental claims are paid from the Employee Health Benefits internal service fund.

Arbitrage In accordance with Section 148 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and Sections 1.103-13 to 1.103-15 of the related Treasury Regulations, the County must rebate to the federal government "arbitrage profits" earned on governmental bonds issued after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage profits are the excess of the amount earned on investments over the interest paid on the borrowings. At June 30, 2017, the County had no liability for arbitrage.

General Obligation Bonds The County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities for governmental activities. All general obligation bonds are backed by the full faith, credit and taxing power of the County, and principal and interest requirements are appropriated in the General Fund when due.

On March 14, 2017, the County issued \$20,535,000 general obligation public improvement bonds, Series 2017A for the maintenance and repair of school and community college facilities, as well as various County maintenance and improvement projects. Interest rates range from 2.0 to 5.0 percent, with a final maturity of March 1, 2037. On March 15, 2017, the County issued \$102,610,000 general obligation public improvement bonds, Series 2017B for acquiring, constructing and equipping various public school, community college, parks and recreation, public building and courthouse improvements. Interest rates range from 3.0 to 5.0 percent, with a final maturity of March 1, 2037.

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (the "Recovery Act") authorizes the County to issue taxable bonds known as "Build America Bonds" to finance capital expenditures for which the County could issue tax-exempt bonds and to elect to receive a subsidy payment from the federal government equal to 35% of the amount of each interest payment on such taxable bonds. The County has designated its 2010C Bonds as "Build America Bonds" for purposes of the Recovery Act and expects to receive such subsidy payments from the federal government. The County received \$1,253,664 in such federal subsidy during the year ended June 30, 2017, and if the new federal sequester rate remains unchanged, expects to receive \$12,420,144 in such subsidies over the remaining life of the bonds. The Recovery Act also authorizes the County to issue taxable bonds known as "Qualified School Construction Bonds" to finance construction, rehabilitation or repair of public school facilities or for the acquisition of land on which a public school facility is to be constructed. Under the Act, the County may elect to receive a subsidy payment from the United States Treasury in an amount calculated as provided in the Recovery Act. The County has designated its 2010D Bonds as "Qualified School Construction Bonds" for purposes of the Recovery Act and expects to receive such subsidy payments from the federal government. The County received \$1,183,080, or 89.9% of the interest paid on the 2010D Bonds, in such federal subsidy during the year ended June 30, 2017, and if the new federal sequester rate remains unchanged, expects to receive \$11,082,988 in such subsidies over the remaining life of the bonds. Such cash subsidy payments are not pledged to the repayment of the 2010C or 2010D Bonds, but are expected to be a source of payment of debt service on the bonds. Such cash subsidy payments do not constitute a full faith and credit guarantee of the federal government, but are required to be paid by the United States Treasury under the Recovery Act. If such cash subsidy payments from the United States Treasury are reduced or eliminated as a result of the change in the law, the 2010C and 2010D Bonds are subject to extraordinary optional redemption.

In prior years, the County defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of refunding bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. On June 30, 2017, \$113,970,000 of outstanding general obligation bonds are considered defeased. The County has \$12,535,933 unamortized bond refunding charges from prior refunding issues. These unamortized charges are reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the Statement of Net Position.

On June 24, 2004, the County sold two \$15,000,000 issues of general obligation School bonds that initially bear interest at a weekly variable rate. The County has the option to convert to a flexible term rate, a medium-term rate, or a fixed rate by written notice at least 25 days in advance of the proposed conversion date. The current variable rate is determined weekly based on the lowest interest rate necessary to enable the remarketing of the bonds at par plus accrued interest, as determined by the remarketing agent, and shall not exceed an annual rate of 12%. At June 30, 2017, the rate of interest for both issues was 0.90%.

The County issued \$30,000,000 general obligation School bonds on April 19, 2007, that initially bear interest at a weekly variable rate. The County has the option to convert to a flexible term rate, a medium-term rate, or a fixed rate by written notice at least 25 days in advance of the proposed conversion date. The current variable rate is determined weekly based on the lowest interest rate necessary to enable the remarketing of the bonds at par plus accrued interest, as determined by the remarketing agent, and shall not exceed an annual rate of 12%. At June 30, 2017, the rate of interest was 0.90%.

A summary of outstanding general obligation bonds follows:

Purpose of Issue	Date of Issue	Effective Interest Rate	Amount Issued	Principal Outstanding June 30, 2017
Governmental Activities				
School Building	06-24-04	Variable Rate %	\$ 15,000,000	9,000,000
	06-24-04	Variable Rate	15,000,000	9,000,000
	04-01-07	3.9543	11,300,000	2,050,000
	04-19-07	Variable Rate	30,000,000	20,750,000
	09-17-08	4.1701	23,850,000	2,650,000
	09-02-10	4.9860	26,405,000	26,405,000
Community College	04-01-07	3.9543	4,400,000	900,000
	01-09-13	2.4014	5,000,000	4,100,000
Educational Facilities	06-23-09	3.7687	13,200,000	3,300,000
Library	11-05-14	2.4617	34,000,000	31,600,000
Public Improvement	09-16-08	4.1175	3,150,000	350,000
	09-01-10	2.0350	14,225,000	5,680,000
	09-02-10	2.0350	36,615,000	9,160,000
	09-02-10	3.1682	80,380,000	80,380,000
	01-08-13	2.2334	13,750,000	11,450,000
	11-04-14	2.4455	13,550,000	12,550,000
	03-14-17	2.8348	20,535,000	20,535,000
	03-15-17	3.1155	102,610,000	102,610,000
Refunding	09-16-09	2.5103	42,870,000	16,995,000
	09-02-10	2.0350	50,295,000	38,005,000
	01-09-13	1.7692	35,090,000	32,960,000
	01-28-15	1.8425	72,245,000	72,245,000
Totals			\$ 663,470,000	512,675,000

Of the \$402,920,000 public improvement bonds outstanding, \$42,028,576 funded County facilities and capital projects, \$320,005,623 funded School facilities, and \$40,885,801 funded Community College facilities.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 34,955,000	20,961,781	55,916,781
2019	34,215,000	19,563,438	53,778,438
2020	33,800,000	18,142,567	51,942,567
2021	33,645,000	16,746,613	50,391,613
2022	33,545,000	15,423,097	48,968,097
2023 - 2027	168,370,000	54,799,796	223,169,796
2028 - 2032	125,550,000	20,356,933	145,906,933
2033 - 2037	48,595,000	4,410,631	53,005,631
Totals	\$ 512,675,000	170,404,856	683,079,856

There are \$348,255,000 in authorized but unissued general obligation bonds at June 30, 2017.

Conduit Debt Obligations Forsyth County Industrial Facility and Pollution Control Financing Authority has issued industrial revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private businesses for economic development purposes. These bonds are secured by the properties financed as well as by letters of credit and are payable solely from payments received from the private businesses involved. Ownership of the acquired facilities is in the name of the private business served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the Authority, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2017, there were two series of industrial revenue bonds outstanding, with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$17,419,232.

Purpose of Issue	Outstanding June 30, 2017
Governmental Activities	
Issued May 31, 2012 to finance County facility renovation and construction; interest varies from 2.00% to 5.00%	\$ 13,030,000
Issued December 22, 2009 to finance County facility renovation and construction; interest varies from 3.00% to 5.00%	9,750,000
Total	\$ 22,780,000

Dringinal

Debt service requirements to maturity for limited obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 1,565,000	1,036,300	2,601,300
2019	1,565,000	981,850	2,546,850
2020	1,565,000	927,400	2,492,400
2021	1,565,000	861,050	2,426,050
2022	1,565,000	794,700	2,359,700
2023 - 2027	7,825,000	2,925,600	10,750,600
2028 - 2032	6,320,000	1,037,500	7,357,500
2033 - 2037	810,000	40,500	850,500
Total	\$ 22,780,000	8,604,900	31,384,900

Principal and interest requirements for limited obligation bonds are provided by a General Fund appropriation in the year in which they are due.

Installment Purchases As authorized by State law, the County has entered into installment financing agreements, for which interest is payable semiannually, as follows:

Purpose of Issue	Date of Issue	Interest Rate	Amount Issued	Principal Outstanding June 30, 2017
Governmental Activities				
Refunding	01-22-2014	2.47 %	\$ 8,230,000	6,035,000
Refunding	10-01-2015	1.90	29,720,000	25,160,000
Totals			\$ 37,950,000	31,195,000

Annual maturities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 5,365,000	582,930	5,947,930
2019	5,440,000	476,112	5,916,112
2020	4,525,000	377,331	4,902,331
2021	4,595,000	286,682	4,881,682
2022	4,660,000	194,731	4,854,731
2023 - 2027	6,610,000	194,180	6,804,180
Total	\$ 31,195,000	2,111,966	33,306,966

As of June 30, 2017, the County's legal debt limit was \$2,686,948,043, computed at 8% of the total appraised property valuation of \$33,586,850,539. With \$543,957,057 in County, School, and Community College bonds outstanding at June 30, 2017 and \$55,701,734 committed under certificates of participation, limited obligation bonds and installment purchases, the County could issue additional bonds up to \$2,087,287,252 if authorized.

Debt Related to Capital Activities. Of the total governmental activities debt only \$119,407,982 relates to assets the County holds title. Unspent restricted cash related to this debt is \$27,320,954.

4j. Fund Balances

The following are details of the governmental funds fund balances as of June 30, 2017:

	General Fund	2011 Library Fund	2016 Schools Facilities Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable – prepaid items	\$ 122,250				122,250
Restricted:					
State statute reserve	25,561,762	794	162,332	936,621	26,661,509
Encumbrance reserve	3,269,086	3,267,374		2,588,627	9,125,087
Total Stabilization by State Statute	28,830,848	3,268,168	162,332	3,525,248	35,786,596
Register of Deeds	1,385,894				1,385,894
Law Enforcement	229,064			1,264,773	1,493,837
Human Services	2,171,210			303,999	2,475,209
Soil and Water Conservation	27,284				27,284
Capital Projects		11,244,010	83,412,506	42,539,366	137,195,882
Fire Protection				603,758	603,758
Emergency Telephone System				500,453	500,453
Community and Economic Development	t			242,286	242,286
Total Restricted	32,644,300	14,512,178	83,574,838	48,979,883	179,711,199
Committed:					
Education Debt Leveling Plans	18,920,216				18,920,216
Library Debt Leveling Plan	1,905,301				1,905,301
Public Improvement Debt Leveling Plan	2,009,829				2,009,829
Law enforcement	872,933				872,933
Economic development	11,035,323				11,035,323
Capital projects		4,580		7,410,875	7,415,455
Total Committed	34,743,602	4,580		7,410,875	42,159,057
Assigned:					
Subsequent Year Budget	9,176,989				9,176,989
Human Services	552,986				552,986
Capital Maintenance Projects	2,100,000				2,100,000
Management Special Projects	7,187,720				7,187,720
Total Assigned	19,017,695				19,017,695
Unassigned	59,556,713			(93,996)	59,462,717
Total Fund Balances	\$ 146,084,560	14,516,758	83,574,838	56,296,762	300,472,918

Subsequent Years Budget Appropriation. The following schedule provides information on the portion of restricted and committed fund balance that has been appropriated in the general fund budget for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018:

	Subsequent Year's Budget Appropriation	Unappropriated Fund Balance	Total
Restricted:			
Register of Deeds	\$ 22,619	1,363,275	1,385,894
Public Safety	229,064		229,064
Human Services	47,111	256,052	303,163
Committed:			
Education Debt Leveling Plans	5,049,021	13,871,195	18,920,216
Library Debt Leveling Plan	306,438	1,598,863	1,905,301

5. Other Information

5a. Pension Costs

North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. Forsyth County is a participating employer in the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G. S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, visiting their website at www.osc.nc.gov, or calling (919) 981-5454.

Benefits Provided. LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly survivor's alternate benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are law enforcement officers (LEO) are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly survivor's alternate benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Funding Policy. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Plan members are required to contribute 6.0% of their annual covered salary. The County is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers is 7.25% and 8.00%, respectively, of annual covered payroll. The County's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2017, 2016, and 2015 were \$6,435,317, \$5,736,808, and \$5,880,990, respectively. The contributions made by the County equaled the required contributions for each year.

County employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) Pension

At June 30, 2017, the County reported a liability of \$29,287,603 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the County's proportion was 1. 380%, which was a decrease of .020% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$7,834,963. At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 550,263	1,026,249
Changes of assumptions	2,005,938	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	16,192,348	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	111,475	309,143
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	6,435,317	
Totals	\$ 25,295,341	1,335,392

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2018	\$ 2,606,851
2019	2,609,968
2020	7,685,129
2021	4,622,684
Total	\$ 17,524,632

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc cost of living adjustment amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2016 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected real rate of return
Fixed income	29.0 %	1.4 %
Global equity	42.0	5.3
Real estate	8.0	4.3
Alternatives	8.0	8.9
Credit	7.0	6.0
Inflation protection	6.0	4.0
Total	100.0 %	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount			
		1% Decrease (6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)
County's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	69,513,105	29,287,603	(4,311,758)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance

Plan Description. Forsyth County administers a public employee retirement plan (the Separation Allowance), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the County's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

All full-time County law enforcement officers are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2015, the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Total	266
Active plan members	221
Retirees currently receiving benefits	45

Benefits Provided. The Separation Allowance is equal to .85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly.

Funding Policy. The County is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay-as-you-go basis through appropriations in the General Fund. There are no contributions made by employees. The County's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the County's required and actual benefits paid were \$641,497.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

Basis of Accounting. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance (LEOSSA) Pension

At June 30, 2017, the County reported a total pension liability of \$7,609,011. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016 based on an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$446,352.

At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the LEOSSA pension from the following sources:

	erred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	\$ -	373,892
Benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date	335,161	
Totals	\$ 335,161	373,892

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to LEOSSA pension benefits will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2018	\$ 81,814
2019	81,814
2020	81,814
2021	81,814
2022	46,636
Total	\$ 373,892

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Discount rate 3.86 percent

The discount rate used to determine the total pension liability is the weekly average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index determined at the end of each month.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Mortality tables projected to the valuation date.

Sensitivity of the County's total pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.86 percent, as well as what the County's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.86 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.86 percent) than the current rate:

	 1% Decrease (2.86%)	Discount Rate (3.86%)	1% Increase (4.86%)
County's total pension liability	\$ 8,141,935	7,609,011	7,118,135

Schedule of changes in total pension liability.

\$ 8,159,482
292,100
235,450
-0-
-0-
(455,706)
(622,315)
-0-
(550,471)
\$ 7,609,011
\$ \$

Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description. The County contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the County. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, visiting their website at www.osc.nc.gov, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires that the County contribute each month an amount equal to 5.0% of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, the law enforcement officers may make voluntary contributions to the Plan. The County's contributions for the year ended June 30, 2017 were \$552,536, exclusive of voluntary employee contributions.

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund

Plan Description. The County contributes to the Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF), a noncontributory, defined contribution plan administered by the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer. The RODSPF provides supplemental pension benefits to any eligible county register of deeds who is retired under the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS) or an equivalent locally sponsored plan. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 161 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Registers of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, visiting their website at www.osc.nc.gov or calling (919) 981-5454.

Benefits Provided. An individual's benefits for the year are calculated as a share of accumulated contributions available for benefits for that year, subject to certain statutory limits. An individual's eligibility is based on at least 10 years of service as a register of deeds with the individual's share increasing with years of service. Because of the statutory limits noted above, not all contributions available for benefits are distributed.

Funding Policy. On a monthly basis, the County remits to the Department of State Treasurer an amount equal to 1.5% of the monthly receipts collected pursuant to Article 1 of North Carolina General Statute Chapter 161. The statutory contribution currently has no relationship to the actuarial required contribution. The actuarially determined contribution this year and for the foreseeable future is zero. Registers of Deeds do not contribute. Immediately following January 1 of each year, the Department of State Treasurer divides 93% of the amount in the RODSPF at the end of the preceding calendar year into equal shares, up to the statutory maximum, to be disbursed as monthly benefits. The remaining 7% of the fund's assets may be used by the State Treasurer in administering the fund. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the County's required and actual contributions were \$34,426.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund (RODSPF)

At June 30, 2017, the County reported an asset of \$740,482 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The County's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the County's share of contributions to the pension plan, relative to contributions to the pension plan of all participating RODSPF employers. At June 30, 2016, the County's proportion was 3.961%, which was an increase of .032% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2015.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of \$43,486. At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 781	9,562
Changes of assumptions	197,277	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on pension plan investments	1,268	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	11,427
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	34,426	
Totals	\$ 233,752	20,989

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the net pension asset in the subsequent fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2018	\$ 71,881
2019	80,976
2020	33,745
2021	(8,265)
Total	\$ 178,337

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.75 percent, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 3.75 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2015 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc cost of living adjustment amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The adopted asset allocation policy for the RODSPF is 100% in the fixed income asset class. The best estimate of arithmetic real rate of return for the fixed income asset class as of June 30, 2016 is 1.4%.

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.05%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 3.75 percent, as well as what the

County's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount			
_		1% Decrease (2.75%)	Rate (3.75%)	1% Increase (4.75%)
County's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	(597,059)	(740,482)	(860,953)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the State of North Carolina.

5b. Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB)

Healthcare, Life Insurance, and Death Benefits

Plan Description. Forsyth County administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Plan (the Plan). The Board of County Commissioners established and may amend the benefit provisions of the Plan.

As of July 1, 2007, the Plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the County until they reach age 65 or are eligible for Medicare, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and (1) have at least 5 years of creditable service with the County if employed prior to July 1, 2007; (2) have at least twenty years of creditable service with the County if employed on or after July 1, 2007. Coverage on eligible dependents that are on the retiree's policy the day before retirement may be continued until eligibility ceases. Based on level of coverage, the County pays between 68.8% and 87.9% of the established premium cost, and the retiree pays the same premium as active employees.

All employees that retire with fifteen or more continuous years of full-time service, other than those that retire under a disability retirement, are eligible to receive a benefit in the amount of \$2,000 in the event of death. This benefit is provided at no cost to the retiree.

Those members that retire under a disability retirement are entitled to a life insurance benefit equal to one and a half times salary at the time they retire, subject to age reductions. The County pays the full cost of the life insurance premium.

The County has elected to partially pay the future overall cost of coverage for these benefits. A separate report was not issued for the Plan.

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2016, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Total	2,797
Active plan members	1,870
Retirees currently receiving benefits	927

Contributions. The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the Board of County Commissioners. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements and an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually by the Board of County Commissioners.

The County pays the full costs of retiree death benefits and life insurance for disability retirees, which were \$18,000 and \$9,998, respectively, for fiscal year 2017. The monthly cost of healthcare benefits is shared by the County and covered retirees, respectively, as follows: retiree-only coverage, \$731 and \$101; retiree and one dependent, \$909 and \$285; and retiree and more than one dependent, \$1,271 and \$576. For fiscal year 2017, the County contributed \$2,850,789 for healthcare benefits, and retiree Plan members contributed \$473,334. Additionally, the County contributed \$1,600,000 to prefund benefits.

Investments. The allocation of invested assets is determined by an Investment Advisory Committee established by the County's Chief Financial Officer. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by the Plan's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	10 year expected geometric real rate of return
Equity index fund	65%	6.89%
Bond index fund	25%	1.41%
Short-term investment fund	10%	2.11%

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the money weighted annual rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 22.17 percent.

Net OPEB Liability. The components of the net OPEB liability at June 30, 2017 are:

Net OPEB liability	\$ 58,854,709
Plan fiduciary net position	21,899,494
Total OPEB liability	\$ 80,754,203

The ratio of plan fiduciary net position to total OPEB liability is 27.12 percent.

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Real wage growth	0.50 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation:	
General employees	3.50 – 7.75 percent
Firefighters	3.50 – 7.75 percent
Law enforcement officers	3.50 – 7.35 percent
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	
plan investment expense, including price inflation	5.86 percent
Municipal bond index rate:	
Prior measurement date	3.01 percent
Measurement date	3.56 percent
Year fiduciary net position to be depleted:	
Prior measurement date	N/A
Measurement date	N/A

Single equivalent interest rate, net of OPEB plan Investment expense, including price inflation:

Prior measurement date 5.86 percent Measurement date 5.86 percent

Health care cost trends:

Pre-Medicare 7.75 percent for 2016 decreasing to an ultimate rate

of 5.00 percent by 2022

The total OPEB liability was rolled forward to June 30, 2017, utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for Local Government Employees Retirement System experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 – December 31, 2014, adopted by the Local Government Employees Retirement System.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.86 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the County pays benefits directly to Plan members as the benefits come due and will contribute an additional \$1,600,000 annually toward the Plan's financial net position. Based on these assumptions, the Plan's financial net position was projected to not be depleted.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Plan's net OPEB liability using the discount rate of 5.86 percent, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.86 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.86 percent) than the current rate:

	Discount		
	1% Decrease (4.86%)	Rate (5.86%)	1% Increase (6.86%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 65,484,610	58,854,709	52,910,934

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trend rates. The following presents the Plan's net OPEB liability using the health care cost trend rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what the Plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

		Discount					
		1% Decrease (6.75%)	Rate (7.75%)	1% Increase (8.75%)			
Net OPEB liability	<u></u>	51.502.891	58.854.709	67.436.915			

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The County's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation for the Plan benefits:

Annual required contribution	\$5,627,638
Interest on net OPEB obligation	535,180
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(506,972)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	5,655,846
Contributions made	(5,625,629)
Decrease in net OPEB obligation	30,217
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	8,919,672
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$8,949,889

The annual required contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 was determined as part of the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 6.00% investment rate of return and (b) projected medical cost increases of 5.0% to 7.75% per year. Item (b) included an inflation component of 3.00%. The assumptions did not include post-retirement benefit increases. The actuarial value of assets was market value. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of pay on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016 was 24 years.

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 and the preceding three years were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
6/30/2015	\$ 5,788,103	102.0%	\$ 10,475,126
6/30/2016	5,370,918	129.0%	8,919,672
6/30/2017	5,655,846	99.5%	8,949,889

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of June 30, 2016, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 25.5% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$70,237,711, and the actuarial value of assets was \$17,900,757, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$52,336,954. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$79,583,427, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 65.8%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The financial statements for the Other Post-Employment Benefit Trust Fund are shown in Exhibits 9 and 10 of the Basic Financial Statements at June 30, 2017.

5c. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees on the job; certain employee, dependent, and retiree health care costs; and natural disasters. These risks of loss are handled through a combination of risk retention and insurance. The County uses the Employee Health Benefits Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its risks of loss for employee, dependent, and retiree health care. Other risks of loss are accounted for in the General Fund.

The County's risk retention program provides coverage for a maximum of \$700,000 for each workers' compensation claim, \$75,000 for each auto liability and general liability claim, \$250,000 for each public officials and law enforcement claim, \$100,000 for each property damage claim, and \$175,000-\$350,000 for each health care claim. The County purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of the retention limits. Two property claims exceeded the County's self-insured retention limit in the last three years for which the commercial carrier paid the excess settlement cost after the County met the retention limit. These property claims are now closed. A commercial carrier paid \$625,982 for excess health care claims during the year.

The County carries commercial flood insurance with maximum coverage of \$15,000,000 per year for property in areas that have been mapped and designated "X" (an area with moderate to minimal flood hazard) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA.) Most of the County's property is located in areas designated "X." The County has some property of lower value located in areas designated "A" (an area close to a river, lake, or stream) by FEMA, and the County has purchased flood insurance with maximum coverage of \$1,000,000 per year for this property.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the County's employees that have access at any given time to \$100 or more of the County's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The chief financial officer and tax collector are individually bonded for \$100,000 and \$150,000, respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$750,000.

Claims liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). For losses other than employee, dependent, and retiree health care costs, the County's actuarially determined claims liability, which does not include non-incremental claims adjustment expenses, is \$1,722,436 at June 30, 2017. It is reported in the Statement of Net Position as a long-term liability, and \$1,037,262 is considered due within one year.

The County's actuarially determined claims liability for employee, dependent, and retiree health care costs is \$2,135,983 at June 30, 2017. It is reported as a current liability in the proprietary fund Statement of Net Position and as a long-term liability, due within one year, in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

The County's risk retention program for employee, dependent, and retiree health care costs, and premiums is maintained at a level to cover future catastrophic losses as well as the actuarially determined claims liability, and also to enable matching revenues and expenses over a reasonable period of time without significant year-to-year increases. The net position of \$4,743,891 in the Employee Health Benefits Fund are designated for these purposes.

Changes in the claims liability amount in fiscal 2015 through fiscal 2017 were as follows:

		Current-Year		
	Beginning	Claims and Changes	Claims	Ending
	Balance	in Estimates	Payments	Balance
2014-2015	\$3,785,587	23,155,653	(23,397,811)	3,543,429
2015-2016	3,543,429	28,319,596	(27,763,582)	4,099,443
2016-2017	4,099,443	22,329,890	(22,570,914)	3,858,419

The County also provided risk management services, contractually, to local agencies and municipalities. There was no transfer or pooling of risks between or among any of the participants, and each participant was completely responsible for (and only responsible for) its own claims liabilities.

5d. Contingent Liabilities

The County has received proceeds from a number of Federal and State of North Carolina grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required, and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial.

The County is involved in several other claims and lawsuits, which it intends to defend vigorously. The County's legal counsel

estimates that any possible liability to the County resulting from such litigation and not covered by insurance would not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County at June 30, 2017.

5e. Related Organization

The County's governing board is responsible for a majority of the board appointments of the Airport Commission of Forsyth County, but the County's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making these appointments. The Airport Commission was established by state statute for the purpose of operating an airport on land owned by the County, and it is funded primarily by airport revenue and federal grants. In fiscal year 2017, Forsyth County provided risk management services totaling \$5,500 to the Airport Commission, and \$1,375 of this amount comprised a receivable at year-end.

5f. Joint Ventures

The County, in conjunction with the State of North Carolina and the Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Board of Education, participates in a joint venture to operate Forsyth Technical Community College. Each of the three participants appoints four members of the thirteen-member board of trustees of the community college. The president of the community college's student government serves as an ex officio nonvoting member of the community college's board of trustees. The community college is included as a component unit of the State. The County has the basic responsibility for providing funding for the facilities of the community college and also provides some financial support for the community college's operations. In addition to providing annual appropriations for the facilities, the County periodically issues general obligation bonds or other debt instruments to provide financing for new facilities. The County has an ongoing financial responsibility for the community college because of the statutory responsibilities to provide funding for the community college's facilities. The County contributed \$9,817,431 and \$3,411,689 to the community college for operating and capital purposes, respectively, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. In addition, the County made debt service payments of \$4,132, 517 during the fiscal year on general obligation bonds and an installment financing agreement issued for community college capital facilities. The participating governments do not have an equity interest in the joint venture; therefore, no equity interest has been reflected in the County's financial statements at June 30, 2017. Complete financial statements for the community college may be obtained from the community college's administrative offices at 2100 Silas Creek Parkway, Winston-Salem, North Carolina 27103.

In conjunction with the City of Winston-Salem and the Greater Winston-Salem Chamber of Commerce, Inc., the County takes part in a joint venture to operate the Forsyth County Tourism Development Authority, which was established pursuant to state statute for the purpose of furthering the development of travel, tourism, and conventions in the County. The Authority board is comprised of nine members of which the County and the City of Winston-Salem each appoint four, and the Chamber appoints one. The Authority receives approximately 61.4% of room occupancy taxes which are levied and collected by the County. For the year ended June 30, 2017, occupancy taxes totaling \$3,500,300 were distributed to the Authority. The County also provided \$21,552 in financial services to the Authority during fiscal year 2017. The participating governments and agency do not have an equity interest in the joint venture, so no equity interest has been reflected in the financial statements at June 30, 2017. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from the Authority's finance officer at Forsyth County Government Center, 201 N. Chestnut Street, Winston-Salem, North Carolina 27101.

5g. Jointly Governed Organizations

The County, in conjunction with eleven other counties and 61 municipalities, is a member of the Piedmont Triad Regional Council (PTRC). The PTRC is a voluntary association of municipal and county governments, enabled by state law to promote regional issues and cooperation among members and to coordinate funding from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The County paid membership fees of \$76,492 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

The County participates with Guilford County and three municipalities in the Piedmont Triad International Airport Authority which operates the airport of the same name. Each participating government has one appointment to the seven-member board except Guilford County, which has three appointments. The County made no payments to the Airport Authority in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

5h. Change in Accounting Principles

The County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. Statement 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The County's Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance pension falls under the scope of Statement 73. The implementation of the statement required the County to reverse a beginning net pension asset of \$294,709 under prior standards, and record a pension liability of \$8,159,482 and deferred outflow of resources for County contributions made during the measurement period (12-month period ending December 31, 2016) of \$622,931. As a result, net position for the governmental activities decreased \$7,831,260.

As the provisions of Statement No. 73 were effective July 1, 2016, net position as of that date has been adjusted as follows:

	Activities
Net position - beginning, previously reported Adjustments:	\$ (143,716,243)
Prepaid pension benefit	(294,709)
Net pension liability, beginning	(7,536,551)
Net Position - beginning, restated	\$ (151,547,503)

The County also implemented GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, for the Healthcare Benefits Plan. The implementation of this statement resulted in certain changes to note disclosures related to the County's Other Postemployment Benefit Trust, but had no effect on net position.

Required Supplementary Schedules

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System – Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System - Schedule of Employer Contributions

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance – Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability (Asset)

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance – Schedule of Total Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll

Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance - Notes to the Required Schedules

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund – Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

Register of Deeds' Supplemental Pension Fund – Schedule of Employer Contributions

Healthcare Plan – Schedule of Funding Progress

Healthcare Plan – Schedule of Employer Contributions

Healthcare Plan – Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Healthcare Plan – Schedule of the Net OPEB Liability

Healthcare Plan – Schedule of Investment Returns

Healthcare Plan – Notes to the Required Schedules



LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Four Fiscal Years (see Note 1 below)

	<u>2017</u>			<u>2016</u> <u>2015</u>				<u>2014</u>	
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		1.380	%	1.400	%	(1.394)	%	1.454	%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	29,287,603		6,283,987		(7,691,093))	17,531,105	
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	84,323,090		82,451,507		81,718,579		81,535,693	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		34.73	%	7.62	%	-9.41	%	21.50	%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		91.47	%	98.09	%	102.64	%	94.35	%

¹ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30. This data is presented for those years that information is available.

LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ¹

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

	2017		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	
Contractually required contribution	\$ 6,435,317		5,736,808		5,880,990		5,791,279	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 6,435,317	- · = :	5,736,808	- ·	5,880,990	- ·	5,791,279	
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 86,954,681		84,323,090		82,451,507		81,718,579	
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	7.40	%	6.80	%	7.13	%	7.09	%

¹ This data is presented for those years that information is available.

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) 1

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

<u>2017</u>
292,100
235,450
(455,706)
(622,315)
(550,471)
8,159,482
7,609,011
•

¹ This data is presented for those years that information is available.

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL 1

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017

Total Pension Liability \$ 7,609,011

Covered-employee payroll \$ 10,680,124

Total Pension Liability as a percent of 71,24 %

Notes to the Required Schedules:

covered-employee payroll

- (1) No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 73 nor does the Plan provide pay related benefits.
- (2) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior December 31.
- (3) The Discount Rate has changed from 3.00% to 3.86%, which is the Municipal Bond Rate as of December 31, 2016.

¹ This data is presented for those years that information is available.

REGISTER OF DEEDS' SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Four Fiscal Years (see Note 1 below)

	<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>		<u>2014</u>	
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	3.961	%	3.929	%	3.869	%	3.798	%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (740,482)		(910,408) (877,0		(877,043	43) (811))
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 97,488		90,114		87,044		83,168	
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	(759.56)	%	(1010.28)	%	(1007.59)	%	(975.32)	%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	160.17	%	197.29	%	102.64	%	190.5	%

¹ The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30. This data is presented for those years that information is available.

REGISTER OF DEEDS' SUPPLEMENTAL PENSION FUND

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ¹

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	34,426	32,356	31,436	31,593
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		34,426	32,356	31,436	31,593
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u> </u>		=	-
	_				
Covered-employee payroll	\$	100,962	97,488	90,114	87,044
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		34.10 %	33.19 %	34.88 %	36.30 %

¹ This data is presented for those years that information is available.

HEALTHCARE PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Actuarial Accrued

	Actuarial	L	iability (AAL) -	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Value of	F	Projected Unit	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Valuation	Assets		Credit	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll	Covered Payroll
<u>Date</u>	<u>(a)</u>		<u>(b)</u>	<u>(b-a)</u>	<u>(a/b)</u>	<u>(c)</u>	<u>((b-a)/c)</u>
12/31/2012	\$ 9,915,644	\$	63,379,261	\$ 53,463,617	15.64 %	\$ 81,541,641	65.57 %
12/31/2014	16,092,613		64,270,831	48,178,218	25.04	82,304,632	58.54
6/30/2016	17,900,757		70,237,711	52,336,954	25.49	79,583,427	65.76

HEALTHCARE PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ¹

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Contributions in									Actua	ıl
relation to the					Annual		contribution			
Fiscal	Actuarially Actuarially			contribution			as a percentage			
Year		Determined		Determined		deficiency		Covered	of cove	red
Ending	<u>Contribution</u> <u>Contribution</u>		<u>Contribution</u>	(excess)			<u>Payroll</u>	payro	<u>II</u>	
6/30/2016	\$	5,321,271	\$	6,926,372	\$	(1,605,101)	\$	79,583,427	8.70	%
6/30/2017		5,627,638		5,625,629		2,009		79,583,427	7.07	

 $^{^{\ 1}}$ This data is presented for those years that information is available.

HEALTHCARE PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY 1

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the fiscal year ended June 30,

		<u>2017</u>
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY		
Service Cost	\$	2,876,639
Interest on total OPEB liability		4,422,422
Benefit payments	_	(4,025,629)
Net change in total OPEB liability	_	3,273,432
Total OPEB liability - beginning	_	77,480,771
Total OPEB liability - ending	-	80,754,203
DI ANI FIDUCIA DV NIFT DOCITION	•	
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION		
Contributions - employer	\$	5,625,629
Net investment income		2,398,737
Benefit payments	_	(4,025,629)
Net change in Plan fiduciary net position	_	3,998,737
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	_	17,900,757
Plan fiduciary net position - ending		21,899,494
NET OPEB LIABILITY	\$	58,854,709

¹ This data is presented for those years that information is available.

HEALTHCARE PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY ¹

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the fiscal year ended June 30,

		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>							
TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY	\$	80,754,203	\$	77,480,771							
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION	_	21,899,494	_	17,900,757	_						
NET OPEB LIABILITY	•	58,854,709	_'	59,580,014	-						
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage											
of the total OPEB liability	, -	27.12	%	23.10	%						
Covered payroll	\$	79,583,427	\$	79,583,427							
Net OPEB liability as a percentage											
of covered payroll		73.95	%	74.86	%						

¹ This data is presented for those years that information is available.

HEALTHCARE PLAN

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS ¹

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

<u>2017</u> <u>2016</u>

Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses

22.17 % 2.79 %

Notes to the Required Schedules: The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows.

Valuation date 06/30/2016

Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit

Amortization method Level percentage of pay, closed

Remaining amortization period 24 years

Asset valuation method Market value of Assets

Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return* 6.00%

Medical cost trend rate 7.750% - 5.00%

Year of ultimate trend rate 2022
*Includes inflation at 3.00%

 $^{^{\}mbox{\scriptsize 1}}$ This data is presented for those years that information is available.

Major Governmental Funds

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with government that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in other funds.

Major Capital Project Funds

2011 Library Bond Fund – This fund accounts for the planning, design and construction of library facilities.

2016 School Facilities Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction of and renovation to school facilities and the related acquisition of land, furnishings and equipment, financed by proceeds of school facilities bonds authorized by a 2016 referendum.

GENERAL FUND A-1

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Page 1 of 3

		Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with	
		Original Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget	
Revenues:		<u>Original</u>	<u> </u>	Actual Amounts	1 mai baaget	
Taxes:						
Property:						
Current year	\$ 2	40,528,894	240,528,894	244,122,422	3,593,528	
Prior years	2 ب	2,100,000	2,100,000	1,433,787	(666,213)	
Interest and fees		850,000	850,000	956,694	106,694	
		43,478,894			3,034,009	
Total property			243,478,894	246,512,903		
Occupancy taxes		625,000	625,000	787,567	162,567	
Local option sales:		20.460.557	20 460 557	20.040.626	(4, 420, 024)	
Article 39 one cent		30,469,557	30,469,557	29,048,626	(1,420,931)	
Article 40 one-half cent		14,608,643	14,608,643	15,447,525	838,882	
Article 42 one-half cent		16,796,110	16,796,110	17,477,573	681,463	
Article 44 one-half cent		-		9,783	9,783	
Total sales		61,874,310	61,874,310	61,983,507	109,197	
Other taxes		355,000	355,000	475,501	120,501	
Total taxes	3	306,333,204	306,333,204	309,759,478	3,426,274	
Licenses and permits		930,853	930,853	837,632	(93,221)	
Intergovernmental		57,394,144	58,748,928	53,813,420	(4,935,508)	
Charges for services		23,587,335	23,587,335	22,091,047	(1,496,288)	
Investment earnings		567,100	567,100	1,106,281	539,181	
Other		11,925,524	12,141,317	8,273,030	(3,868,287)	
Total revenues	4	00,738,160	402,308,737	395,880,888	(6,427,849)	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Budget and management		513,909	574,473	490,577	83,896	
Management information services		6,825,447	6,972,792	5,838,300	1,134,492	
Finance		2,454,987	2,638,445	2,386,587	251,858	
General services		13,390,989	13,879,217	12,679,355	1,199,862	
Human resources		965,237	1,006,384	954,349	52,035	
Planning		1,490,250	1,490,250	1,417,326	72,924	
Purchasing		108,890	108,890	110,707	(1,817)	
MapForsyth		771,698	863,165	771,547	91,618	
Attorney		1,458,527	1,491,122	1,526,736	(35,614)	
Board of elections		1,246,019	1,580,544	1,550,235	30,309	
County commissioners and manager		1,130,687	1,144,227	1,133,851	10,376	
Register of deeds		1,294,927	1,342,271	1,309,300	32,971	
Tax administration		6,301,828	8,022,735	6,622,779	1,399,956	
Non-departmental:		0,301,828	0,022,733	0,022,779	1,399,930	
		E 6 E 000	04 201		04 201	
Contingency		565,000	94,291	150,000	94,291	
Aid to other governmental agencies		175,000	175,000	150,000	25,000	
County-wide salary savings		(2,544,000)	(2,544,000)	-	(2,544,000)	
Other services and adjustments		3,702,465	2,155,060	1,609,281	545,779	
Budget reserve - debt leveling		2,009,829	2,009,829	-	2,009,829	
Merit adjustment		2,916,414	2,639,914	-	2,639,914	
Prior year encumbrances		2,000,000	-	-	-	
Special appropriations		190,000	1,840,000	489,158	1,350,842	
Total general government		46,968,103	47,484,609	39,040,088	8,444,521	

GENERAL FUND A-1

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Page 2 of 3

		Budgeted A		Variance with		
				A at. al A ata		
- III - 6 -		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Final Budget	
Public safety:		2 404 207	2.466.607	4.047.244	240.452	
Animal control	\$	2,104,287	2,166,697	1,917,244	249,453	
Emergency management		382,110	382,110	357,239	24,871	
Interagency communications		1,273,872	1,288,399	1,169,507	118,892	
Sheriff		47,075,832	48,284,264	45,756,570	2,527,694	
Emergency services		19,056,578	19,653,893	16,850,300	2,803,593	
Court services		500,737	529,600	475,243	54,357	
Medical examiner		304,950	304,950	366,300	(61,350)	
Youth center		1,005,908	1,064,884	1,100,814	(35,930)	
Nondepartmental other services and adjustments	_	1,482,282	1,482,282	1,555,273	(72,991)	
Total public safety	_	73,186,556	75,157,079	69,548,490	5,608,589	
Environmental protection:						
NC cooperative extension service - conservation of						
natural resources		192,165	194,756	159,103	35,653	
Environmental assistance and protection		2,418,308	2,518,138	2,296,883	221,255	
Inspections		307,270	307,270	31,578	275,692	
Nondepartmental other services and adjustments		8,859	8,859	9,503	(644)	
Total environmental protection	_	2,926,602	3,029,023	2,497,067	531,956	
Human services:						
Public health		23,767,757	24,573,317	21,269,708	3,303,609	
Social services		55,929,826	57,515,702	52,260,472	5,255,230	
Aging services		624,630	624,630	582,374	42,256	
Special appropriations		46,520	46,520	46,520	-	
Nondepartmental other services and adjustments		710,105	710,105	757,054	(46,949)	
Total human services	_	81,078,838	83,470,274	74,916,128	8,554,146	
Culture and recreation:			_			
Library		7,591,046	7,957,479	7,057,175	900,304	
Parks and recreation		7,920,482	8,053,667	7,430,314	623,353	
Special appropriations		320,000	320,000	320,000	-	
Nondepartmental other services and adjustments		243,960	243,960	257,252	(13,292)	
Total culture and recreation	_	16,075,488	16,575,106	15,064,741	1,510,365	
	_	10,073,488	10,373,100	13,004,741	1,310,303	
Community and economic development:		2 027 516	0 120 271	2 042 220	F 177 022	
Economic development		3,027,516	8,120,271	2,943,238	5,177,033	
Housing		541,298	634,150	547,296	86,854	
Nondepartmental other services and adjustments	_	8,859	8,859	9,257	(398)	
Total community and economic development	_	3,577,673	8,763,280	3,499,791	5,263,489	
Education:						
NC cooperative extension service		908,221	923,053	771,613	151,440	
Nondepartmental other services and adjustments	_	34,496	34,496	36,043	(1,547)	
Total education	_	942,717	957,549	807,656	149,893	
Intergovernmental:						
Human services - CenterPoint Human Services Education:	_	6,148,706	5,888,860	1,948,784	3,940,076	
Forsyth Technical Community College:						
Current expense		9,732,122	9,818,431	9,817,431	1,000	
Capital outlay		455,000	455,000	455,000	=	
Total Forsyth Technical Community College		10,187,122	10,273,431	10,272,431	1,000	
	_					

GENERAL FUND A-1

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Page 3 of 3

		<u>Budgeted</u>		Variance with	
		Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Final Budget
Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools:					
Instructional programs	\$	64,527,057	64,527,057	64,527,057	-
Support services		43,048,773	43,048,773	43,048,773	-
Community services		393,461	393,461	393,461	-
Charter schools		5,553,870	5,553,870	5,553,870	-
Capital outlay	_	6,142,913	6,142,913	6,142,913	
Total Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools	_	119,666,074	119,666,074	119,666,074	
Total intergovernmental education	_	129,853,196	129,939,505	129,938,505	1,000
Debt service:					
General obligation bonds:					
Principal		32,400,000	32,400,000	32,400,000	-
Interest and other charges		17,647,009	17,647,009	17,019,015	627,994
Limited obligation bonds, installment purchases					
and certificates of participation:					
Principal		6,784,853	6,784,853	6,784,853	-
Interest and other charges		1,782,082	1,782,082	1,774,482	7,600
Total debt service	-	58,613,944	58,613,944	57,978,350	635,594
Total expenditures	-	419,371,823	429,879,229	395,239,600	34,639,629
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(18,633,663)	(27,570,492)	641,288	28,211,780
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in:					
Fire Tax Districts Fund		1,854,834	1,854,834	1,830,176	(24,658)
Law Enforcement Equitable Distribution Fund		99,841	231,480	118,545	(112,935)
State Public School Building Capital Fund		3,675,300	3,675,300	3,744,842	69,542
2012 Pay-Go Fund		-		10,826	10,826
2014 Motive Equipment Replacement Fund		_	_	57,551	57,551
2015 Pay-Go Fund		_	_	23,447	23,447
2013 Housing Fund		_	_	85	85
Total transfers in	-	5,629,975	5,761,614	5,785,472	23,858
Transfers out:		3,023,373	3,701,011	3,703,172	23,030
2016 Motive Equipment Replacement Fund		(1,636,000)	(1,513,000)	(1,513,000)	_
2016 Pay-Go Fund		(2,000,000)	(4,200,876)	(4,200,876)	_
2017 Housing Fund		(26,205)	(26,250)	(26,250)	_
2014 WSFCS Capital Maintenance Fund		(1,735,000)	(1,735,000)	(1,735,000)	_
Total transfers out	_	(3,397,205)	(7,475,126)	(7,475,126)	
	-				
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	2,232,770	(1,713,512)	(1,689,654)	23,858
Net change in fund balance	\$ _	(16,400,893)	(29,284,004)	(1,048,366)	28,235,638
Fund balances - June 30, 2016				147,132,926	
Fund balances - June 30, 2017			\$	146,084,560	

2011 LIBRARY BOND FUND

A-2

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budget	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues:					
Investment earnings	\$	-	184,350	104,541	79,809
Other revenues	_	201,849	212,139	116,550	95,589
Total revenues		201,849	396,489	221,091	175,398
Expenditures:					
Debt service - interest and other charges		143,000	130,036	-	130,036
Capital outlay - culture and recreation					
Library planning		240,000	235,420	-	235,420
Library projects	_	41,813,300	24,285,825	15,053,283	9,232,542
Total expenditures		42,196,300	24,651,281	15,053,283	9,597,998
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(41,994,451)	(24,254,792)	(14,832,192)	(9,422,600)
Other financing sources:					
General obligation bonds issued		40,000,000	34,000,000	-	34,000,000
Premium on general obligation bonds		143,000	2,920,099	-	2,920,099
Transfer from General Fund		1,611,451	1,611,451	-	1,611,451
Transfer from 2008 Pay-Go fund	_	240,000	240,000		240,000
Total other financing sources		41,994,451	38,771,550	-	38,771,550
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	14,516,758	(14,832,192)	29,348,950
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				29,348,950	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			\$	14,516,758	

2016 SCHOOLS FACILITIES FUND

A-3

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Revenues - investment earnings	\$ <u>Budget</u> 813,953	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017 162,097	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017 162,097	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Expenditures:				
Debt service - interest and other charges	813,953	251,143	251,143	-
Current - intergovernmental - education	350,000,000	3,836,607	3,836,607	-
Total expenditures	350,813,953	4,087,750	4,087,750	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(350,000,000)	(3,925,653)	(3,925,653)	
Other financing sources:				
General obligation bonds issued	350,000,000	83,519,767	83,519,767	-
Premium on general obligation bonds	-	3,980,724	3,980,724	-
Total other financing sources	350,000,000	87,500,491	87,500,491	-
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	83,574,838	83,574,838	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016			_	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017		\$	83,574,838	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Fire Tax Districts Fund – This fund is used to account for property tax collections and other revenue sources for distribution to the County's twenty-three fire tax districts and one service district.

Law Enforcement Equitable Distribution Fund – This fund is used to account for the expenditure of funds distributed to the County through the federal Equitable Sharing Program and from the North Carolina unauthorized substance tax. Expenditures are restricted to law enforcement purposes.

Emergency Telephone System Fund – The Emergency Telephone System Fund accounts for distributions to the County from the 911 Fund administered by the State 911 Board. Use of the funds is restricted to allowable expenditures in support of the County 911 system, as specified by State statute.

Moser Bequest for Care of Elderly – This fund accounts for the bequest of Odis Moser to the Forsyth County Social Services Department, the use of which is restricted for the care of the elderly.

State Public School Building Capital Fund – This fund is used to account for capital expenditures by the Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools, financed by grant monies from the State Public School Building Capital Fund, transfers from the Schools Facilities Funds, and lottery proceeds, and for transfers to the General Fund of lottery proceeds approved to fund debt service.

2013 Housing Fund – This fund accounts for the use of state and federal grants initiated in fiscal year 2013 for rehabilitation and reconstruction of substandard dwellings in Forsyth County, down-payment assistance for Forsyth County citizens who meet eligibility requirements, and other housing rehabilitation and first-time home buyer related purposes.

2014 Housing Fund – This fund accounts for the use of state and federal grants initiated in fiscal year 2014 for rehabilitation and reconstruction of substandard dwellings in Forsyth County, down-payment assistance for Forsyth County citizens who meet eligibility requirements, and other housing rehabilitation and first-time home buyer related purposes.

2015 Housing Fund – This fund accounts for the use of state and federal grants initiated in fiscal year 2015 for rehabilitation and reconstruction of substandard dwellings in Forsyth County, down-payment assistance for Forsyth County citizens who meet eligibility requirements, and other housing rehabilitation and first-time home buyer related purposes.

2016 Housing Fund – This fund accounts for the use of state and federal grants initiated in fiscal year 2016 for rehabilitation and reconstruction of substandard dwellings in Forsyth County, down-payment assistance for Forsyth County citizens who meet eligibility requirements, and other housing rehabilitation and first-time home buyer related purposes.

2017 Housing Fund – This fund accounts for the use of state and federal grants initiated in fiscal year 2017 for rehabilitation and reconstruction of substandard dwellings in Forsyth County, down-payment assistance for Forsyth County citizens who meet eligibility requirements, and other housing rehabilitation and first-time home buyer related purposes.

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment.

2009 Phillips Building (Phases 1A and 1B) Fund – The acquisition of an existing building, asbestos abatement, engineering and architectural services, and renovation and rehabilitation of two floors of the building will be funded with proceeds of limited obligation bonds and accounted for in this fund.

2012 2/3rds Bonds Fund – Proceeds of general obligation two-thirds bonds will finance County facility and park maintenance and renovation projects.

2012 Pay-Go Fund – This fund accounts for the upfit of several County facilities, a Law Enforcement Detention Center energy conservation project, and the purchase of special use electric vehicles.

2014 Motive Equipment Replacement Fund – This fund accounts for the purchase of the County's emergency and non-emergency vehicle fleet.

2014 FTCC Carolina Building Renovation Fund – This fund accounts for the renovation of the Carolina Building on the Forsyth Technical Community College campus.

2014 2/3rds Bonds Fund – Proceeds of general obligation two-thirds bonds will finance County facility maintenance and repair and park maintenance projects.

2014 Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools Capital Maintenance Fund – Proceeds of general obligation two-thirds bonds will finance school capital maintenance projects.

2014 Forsyth Technical Community College Capital Maintenance Fund – Proceeds of general obligation two-thirds bonds will finance community college maintenance projects.

2015 Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools Facilities Fund – This fund accounts for the design costs for school replacement projects.

2015 Pay-Go Fund – This fund accounts for community and economic development support, upfit of the sheriff administration building, and financial system upgrade.

2016 Motive Equipment Replacement Fund – This fund accounts for the purchase of the County's emergency and non-emergency vehicle fleet.

2016 New Family Museum Fund – This fund accounts for the sale of surplus property and other revenues to be used to fund the County's contribution toward the design and construction of a new family museum, facilitated by the merger of SciWorks and The Children's Museum.

2016 2/3rds Bonds Fund – Proceeds of general obligation two-thirds bonds will finance County facility maintenance and repair and park maintenance projects.

2016 Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools Capital Maintenance Fund – Proceeds of general obligation two-thirds bonds will finance school capital maintenance projects.

2016 Forsyth Technical Community College Capital Maintenance Fund – Proceeds of general obligation two-thirds bonds will finance community college maintenance projects.

2016 Pay-Go Fund – This fund accounts for community and economic development support, commissioner meeting room technology improvements, and financial system upgrade.

2016 Forsyth Technical Community College Facilities Fund – This fund is used to account for the acquisition, construction, expansion, improvement, renovation and equipment for community college facilities, financed by proceeds of community college facilities general obligation bonds authorized by a 2016 referendum.

2016 Parks and Recreation Facilities Fund – This fund is used to account for the acquisition, construction, expansion, improvement, renovation and equipment for parks and recreational facilities, financed by proceeds of parks and recreation facilities general obligation bonds authorized by a 2016 referendum.

2017 Court Facilities Fund – Proceeds of general obligation two-thirds bonds will finance acquisition, construction, expansion, improvement, renovation and equipment for courthouse buildings and facilities.

2017 Idols Road Business Park Fund – This fund accounts for infrastructure development at the business park.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA June 30, 2017

		Special <u>Revenue</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	3,072,594	25,093,480	28,166,074
Investments - restricted		-	27,768,957	27,768,957
Receivables (net):				
Property taxes		58,090	-	58,090
Other		-	-	-
Accrued interest		1,199	2,975	4,174
Due from other governments	_	711,966	220,481	932,447
Total assets	\$	3,843,849	53,085,893	56,929,742
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	47,317	484,077	531,394
Due to other governments		-	-	-
Due to other funds		40,613	-	40,613
Unearned revenue	_	2,883		2,883
Total liabilities	_	90,813	484,077	574,890
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable taxes		58,090	-	58,090
Unavailable other revenue	_			
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	58,090		58,090
Fund balances:				
Restricted for:				
Stabilization by state statute		873,673	2,651,575	3,525,248
Fire protection		603,758	-	603,758
Law enforcement		1,264,773	-	1,264,773
Emergency telephone system		500,453	-	500,453
Human services		303,999	-	303,999
Housing and community redevelopment		242,286	-	242,286
Capital projects		-	42,539,366	42,539,366
Committed for capital projects		-	7,410,875	7,410,875
Unassigned	_	(93,996)		(93,996)
Total fund balances	_	3,694,946	52,601,816	56,296,762
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	_			
resources and fund balances	\$_	3,843,849	53,085,893	56,929,742

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COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special	Capital	
	<u>Revenue</u>	<u>Projects</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:			
Taxes:			
Property	\$ 7,844,084	-	7,844,084
Local option sales taxes	 1,858,153		1,858,153
Total taxes	 9,702,237	-	9,702,237
Intergovernmental	4,863,581	1,164,103	6,027,684
Charges for services	-	14,782	14,782
Investment earnings	27,575	175,096	202,671
Other	72,696	168,615	241,311
Total revenues	14,666,089	1,522,596	16,188,685
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public safety	9,331,145	-	9,331,145
Human services	2,489	-	2,489
Community and economic development	339,361	-	339,361
Intergovernmental - education	-	8,677,298	8,677,298
Debt service - interest and other charges	-	45,840	45,840
Capital outlay	-	8,207,225	8,207,225
Total expenditures	9,672,995	16,930,363	26,603,358
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 4,993,094	(15,407,767)	(10,414,673)
Other financing sources (uses):			
General obligation bonds issued	-	39,625,233	39,625,233
Premium on general obligation bonds	-	2,176,306	2,176,306
Transfers in	26,250	12,810,591	12,836,841
Transfers out	(5,693,648)	(5,453,539)	(11,147,187)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,667,398)	49,158,591	43,491,193
Net change in fund balances	(674,304)	33,750,824	33,076,520
Fund balance - June 30, 2016	 4,369,250	18,850,992	23,220,242
Fund balance - June 30, 2017	\$ 3,694,946	52,601,816	56,296,762

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

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NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA June 30, 2017 Page 1 of 2

			Law	Moser	State Public	
			Enforcement	Emergency	Bequest	School
		Fire Tax	Equitable	Telephone	for Care	Building
		Districts	Distribution	<u>System</u>	of Elderly	<u>Capital</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	614,276	1,264,773	593,343	304,199	-
Receivables (net):						
Property taxes		58,090	-	-	-	-
Other		-	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest		224	447	340	100	-
Due from other governments		512,664	3,903	93,111	42	-
Total assets	\$	1,185,254	1,269,123	686,794	304,341	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and				0.4.000		
accrued liabilities	\$	7,635	-	31,292	200	-
Due to other governments		-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds - General Fund		-	-	-	-	-
Unearned revenue	_	2,883				
Total liabilities	_	10,518		31,292	200	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable taxes		58,090	-	-	-	-
Unavailable other revenue	_					
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	58,090				
Fund balances:						
Restricted for:						
Stabilization by state statute		512,888	4,350	155,049	142	-
Fire protection		603,758	-	-	-	-
Law enforcement		-	1,264,773	-	-	-
Emergency telephone system		-	-	500,453	-	-
Human services		-	-	-	303,999	-
Housing and community redevelopment		-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned						
Total fund balances		1,116,646	1,269,123	655,502	304,141	-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	_					
resources and fund balances	\$_	1,185,254	1,269,123	686,794	304,341	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA June 30, 2017 Page 2 of 2

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		2014	2015	2016	2017	
		Housing	Housing	Housing	Housing	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	81,329	176,351	-	38,323	3,072,594
Receivables (net):						
Property taxes		-	-	-	-	58,090
Other		-	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest		26	49	-	13	1,199
Due from other governments		16,999	7,211	78,036	-	711,966
Total assets	\$	98,354	183,611	78,036	38,336	3,843,849
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and						
accrued liabilities	\$	517	2,085	163	5,425	47,317
Due to other governments		-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds - General Fund		-	-	40,613	-	40,613
Unearned revenue	_	-				2,883
Total liabilities		517	2,085	40,776	5,425	90,813
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable taxes		-	-	-	-	58,090
Unavailable other revenue	_			-	<u> </u>	
Total deferred inflows of resources	_	-	-	-	-	58,090
Fund balances:						
Restricted for:						
Stabilization by state statute		17,025	38,895	131,256	14,068	873,673
Fire protection		-	-	-	-	603,758
Law enforcement		-	-	-	-	1,264,773
Emergency telephone system		-	-	-	-	500,453
Human services		-	-	-	-	303,999
Housing and community redevelopment		80,812	142,631	-	18,843	242,286
Unassigned	_			(93,996)		(93,996)
Total fund balances	_	97,837	181,526	37,260	32,911	3,694,946
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources and fund balances	\$	98,354	183,611	78,036	38,336	3,843,849

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Page 1 of 2

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Fire Tax <u>Districts</u>	Law Enforcement Equitable Distribution	Emergency Telephone <u>System</u>	Moser Bequest for Care of Elderly	State Public School Building <u>Capital</u>	2013 Housing
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property	\$	7,844,084	-	-	-	-	-
Local option sales taxes		1,858,153	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental		-	17,648	781,200	-	3,744,842	1,670
Investment earnings		8,551	9,890	5,238	2,224	-	-
Other		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues		9,710,788	27,538	786,438	2,224	3,744,842	1,670
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety		8,049,567	-	1,281,578	-	-	-
Human services		-	-	-	2,489	-	-
Community and economic							
development		-	-	-	-	-	1,500
Total expenditures	_	8,049,567	-	1,281,578	2,489	-	1,500
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	1,661,221	27,538	(495,140)	(265)	3,744,842	170
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in:							
General Fund		-	-	-	-	-	-
2012 Housing Fund		-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out:							
General Fund		(1,830,176)	(118,545)	-	-	(3,744,842)	(85)
2015 Housing Fund		-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing							
sources (uses)	_	(1,830,176)	(118,545)	<u>-</u>		(3,744,842)	(85)
Net change in fund balances		(168,955)	(91,007)	(495,140)	(265)	-	85
Fund balance - June 30, 2016		1,285,601	1,360,130	1,150,642	304,406		(85)
Fund balance - June 30, 2017	\$	1,116,646	1,269,123	655,502	304,141	-	-

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NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017 Page 2 of 2

		2014	2015	2016	2017	
		Housing	Housing	Housing	Housing	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:						
Taxes:						
Property	\$	-	-	-	-	7,844,084
Local option sales taxes		-	-	-	-	1,858,153
Intergovernmental		23,014	109,601	173,516	12,090	4,863,581
Investment earnings		633	860	93	86	27,575
Other	_		72,696			72,696
Total revenues	_	23,647	183,157	173,609	12,176	14,666,089
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public safety		-	-	-	-	9,331,145
Human services		-	-	-	-	2,489
Community and economic						
development	_	26,893	142,008	163,445	5,515	339,361
Total expenditures	_	26,893	142,008	163,445	5,515	9,672,995
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	(3,246)	41,149	10,164	6,661	4,993,094
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in:						
General Fund		-	-	-	26,250	26,250
2012 Housing Fund		-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out:						
General Fund		-	-	-	-	(5,693,648)
2015 Housing Fund	_	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	<u>-</u>			26,250	(5,667,398)
Net change in fund balances		(3,246)	41,149	10,164	32,911	(674,304)
Fund balance - June 30, 2016	_	101,083	140,377	27,096	<u>-</u>	4,369,250
Fund balance - June 30, 2017	\$	97,837	181,526	37,260	32,911	3,694,946

FIRE TAX DISTRICTS FUND

C-3

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

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	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	Final	Amounts	Budget
Revenues:		<u></u>		
Taxes:				
Property \$	7,651,618	7,651,618	7,844,084	192,466
Local option sales taxes	1,854,834	1,856,834	1,858,153	1,319
Total taxes	9,506,452	9,508,452	9,702,237	193,785
Investment earnings	-	-	8,551	8,551
Total revenues	9,506,452	9,508,452	9,710,788	202,336
Expenditures - current - public safety:				
Beeson's Cross Roads	269,255	269,255	269,255	-
Beeson's Cross Roads Service	28,440	28,440	28,440	-
Belews Creek	365,964	365,964	365,964	-
City View	46,112	46,112	46,112	-
Clemmons	1,447,393	1,447,393	1,447,393	-
Forest Hill	12,563	12,563	12,423	140
Griffith	110,469	110,469	110,469	-
Gumtree	65,137	65,137	65,137	-
Horneytown	225,288	225,288	225,288	-
King of Forsyth County	512,760	512,760	512,760	-
Lewisville	1,383,574	1,383,574	1,383,574	-
Mineral Springs	197,313	197,313	197,313	-
Mineral Springs Service	7,376	7,376	7,376	-
Mount Tabor	72,382	72,382	72,382	-
Old Richmond	432,296	432,296	432,296	-
Piney Grove	738,555	738,555	738,555	-
Rural Hall	481,332	481,332	481,332	-
Salem Chapel	98,119	98,119	98,119	-
South Fork	6,241	6,241	6,241	-
Talley's Crossing	219,135	219,135	217,847	1,288
Triangle	96,627	96,627	96,627	-
Union Cross	294,306	294,306	294,306	-
Vienna	527,193	527,193	527,193	-
Walkertown	360,737	360,737	360,737	-
West Bend	52,428	52,428	52,428	
Total expenditures	8,050,995	8,050,995	8,049,567	1,428
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,455,457	1,457,457	1,661,221	203,764

FIRE TAX DISTRICTS FUND

C-3

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Page 2 of 2

	Budgeted	Amounts_	Actual	Variance with Final
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>Budget</u>
Other financing uses - transfers out-				
General Fund:				
Beeson's Cross Roads	(64,260)	(64,760)	(64,671)	89
Beeson's Cross Roads Service	(6,652)	(6,752)	(6,735)	17
Belews Creek	(60,722)	(61,022)	(60,966)	56
City View	(7,936)	(7,936)	(7,764)	172
Clemmons	(359,667)	(359,667)	(346,750)	12,917
Forest Hill	(2,517)	(2,517)	(2,498)	19
Griffith	(26,578)	(26,678)	(26,585)	93
Gumtree	(15,331)	(15,331)	(15,311)	20
Horneytown	(51,840)	(52,240)	(52,166)	74
King of Forsyth County	(95,062)	(95,062)	(95,058)	4
Lewisville	(332,785)	(332,785)	(331,354)	1,431
Mineral Springs	(39,366)	(39,366)	(39,018)	348
Mineral Springs Service	(1,551)	(1,551)	(1,540)	11
Mount Tabor	(17,350)	(17,450)	(17,430)	20
Old Richmond	(103,569)	(103,569)	(102,540)	1,029
Piney Grove	(174,840)	(174,840)	(170,726)	4,114
Rural Hall	(113,335)	(113,335)	(113,127)	208
Salem Chapel	(24,276)	(24,276)	(22,919)	1,357
South Fork	(1,453)	(1,453)	(1,410)	43
Talley's Crossing	(37,264)	(37,264)	(36,470)	794
Triangle	(22,503)	(22,603)	(22,515)	88
Union Cross	(61,754)	(61,954)	(61,929)	25
Vienna	(140,828)	(140,828)	(137,169)	3,659
Walkertown	(80,734)	(80,934)	(80,930)	4
West Bend	(12,661)	(12,661)	(12,595)	66
Total other financing uses	(1,854,834)	(1,856,834)	(1,830,176)	26,658
Net change in fund balance	\$ (399,377)	(399,377)	(168,955)	230,422
Fund balance - June 30, 2016			1,285,601	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017		\$	1,116,646	

LAW ENFORCEMENT EQUITABLE DISTRIBUTION FUND

C-4

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final
	Original	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>Budget</u>
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	-	17,648	17,648
Investment earnings	-	-	9,890	9,890
Other revenue	 -			
Total revenues	-	-	27,538	27,538
Other financing uses:				
Transfer to General Fund	 (98,002)	(229,641)	(118,545)	111,096
Net change in fund balance	\$ (98,002)	(229,641)	(91,007)	138,634
Fund balance - June 30, 2016		_	1,360,130	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017		\$	1,269,123	

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE SYSTEM FUND

C-5

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

					Variance
		Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual	with Final
		<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Amounts</u>	<u>Budget</u>
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	557,869	1,642,869	781,200	(861,669)
Investment earnings		-		5,238	5,238
Total revenues		557,869	1,642,869	786,438	(856,431)
Expenditures - Public Safety		1,306,005	2,403,104	1,281,578	1,121,526
Net change in fund balance	\$_	(748,136)	(760,235)	(495,140)	265,095
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				1,150,642	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			\$	655,502	

MOSER BEQUEST FOR CARE OF ELDERLY FUND

C-6

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Budgeted Original	Amounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final <u>Budget</u>
Revenues - investment earnings	\$	1,000	1,000	2,224	1,224
Expenditures - Human Services	_	50,000	50,000	2,489	47,511
Net change in fund balance	\$	(49,000)	(49,000)	(265)	48,735
Fund balance - June 30, 2016 Fund balance - June 30, 2017			\$	304,406 304,141	

STATE PUBLIC SCHOOL BUILDING CAPITAL FUND

C-7

 ${\bf SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES,\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCE\ -\ BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL}$

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		Budget	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	91,053,953	87,841,856	3,744,842	84,097,014
Investment earnings		162,074	162,074		162,074
Total revenues	_	91,216,027	88,003,930	3,744,842	84,259,088
Expenditures - current - intergovernmental -					
education	_	51,340,383	48,538,317		48,538,317
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		39,875,644	39,465,613	3,744,842	35,720,771
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in:					
Schools Fund		-	1,330,321	-	1,330,321
1990 Schools Facilities Fund		4,170,049	4,169,875	-	4,169,875
1995 School Facilities Fund		65,288	65,288	-	65,288
1996 Schools Facilities Fund		1,933,499	1,933,499	-	1,933,499
2002 Schools Fund		4,161,834	4,161,834	-	4,161,834
2007 School Facilities Fund		250,000	250,000	-	250,000
Transfers out - General Fund		(51,786,464)	(51,376,430)	(3,744,842)	(47,631,588)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(41,205,794)	(39,465,613)	(3,744,842)	(35,720,771)
Net change in fund balance	\$_	(1,330,150)		-	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				-	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ş	-	

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		<u>Budget</u>	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental:					
2012 WSFC HOME program	\$	167,800	167,800	-	167,800
NCHFA Duke Power HELP		150,000	-	-	-
2012 NCHFA Single Family Rehabilitation		300,000	286,811	1,670	285,141
CDBG Scattered Site		400,000	214,990	-	214,990
Local government grants	_	12,000	12,000		12,000
Total intergovernmental		1,029,800	681,601	1,670	679,931
Investment earnings	_	85	85		85
Total revenues	_	1,029,885	681,686	1,670	680,016
Expenditures - current - community					
and economic development:					
2012 WSFC HOME		167,800	167,800	-	167,800
2012 WSFC HOME - local match		37,755	37,755	-	37,755
NCHFA Duke Power HELP		150,000	-	-	-
2012 NCHFA Single Family Rehabilitation		300,000	286,811	1,500	285,311
CDBG Scattered Site	_	400,000	214,990		214,990
Total expenditures	_	1,055,555	707,356	1,500	705,856
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	_	(25,670)	(25,670)	170	(25,840)
Other financing sources - transfers in General Fund	_	25,670	25,670	(85)	25,755
Net change in fund balance	\$_			85	(85)
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				(85)	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ş	· <u>-</u>	

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		<u>Budget</u>	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental:					
2013 WSFC HOME program	\$	167,800	166,100	17,414	148,686
2013 NCHFA Urgent Repair Program		75,000	63,440	-	63,440
CDBG NC Catalyst Program		70,000	58,136	5,600	52,536
Local government grants		12,000	12,000	-	12,000
Total intergovernmental		324,800	299,676	23,014	276,662
Mortgage repayments		117,500	46,184	-	46,184
Investment earnings		-	1,724	633	1,091
Other		32,000	32,000	-	32,000
Total revenues	_	474,300	379,584	23,647	355,937
Expenditures - current - community and economic development:					
2013 WSFC HOME		167,800	166,100	17,292	148,808
2013 WSFC HOME - local match		37,755	37,373	3,401	33,972
Forsyth County IDA		24,250	23,250	3,100	20,150
CDBG Program Income		91,316	20,000	-	20,000
CDBG NC Catalyst Program		70,000	58,760	3,100	55,660
2013 NCHFA Urgent Repair Program		75,000	63,439		63,439
Total expenditures	_	466,121	368,922	26,893	342,029
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		8,179	10,662	(3,246)	13,908
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer from General Fund		25,755	25,755	-	25,755
Transfer from 2009 Housing Fund		35,838	35,838	-	35,838
Transfer from 2011 Housing Fund		26,582	25,582	-	25,582
Transfer to 2018 Housing Fund		(96,354)	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(8,179)	87,175	-	87,175
Net change in fund balance	\$_		97,837	(3,246)	101,083
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				101,083	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			:	\$ 97,837	

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		Dudget	Cumulative Total to	Activity Year Ended	Cumulative Total to
Revenues:		<u>Budget</u>	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Intergovernmental:					
2014 WSFC HOME program	\$	176,400	127,765	109,601	18,164
CDBG NSP		50,000	21,751	· -	21,751
Local government grants		12,000	12,000	-	12,000
Total intergovernmental		238,400	161,516	109,601	51,915
Mortgage repayments		200,000	188,436	72,696	115,740
Investment earnings		-	1,589	860	729
Total revenues	_	438,400	351,541	183,157	168,384
Expenditures - current - community and economic development: 2014 WSFC HOME		176,400	127,765	109,837	17,928
2014 WSFC HOME - local match		39,690	18,288	15,659	2,629
CDBG NSP Program Income		50,000	-	-	-
HOME Program Income		238,516	90,168	16,512	73,656
Total expenditures	_	504,606	236,221	142,008	94,213
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		(66,206)	115,320	41,149	74,171
Other financing sources - transfers in:					
General Fund		27,690	27,690	-	27,690
2012 Housing Fund		38,516	38,516	-	38,516
Total other financing sources	_	66,206	66,206		66,206
Net change in fund balance	\$_	-	181,526	41,149	140,377
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				140,377	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			:	\$ 181,526	

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		<u>Budget</u>	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental:					
2015 WSFC HOME program	\$	176,400	83,956	83,956	-
2015 NCHFA Urgent Repair program		100,000	89,560	89,560	-
Local government grants		12,000	12,000		12,000
Total intergovernmental		288,400	185,516	173,516	12,000
Investment earnings		-	135	93	42
Total revenues	_	288,400	185,651	173,609	12,042
Expenditures - current - community and economic development:					
2015 WSFC HOME		176,400	83,956	82,885	1,071
2015 WSFC HOME - local match		39,690	-	-	-
2015 Urgent Repair program		100,000	89,560	80,560	9,000
Total expenditures	_	316,090	173,516	163,445	10,071
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	_	(27,690)	12,135	10,164	1,971
Other financing sources - transfers in General Fund	_	27,690	25,125		25,125
Net change in fund balance	\$_		37,260	10,164	27,096
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				27,096	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			;	37,260	

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		<u>Budget</u>	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental:					
2016 WSFC HOME program	\$	170,700	90	90	-
2016 HOME Single Family Rehabilitation		225,000	-	-	-
2016 NCHFA Single Family Rehabilitation		100,000	-	-	-
Local government grants		12,000	12,000	12,000	
Total intergovernmental		507,700	12,090	12,090	-
Investment earnings		-	86	86	-
Total revenues		507,700	12,176	12,176	-
Expenditures - current - community and economic development:					
2016 WSFC HOME		170,700	90	90	-
2016 WSFC HOME - local match		38,250	-	-	-
2016 NCHFA Urgent Repair		325,000	5,425	5,425	-
Total expenditures		533,950	5,515	5,515	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		(26,250)	6,661	6,661	
Other financing sources - transfers in General Fund	_	26,250	26,250	26,250	
Net change in fund balance	\$_	-	32,911	32,911	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				-	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			:	\$ 32,911	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET D-1

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

June 30, 2017 Page 1 of 2

		2009 Phillips uilding Phases <u>1A and 1B</u>	2012 2/3rds <u>Bonds</u>	2014 FTCC Carolina Building Renovation	2014 2/3rds <u>Bonds</u>	2014 WSFCS Capital Maintenance	2014 FTCC Capital <u>Maintenance</u>	2015 WSFCS Facilities	2016 Motive Equipment Replacement	2016 New Family <u>Museum</u>
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents / investments Investments - restricted Receivables (net):	\$	1,201,253	- 814,402	1,082,505 -	- 151,358	- 1,349,850	- 451,954	156,840 -	741,610 -	1,002,487
Accrued interest		327	-	353	18	452	-	55	227	360
Due from other governments	_	47,738	1,542		20,700	94,901		618	44,226	
Total assets	\$	1,249,318	815,944	1,082,858	172,076	1,445,203	451,954	157,513	786,063	1,002,847
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities - accounts payable and accrued liabilities	:S \$_	204,352	77,071		72,744				123,150	
Fund balances:										
Restricted for:										
Stabilization by state statute		478,315	38,033	353	60,404	95,353	-	673	44,453	428,307
Capital projects		-	700,840	-	38,928	1,349,850	451,954	-	-	-
Committed for capital projects		566,651	-	1,082,505	-	-	-	156,840	618,460	574,540
Unassigned	-		-	- 4 002 050	-	- 4 445 202	-	- 457.542		- 4 002 047
Total fund balances	_	1,044,966	738,873	1,082,858	99,332	1,445,203	451,954	157,513	662,913	1,002,847
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	1,249,318	815,944	1,082,858	172,076	1,445,203	451,954	157,513	786,063	1,002,847

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET D-1

NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

June 30, 2017 Page 2 of 2

						2016 Forsyth	2016		2017	
		2016	2016 WSFCS	2016 FTCC		Technical	Parks and	2017	Idols Road	
		2/3rds	Capital	Capital	2016	Community	Recreation	Court	Business	
		<u>Bonds</u>	<u>Maintenance</u>	<u>Maintenance</u>	Pay-Go	College Facilities	<u>Facilities</u>	<u>Facilities</u>	<u>Park</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents /										
investments	\$	5,140,973	9,349,476	2,006,457	4,411,879	-	-	-	-	25,093,480
Investments - restricted		-	-	-	-	16,243,178	3,748,426	5,009,789	-	27,768,957
Receivables (net):										
Accrued interest		-	252	-	931	-	-	-	-	2,975
Due from other governments	-	6,196	4,560			-				220,481
Total assets	\$	5,147,169	9,354,288	2,006,457	4,412,810	16,243,178	3,748,426	5,009,789		53,085,893
	_									
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	S									
Liabilities - accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	6,760				. <u>-</u>				484,077
Fund balances:										
Restricted for:										
Stabilization by state statute		262,361	4,812	-	931	-	250,000	850,000	137,580	2,651,575
Capital projects		4,878,048	9,349,476	2,006,457	-	16,243,178	3,498,426	4,159,789	(137,580)	42,539,366
Committed for capital projects		-	-	-	4,411,879	-	-	-	_	7,410,875
Unassigned		_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	•	5,140,409	9,354,288	2,006,457	4,412,810	16,243,178	3,748,426	5,009,789		52,601,816
Takal Pak Watan and	-									
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	5,147,169	9,354,288	2,006,457	4,412,810	16,243,178	3,748,426	5,009,789		53,085,893

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NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

	2009 Phillips Building Phases <u>1A and 1B</u>	2012 2/3rds <u>Bonds</u>	2012 <u>Pay-Go</u>	2014 Motive Equipment Replacement	2014 FTCC Carolina Building Renovation	2014 2/3rds <u>Bonds</u>
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	8,172	3,610	-	1,567	10,586	2,728
Other	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	8,172	3,610		1,567	10,586	2,728
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Intergovernmental - education	-	-	-	-	1,803,519	-
Debt service - interest and other charges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay:						
General government	-	272,275	1,955	-	-	1,417,103
Public safety	4,694,689	-	-	2,990	-	-
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	211,026
Total expenditures	4,694,689	272,275	1,955	2,990	1,803,519	1,628,129
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(4,686,517)	(268,665)	(1,955)	(1,423)	(1,792,933)	(1,625,401)
Other financing sources (uses):						
General obligation bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on general obligation bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in:						
General Fund	-	-	-	-	-	-
2014 Motive Equipment fund	-	-	-	-	-	-
2014 2/3rds Bonds fund	750,000	-	-	-	-	-
2015 Pay-Go fund	3,436,338	-	-	-	-	-
2016 2/3rds Bonds fund	719,354	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out:						
General Fund	-	-	(10,826)	(57,551)	-	-
2016 Motive Equipment fund	-	-	-	(256,023)	-	-
2009 Phillips Building fund	-	-	-	-	-	(750,000)
2016 Pay-Go fund	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,905,692	-	(10,826)	(313,574)		(750,000)
Net change in fund balances	219,175	(268,665)	(12,781)	(314,997)	(1,792,933)	(2,375,401)
Fund balance - June 30, 2016	825,791	1,007,538	12,781	314,997	2,875,791	2,474,733
Fund balance - June 30, 2017	\$ 1,044,966	738,873			1,082,858	99,332

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NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

	2014 WSFCS Capital <u>Maintenance</u>	2014 FTCC Capital <u>Maintenance</u>	2015 WSFCS <u>Facilities</u>	2015 <u>Pay-Go</u>	2016 Motive Equipment Replacement
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental \$	-	-	-	-	164,103
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	14,782
Investment earnings	19,132	3,251	5,085	19,438	2,659
Other	-	-	-	-	168,615
Total revenues	19,132	3,251	5,085	19,438	350,159
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Intergovernmental - education	3,624,780	855,289	1,191,743	-	-
Debt service - interest and other charges	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay:					-
General government	-	-	-	-	317,418
Public safety	-	-	-	-	1,138,851
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	3,624,780	855,289	1,191,743	-	1,456,269
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(3,605,648)	(852,038)	(1,186,658)	19,438	(1,106,110)
Other financing sources (uses):					
General obligation bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on general obligation bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in:					
General Fund	-	-	-	-	1,513,000
2014 Motive Equipment fund	-	-	-	-	256,023
2014 2/3rds Bonds fund	-	-	-	-	-
2015 Pay-Go fund	-	-	-	-	-
2016 2/3rds Bonds fund	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out:					
General Fund	-	-	-	(23,447)	-
2016 Motive Equipment fund	-	-	-	-	-
2009 Phillips Building fund	-	-	-	(3,436,338)	-
2016 Pay-Go fund	-	-	-	(200,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	(3,659,785)	1,769,023
Net change in fund balances	(3,605,648)	(852,038)	(1,186,658)	(3,640,347)	662,913
Fund balance - June 30, 2016	5,050,851	1,303,992	1,344,171	3,640,347	-
Fund balance - June 30, 2017	1,445,203	451,954	157,513	-	662,913

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NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

		2016 New Family <u>Museum</u>	2016 2/3rds <u>Bonds</u>	2016 WSFCS Capital Maintenance	2016 FTCC Capital Maintenance	2016 <u>Pay-Go</u>
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,000,000	-	-	-	-
Charges for services		-	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings		2,847	10,288	22,817	4,188	11,934
Other		-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	_	1,002,847	10,288	22,817	4,188	11,934
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Intergovernmental - education		-	-	904,085	297,882	-
Debt service - interest and other charges		-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay:						
General government		-	150,918	-	-	-
Public safety		-	-	-	-	-
Culture and recreation		-	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures		-	150,918	904,085	297,882	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	_	1,002,847	(140,630)	(881,268)	(293,694)	11,934
Other financing sources (uses):						
General obligation bonds issued		-	5,651,835	8,006,766	2,166,537	-
Premium on general obligation bonds		-	348,558	493,790	133,614	-
Transfers in:						
General Fund		-	-	1,735,000	-	4,200,876
2014 Motive Equipment fund		-	-	-	-	-
2014 2/3rds Bonds fund		-	-	-	-	-
2015 Pay-Go fund		-	-	-	-	200,000
2016 2/3rds Bonds fund		-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out:						
General Fund		-	-	-	-	-
2016 Motive Equipment fund		-	-	-	-	-
2009 Phillips Building fund		-	(719,354)	-	-	-
2016 Pay-Go fund		-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)			5,281,039	10,235,556	2,300,151	4,400,876
Net change in fund balances		1,002,847	5,140,409	9,354,288	2,006,457	4,412,810
Fund balance - June 30, 2016						
Fund balance - June 30, 2017	\$	1,002,847	5,140,409	9,354,288	2,006,457	4,412,810

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NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

	2016 Forsyth Technical Community College Facilities	2016 Parks and Recreation Facilities	2017 Court <u>Facilities</u>	2017 Idols Road Business <u>Park</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ -	-	-	-	1,164,103
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	14,782
Investment earnings	30,332	7,000	9,462	-	175,096
Other	-	-	-	-	168,615
Total revenues	30,332	7,000	9,462	_	1,522,596
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Intergovernmental - education	-	-	-	-	8,677,298
Debt service - interest and other charges	37,245	8,595	-	-	45,840
Capital outlay:					
General government	-	-	-	-	2,159,669
Public safety	-	-	-	-	5,836,530
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	211,026
Total expenditures	37,245	8,595			16,930,363
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(6,913)	(1,595)	9,462		(15,407,767)
Other financing sources (uses):					
General obligation bonds issued	15,510,814	3,579,419	4,709,862	-	39,625,233
Premium on general obligation bonds	739,277	170,602	290,465	-	2,176,306
Transfers in:					
General Fund	-	-	-	-	7,448,876
2014 Motive Equipment fund	-	-	-	-	256,023
2014 2/3rds Bonds fund	-	-	-	-	750,000
2015 Pay-Go fund	-	-	-	-	3,636,338
2016 2/3rds Bonds fund	-	-	-	-	719,354
Transfers out:					
General Fund	-	-	-	-	(91,824)
2016 Motive Equipment fund	-	-	-	-	(256,023)
2009 Phillips Building fund	-	-	-	-	(4,905,692)
2016 Pay-Go fund	-	-	-	-	(200,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	16,250,091	3,750,021	5,000,327		49,158,591
Net change in fund balances	16,243,178	3,748,426	5,009,789	-	33,750,824
Fund balance - June 30, 2016					18,850,992
Fund balance - June 30, 2017	\$ 16,243,178	3,748,426	5,009,789		52,601,816

2009 PHILLIPS BUILDING (PHASES 1A AND 1B) FUND

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		<u>Budget</u>	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues:			40.472	0.472	22 224
Investment earnings	\$	-	40,473	8,172	32,301
Other	-		50,030		50,030
Total revenues	-		90,503	8,172	82,331
Expenditures:					
Phase 1A:					
Debt service - interest and other charges		200,000	200,000	-	200,000
Capital outlay - public safety:					
Site acquisition		3,480,000	3,483,122	-	3,483,122
Asbestos abatement; re-fireproofing; engineering and architectural services for two floors and					
parking level		6,720,000	5,385,350	-	5,385,350
Professional fees		10,000	10,000	-	10,000
Phase 1B:					
Current - debt service - interest and other charges		300,000	307,414	-	307,414
Capital outlay - public safety - renovation and					
rehabilitation of two floors and parking level		25,400,000	25,047,310	768,787	24,278,523
Level 4 Upfit: Capital outlay - public safety -					
probation and parole	_	4,905,692	3,925,902	3,925,902	
Total expenditures	_	41,015,692	38,359,098	4,694,689	33,664,409
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	-	(41,015,692)	(38,268,595)	(4,686,517)	(33,582,078)
Other financing sources:					
Limited obligation bonds issued		36,110,000	31,290,000	-	31,290,000
Premium on limited obligation bonds		-	3,117,869	-	3,117,869
Transfer from 2014 2/3rds Bonds fund		750,000	750,000	750,000	-
Transfer from 2015 Pay-Go fund		3,436,338	3,436,338	3,436,338	-
Transfer from 2016 2/3rds Bonds fund		719,354	719,354	719,354	-
Total other financing sources	-	41,015,692	39,313,561	4,905,692	34,407,869
Net change in fund balance	\$		1,044,966	219,175	825,791
Fund balance - June 30, 2016	=			825,791	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ç	1,044,966	

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Cumulative	Activity	Cumulative
		Total to	Year Ended	Total to
	<u>Budget</u>	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Revenues - investment earnings \$		7,866	3,610	4,256
Expenditures:				
Debt service - interest and other charges	250,000	134,743	-	134,743
Capital outlay:				
General Government:				
Hall of Justice renovation	1,250,000	717,223	258,794	458,429
Capital repair and maintenance	1,500,000	1,490,085	13,481	1,476,604
Culture and recreation - Park maintenance projects	1,834,904	1,835,539	-	1,835,539
Total expenditures	4,834,904	4,177,590	272,275	3,905,315
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(4,834,904)	(4,169,724)	(268,665)	(3,901,059)
Other financing sources (uses):				
General obligation bonds issued	5,000,000	4,820,000	-	4,820,000
Premium on general obligation bonds	-	253,693	-	253,693
Transfer to 2009 2/3rds bond fund	(165,096)	(165,096)		(165,096)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,834,904	4,908,597		4,908,597
Net change in fund balance \$	_	738,873	(268,665)	1,007,538
Fund balance - June 30, 2016			1,007,538	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017		\$	738,873	

2012 PAY-GO FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

			Cumulative	Activity	Cumulative
		<u>Budget</u>	Total to June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues:					
Investment earnings	\$	19,840	24,760	-	24,760
Other revenue		47,359	47,359	-	47,359
Total revenues	_	67,199	72,119		72,119
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay:					
General government: Government Center upfit		359,929	354,023	1,955	352,068
Public safety:					
LEDC energy project		240,000	240,000	-	240,000
Phillips Building upfit		63,662	63,662	-	63,662
Public health: Government Center level 5 upfit	_	314,049	314,049		314,049
Total expenditures	_	977,640	971,734	1,955	969,779
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(910,441)	(899,615)	(1,955)	(897,660)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer from General Fund		3,088,000	3,077,174	(10,826)	3,088,000
Transfer to 2015 Pay-Go fund	_	(2,177,559)	(2,177,559)		(2,177,559)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	910,441	899,615	(10,826)	910,441
Net change in fund balance	\$	-		(12,781)	12,781
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				12,781	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ş	-	

2014 MOTIVE EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND

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SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		<u>Budget</u>	Cumulative Total to <u>June 30, 2017</u>	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$	237,758	284,738	-	284,738
Charges for services		21,553	25,804	-	25,804
Investment earnings		6,228	8,261	1,567	6,694
Other revenue		224,057	224,057	-	224,057
Total revenues		489,596	542,860	1,567	541,293
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay:					
General government - Non-emergency fleet		473,896	469,609	-	469,609
Public safety:					
Animal control		189,855	189,855	-	189,855
Emergency services		1,317,203	1,317,203	-	1,317,203
Sheriff		1,493,950	1,493,950	2,990	1,490,960
Total expenditures	_	3,474,904	3,470,617	2,990	3,467,627
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(2,985,308)	(2,927,757)	(1,423)	(2,926,334)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer from (to) General Fund		2,980,145	2,922,594	(57,551)	2,980,145
Transfer from 2012 Motive Equipment Fund		261,186	261,186	-	261,186
Transfer to 2016 Motive Equipment fund		(256,023)	(256,023)	(256,023)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,985,308	2,927,757	(313,574)	3,241,331
Net change in fund balance	\$_			(314,997)	314,997
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				314,997	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ş	-	

2014 FTCC CAROLINA BUILDING RENOVATION FUND

D-7

${\bf SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES,\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCE\ -\ BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL}$

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Cumulative	Activity	Cumulative
			Total to	Year Ended	Total to
		<u>Budget</u>	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Revenues - investment earnings	\$_	-	38,419	10,586	27,833
Expenditures:					
Current - intergovernmental - education	-	3,600,000	2,555,561	1,803,519	752,042
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(3,600,000)	(2,517,142)	(1,792,933)	(724,209)
Other financing sources:					
Transfer from General Fund	-	3,600,000	3,600,000		3,600,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	1,082,858	(1,792,933)	2,875,791
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				2,875,791	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			\$	1,082,858	

2014 2/3rds BONDS FUND

D-8

Cumulativa

A ctivity

Cumulativa

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Revenues - investment earnings\$	Total to <u>June 30, 2016</u>
Revenues - investment earnings\$ -12,4972,728Expenditures:-19,98218,167-	June 30, 2016
Expenditures: Debt service - interest and other charges 19,982 18,167 -	
Debt service - interest and other charges 19,982 18,167 -	9,769
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	18,167
Capital outlay:	
Culture and recreation: Park maintenance 1,138,238 1,138,229 211,026	927,203
General Government: Capital repair and	
maintenance 3,314,899 3,229,888 1,417,103	1,812,785
Total expenditures 4,473,119 4,386,284 1,628,129	2,758,155
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures (4,473,119) (4,373,787) (1,625,401)	(2,748,386)
Other financing sources (uses):	
General obligation bonds issued 4,750,000 4,750,000 -	4,750,000
Premium on general obligation bonds 418,854 418,854 -	418,854
Transfer from 2009 2/3rds Bonds fund 54,265 54,265 -	54,265
Transfer to 2009 Phillips Building fund (750,000) (750,000) (750,000)	-
Total other financing sources 4,473,119 4,473,119 (750,000)	5,223,119
Net change in fund balance \$ 99,332 (2,375,401)	2,474,733
Fund balance - June 30, 2016 2,474,733	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017 \$ 99,332	

2014 WINSTON-SALEM/FORSYTH COUNTY SCHOOLS CAPITAL MAINTENANCE FUND

D-9

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Cumulative	Activity	Cumulative
		Budget	Total to June 30, 2017	Year Ended June 30, 2017	Total to June 30, 2016
Devenues investment comings	۲.	buuget		·	·
Revenues - investment earnings	\$_	-	36,867	19,132	17,735
Expenditures:					
Debt service - interest and other charges		27,343	24,860	-	24,860
Current - intergovernmental - education	_	10,515,826	9,109,973	3,624,780	5,485,193
Total expenditures	-	10,543,169	9,134,833	3,624,780	5,510,053
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures		(10,543,169)	(9,097,966)	(3,605,648)	(5,492,318)
Other financing sources:					
General obligation bonds issued		6,500,000	6,500,000	-	6,500,000
Premium on general obligation bonds		573,169	573,169	-	573,169
Transfer from General Fund	_	3,470,000	3,470,000		3,470,000
Total other financing sources	-	10,543,169	10,543,169		10,543,169
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	1,445,203	(3,605,648)	5,050,851
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				5,050,851	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ş	1,445,203	

2014 FORSYTH TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE CAPITAL MAINTENANCE FUND

D-10

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		Budget	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues - investment earnings	\$_		6,920	3,251	3,669
Expenditures:					
Debt service - interest and other charges		9,675	8,796	-	8,796
Current - intergovernmental - education		2,493,138	2,048,983	855,289	1,193,694
Total expenditures	_	2,502,813	2,057,779	855,289	1,202,490
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(2,502,813)	(2,050,859)	(852,038)	(1,198,821)
Other financing sources:					
General obligation bonds issued		2,300,000	2,300,000	-	2,300,000
Premium on general obligation bonds		202,813	202,813	-	202,813
Total other financing sources	_	2,502,813	2,502,813	_	2,502,813
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	451,954	(852,038)	1,303,992
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				1,303,992	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ç	451,954	

2015 WINSTON-SALEM/FORSYTH COUNTY SCHOOLS FACILITIES FUND

D-11

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Cumulative Total to	Activity Year Ended	Cumulative Total to
		<u>Budget</u>	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Revenues - investment earnings	\$_		12,018	5,085	6,933
Expenditures:					
Current - intergovernmental - education	_	1,681,000	1,535,505	1,191,743	343,762
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(1,681,000)	(1,523,487)	(1,186,658)	(336,829)
Other financing sources:					
Transfer from General Fund	_	1,681,000	1,681,000		1,681,000
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	157,513	(1,186,658)	1,344,171
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				1,344,171	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ş	157,513	

2015 PAY-GO FUND D-12

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

			Cumulative Total to	Activity Year Ended	Cumulative Total to
		<u>Budget</u>	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Revenues - investment earnings	\$_	-	23,447	19,438	4,009
Expenditures:					
Community and economic development:					
Arts Council Downtown Support		400,000	400,000	-	400,000
Total expenditures	_	400,000	400,000	-	400,000
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(400,000)	(376,553)	19,438	(395,991)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfer from (to) General Fund		1,127,626	1,104,179	(23,447)	1,127,626
Transfer from 2012 Pay-Go		2,177,559	2,177,559	-	2,177,559
Transfer from 2013 Pay-Go		731,153	731,153	-	731,153
Transfer to 2009 Phillips Building fund		(3,436,338)	(3,436,338)	(3,436,338)	-
Transfer to 2016 Pay-Go		(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	400,000	376,553	(3,659,785)	4,036,338
Net change in fund balance	\$ _			(3,640,347)	3,640,347
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				3,640,347	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ç	-	

2016 MOTIVE EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT FUND

D-13

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		Budget	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues:			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$	96,400	164,103	164,103	-
Charges for services		8,800	14,782	14,782	-
Investment earnings		-	2,659	2,659	-
Other revenue		169,269	168,615	168,615	-
Total revenues	_	274,469	350,159	350,159	-
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay:					
General government - Non-emergency fleet		327,555	317,418	317,418	-
Public safety:					
Animal control		90,946	79,453	79,453	-
Emergency services		640,405	533,733	533,733	-
Sheriff		968,556	525,665	525,665	-
Culture and recreation - Parks and recreation		16,030	-	-	-
Total expenditures	_	2,043,492	1,456,269	1,456,269	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(1,769,023)	(1,106,110)	(1,106,110)	
Other financing sources:					
Transfer from General Fund		1,513,000	1,513,000	1,513,000	-
Transfer from 2014 Motive Equipment Fund		256,023	256,023	256,023	-
Total other financing sources	_	1,769,023	1,769,023	1,769,023	_
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	662,913	662,913	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				-	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ş	662,913	

D-14

2016 NEW FAMILY MUSEUM

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		<u>Budget</u>	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues:	\$				
Intergovernmental		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	-
Investment earnings		-	2,847	2,847	-
Other revenue	_	14,340,000			
Total revenues		15,340,000	1,002,847	1,002,847	
Expenditures:					
Current - culture and recreation		500,000	-	-	-
Capital outlay - culture and recreation	_	17,340,000			
Total expenditures	_	17,840,000		_	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(2,500,000)	1,002,847	1,002,847	
Other financing sources:					
Transfer from General Fund	_	2,500,000		_	
Net change in fund balance	\$_	_	1,002,847	1,002,847	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				-	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			3	1,002,847	

2016 2/3rds BONDS FUND

D-15

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Cumulative	Activity	Cumulative
			Total to	Year Ended	Total to
		Budget	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Revenues - investment earnings	\$		10,288	10,288	
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay:					
General Government		3,280,646	150,918	150,918	-
Culture and recreation		2,000,000			
Total expenditures		5,280,646	150,918	150,918	_
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(5,280,646)	(140,630)	(140,630)	
Other financing sources (uses):					
General obligation bonds issued		6,000,000	5,651,835	5,651,835	-
Premium on general obligation bonds		-	348,558	348,558	-
Transfer to 2009 Phillips Building fund		(719,354)	(719,354)	(719,354)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,280,646	5,281,039	5,281,039	
Net change in fund balance	\$_	-	5,140,409	5,140,409	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				-	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ç	5,140,409	

2016 WINSTON-SALEM/FORSYTH COUNTY SCHOOLS CAPITAL MAINTENANCE FUND D-16 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Revenues - investment earnings	<u>Bu</u> \$	dget -	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017 22,817	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017 22,817	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Expenditures:					
Debt service - interest and other charges		-	-	-	-
Current - intergovernmental - education	10,2	235,000	904,085	904,085	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	10,2	235,000	904,085	904,085	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(10,2	235,000)	(881,268)	(881,268)	
Other financing sources:					
General obligation bonds issued	8,5	500,000	8,006,766	8,006,766	-
Premium on general obligation bonds		-	493,790	493,790	-
Transfer from General Fund	1,7	35,000	1,735,000	1,735,000	
Total other financing sources	10,2	235,000	10,235,556	10,235,556	
Net change in fund balance	\$		9,354,288	9,354,288	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016					
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			:	\$ 9,354,288	

2016 FORSYTH TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE CAPITAL MAINTENANCE FUND

D-17

 ${\bf SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES,\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCE-BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL}$

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Cumulative	Activity	Cumulative
			Total to	Year Ended	Total to
		<u>Budget</u>	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Revenues - investment earnings	\$_		4,188	4,188	_
Expenditures:					
Debt service - interest and other charges		-	-	-	-
Current - intergovernmental - education		2,300,000	297,882	297,882	-
Total expenditures	_	2,300,000	297,882	297,882	-
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(2,300,000)	(293,694)	(293,694)	
Other financing sources:					
General obligation bonds issued		2,300,000	2,166,537	2,166,537	-
Premium on general obligation bonds		-	133,614	133,614	-
Total other financing sources	_	2,300,000	2,300,151	2,300,151	-
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	2,006,457	2,006,457	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016					
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ç	2,006,457	

2016 PAY-GO FUND

D-18

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

		Cumulative Total to	Activity Year Ended	Cumulative Total to
	<u>Budget</u>	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Revenues - investment earnings	\$ <u></u>	11,934	11,934	
Expenditures:				
Current -				
Culture and recreation	275,000	-	-	-
Community and economic development	175,000	-	-	-
Capital Outlay - general government	480,000	-	-	-
Unallocated	3,470,876			
Total expenditures	4,400,876			_
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(4,400,876)	11,934	11,934	
Other financing sources:				
Transfer from General Fund	4,200,876	4,200,876	4,200,876	-
Transfer from 2015 Pay-Go	200,000	200,000	200,000	
Total other financing sources	4,400,876	4,400,876	4,400,876	
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	4,412,810	4,412,810	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				
Fund balance - June 30, 2017		Ç	4,412,810	

2016 FORSYTH TECHNICAL COMMUNITY COLLEGE FACILITIES FUND

D-19

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Cumulative Total to	Activity Year Ended	Cumulative Total to
		<u>Budget</u>	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Revenues - investment earnings	\$_	151,163	30,332	30,332	
Expenditures:					
Debt service - interest and other charges		151,163	37,245	37,245	-
Current - intergovernmental - education	_	65,000,000			
Total expenditures	_	65,151,163	37,245	37,245	-
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(65,000,000)	(6,913)	(6,913)	
Other financing sources:					
General obligation bonds issued		65,000,000	15,510,814	15,510,814	-
Premium on general obligation bonds	_	-	739,277	739,277	
Total other financing sources	_	65,000,000	16,250,091	16,250,091	-
Net change in fund balance	\$		16,243,178	16,243,178	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016					
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			\$	16,243,178	

2016 PARKS AND RECREATION FACILITIES FUND

D-20

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

			Cumulative	Activity	Cumulative
			Total to	Year Ended	Total to
		<u>Budget</u>	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Revenues - investment earnings	\$_	34,884	7,000	7,000	
Expenditures:					
Debt service - interest and other charges		34,884	8,595	8,595	-
Capital outlay - culture and recreation	_	15,000,000			
Total expenditures	_	15,034,884	8,595	8,595	
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(15,000,000)	(1,595)	(1,595)	
Other financing sources:					
General obligation bonds issued		15,000,000	3,579,419	3,579,419	-
Premium on general obligation bonds			170,602	170,602	
Total other financing sources	_	15,000,000	3,750,021	3,750,021	
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	3,748,426	3,748,426	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016					
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			\$	3,748,426	

2017 COURT FACILITIES FUND

D-21

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

From Project Inception and for the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		<u>Budget</u>	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2017	Activity Year Ended June 30, 2017	Cumulative Total to June 30, 2016
Revenues - investment earnings	\$_		9,462	9,462	
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay - general government	_	5,000,000			
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	_	(5,000,000)	9,462	9,462	
Other financing sources:					
General obligation bonds issued		5,000,000	4,709,862	4,709,862	-
Premium on general obligation bonds	_		290,465	290,465	
Total other financing sources	_	5,000,000	5,000,327	5,000,327	
Net change in fund balance	\$_	_	5,009,789	5,009,789	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016					
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			:	\$ 5,009,789	

2017 IDOLS ROAD BUSINESS PARK FUND

D-22

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

			Cumulative	Activity	Cumulative
			Total to	Year Ended	Total to
		<u>Budget</u>	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Revenues:	\$				
Intergovernmental		690,000	-	-	-
Other revenue		499,500			
Total revenues	_	1,189,500	-		-
Expenditures:					
Current -					
Community and economic development		790,000	-	-	-
Unallocated		399,500			
Total expenditures	_	1,189,500			
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	\$ =			-	
Fund balance - June 30, 2016				-	
Fund balance - June 30, 2017			Ş	-	



Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds

Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Tax Agency Fund – This fund is used to account for collections of various taxes by the County/City Tax Collector that are remitted to other funds and to other local governments and authorities and the 3% interest on the first month of delinquent motor vehicle taxes that the County is required to remit to the North Carolina Department of Motor Vehicles.

Fines and Forfeitures Fund – This fund is used to account for legal fines and forfeitures that the County is required to remit to the Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools.

Social Services Protective Payee Fund – This fund is used to account for funds held by the Social Services Department as an agent for clients.

Sheriff Fund – This fund is used to account for funds held by the Sheriff's Office as a result of gathering evidence or executing court orders.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

E-1

AGENCY FUNDS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA June 30, 2017

		<u>Tax</u>	Fines and Forfeitures	Protective <u>Payee</u>	<u>Sheriff</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	671,056	5,528	147,268	123,602	947,454
Receivables:						
Property taxes	3	,129,898	-	-	-	3,129,898
Accrued interest		-	-	71	-	71
Total assets	3	,800,954	5,528	147,339	123,602	4,077,423
LIABILITIES						
Due to other governments	3	,800,954	5,528	-	-	3,806,482
Other liabilities		-		147,339	123,602	270,941
Total liabilities	3	,800,954	5,528	147,339	123,602	4,077,423
NET POSITION	\$					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

AGENCY FUNDS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

		June 30, 2016	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deductions</u>	June 30, 2017
TAX AGENCY					
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	422,759	395,704,405	395,456,108	671,056
Receivables - property taxes	_	3,608,621	370,422,067	370,900,790	3,129,898
Total assets	\$	4,031,380	766,126,472	766,356,898	3,800,954
LIABILITIES					
Due to other governments	\$	4,031,380	527,183,358	527,413,784	3,800,954
FINES AND FORFEITURES					
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	262,673	1,895,662	2,152,807	5,528
LIABILITIES					
Due to other governments	\$ =	262,673	1,895,662	2,152,807	5,528
PROTECTIVE PAYEE ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	128,631	446,739	428,102	147,268
Receivables - accrued interest		77	1,200	1,206	71
Total assets	\$	128,708	447,939	429,308	147,339
LIABILITIES					
Other liabilities	\$	128,708	446,733	428,102	147,339
SHERIFF AGENCY					
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	95,059	433,539	404,996	123,602
LIABILITIES					
Other liabilities	\$	95,059	435,216	406,673	123,602
TOTAL - ALL AGENCY FUNDS					
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents / investments	\$	909,122	398,480,345	398,442,013	947,454
Receivables:	•	,	, ,	, ,	,
Property taxes		3,608,621	370,422,067	370,900,790	3,129,898
Accrued interest		77	1,200	1,206	71
Total assets	\$	4,517,820	768,903,612	769,344,009	4,077,423
LIABILITIES					
Due to other governments	\$	4,294,053	529,079,020	529,566,591	3,806,482
Other liabilities		223,767	881,949	834,775	270,941
Total liabilities	\$	4,517,820	529,960,969	530,401,366	4,077,423



Other Schedules

This section contains additional information on property taxes.

Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable – General Fund

Analysis of Current Tax Levy – Countywide Levy

Ten Largest Taxpayers

F-1

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE

GENERAL FUND

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA June 30, 2017

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2016	Additions Net of <u>Releases</u>	Collections And Credits	<u>Writeoffs</u>	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2017
2016 - 2017	\$ -	246,544,840	244,417,516	-	2,127,324
2015 - 2016	2,129,106	(255,539)	1,200,948	-	672,619
2014 - 2015	768,086	(229,598)	49,856	-	488,632
2013 - 2014	1,138,788	(305,147)	(103,161)	443,815	492,987
2012 - 2013	481,637	(21,887)	80,089	-	379,661
2011 - 2012	400,870	(8,191)	49,094	-	343,585
2010 - 2011	348,267	(1,144)	39,242	-	307,881
2009 - 2010	300,983	(757)	42,065	-	258,161
2008 - 2009	252,074	745	21,337	-	231,482
2007 - 2008	174,873	(427)	7,887	166,559	-
	\$ 5,994,684	245,722,895	245,804,873	610,374	5,302,332
		Ad	ss: allowance for und General Fund I valorem taxes recei General Fund		\$ (3,306,070) 1,996,262
		Reconcilement with reve	nues:		
		Property taxes - General	Fund		\$ 246,512,903
		Penalties collected on ad			
		Fines and Forfeitures Fu	nd		200,786
		Reconciling items:			
		Interest and fees col	lected	\$ (956,694)	
		Refunds		126,741	
		Collection of taxes p	reviously written off	(78,863)	
		Total reconciling it	tems		(908,816)
		Total collections and cred	dits		\$ 245,804,873

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY

COUNTYWIDE LEVY

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

							_	Total le	evy
	<u>-</u>	Property Valuation	Cou	Intywide Rate (1)		Amount of Levy	_	Property Excluding Registered Motor Vehicles	Registered Motor Vehicles
Gross levy: Property taxed at current									
year's rate	\$	32,903,603,809	\$.7310	\$	241,282,559	\$	224,242,173 \$	17,040,386
Motor vehicles taxed at									
prior year's rate: FY 14-15		2,092,563		.7168		14,999		-	14,999
FY 15-16		690,988,914		.7310		5,051,129		-	5,051,129
Penalties	_	-			_	268,045	_	267,984	61
Total		33,596,685,286				246,616,732		224,510,157	22,106,575
Releases		(9,834,747)			_	(71,892)	_	(71,831)	(61)
Total property valuation	\$ =	33,586,850,539							
Net levy						246,544,840		224,438,326	22,106,514
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2017					_	2,127,324	_	2,126,502	822
Current year's taxes collected					\$_	244,417,516	\$_	222,311,824 \$	22,105,692
Current levy collection percentage					_	99.14%	_	99.05%	99.996%

Secondary Market Disclosures:

Assessed Valuation:

Assessment Ratio (2) 100%

Real Property \$ 26,875,173,026

Personal Property 6,036,628,573

Public Service Companies (3) 675,048,940

Total Assessed Valuation 33,586,850,539

Tax Rate per \$100 0.7310

Levy (includes discoveries, releases and abatements) \$ 246,544,840

⁽¹⁾ The Assessed value times the tax rate will not equal the amount of levy because the levy includes discoveries and releases at prior years' rates.

⁽²⁾ Percentage of appraised value has been established by statute.

⁽³⁾ Valuation of railroads, telephone companies and other utilities as determined by the North Carolina Property Tax Commission.

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	2016 Assessed <u>Valuation</u>	Percentage of Total Assessed <u>Valuation</u>
R. J. Reynolds Industries, Inc	Tobacco, Foods, Petroleum and Transportation	\$ 836,644,049	2.49%
Duke Energy Corporation	Electric Utility	347,747,606	1.04%
Caterpillar Inc	Manufacturer	340,433,653	1.01%
JG Winston-Salem	Real Estate Management	203,477,018	0.61%
Wexford Science & Technology, LLC	Real Estate Development	189,496,443	0.56%
Wells Fargo Bank NA	Banking	159,398,495	0.47%
Deere-Hitachi	Manufacturer	115,952,804	0.35%
Winston Salem Healthcare	Real Estate Development	99,105,198	0.30%
Herbalife International of America	Manufacturer	97,958,003	0.29%
Wal_Mart	Retail	 90,435,705	0.27%
		\$ 2,480,648,974	7.39%

Statistical Section

This part of the Forsyth County comprehensive annual financial report presents detail information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends – These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	110
Revenue Capacity – These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the County's ability to generate its property taxes.	114
Debt Capacity – These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	119
Demographic and Economic Information – These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons over time and with other governments.	122
Operating Information – These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the Services the County provides and the activities it performs.	124

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The County implemented GASB Statement 34 in fiscal year 2002; schedules presenting government-wide information include information beginning in that year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Schedule 1

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	_					Fiscal	Year				
		2008	2009	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Governmental activitie Net investment in	s:										
capital assets	\$	66,426,734	72,988,514	78,662,765	84,541,770	83,829,746	75,547,493	76,582,427	80,960,647	91,997,431	93,927,835
Restricted		3,980,229	3,860,233	3,704,815	31,191,934	31,151,206	36,231,000	46,204,270	38,012,456	55,613,795	43,255,799
Unrestricted		(120,384,798)	(164,391,922)	(227,581,718)	(311,324,492)	(340,506,961)	(335,671,385)	(330,405,550)	(302,041,917)	(291,327,469)	(259,186,803)
Total governmental activities net deficit	\$	(49,977,835)	(87,543,175)	(145,214,138)	(195,590,788)	(225,526,009)	(223,892,892)	(207,618,853)	(183,068,814)	(143,716,243)	(122,003,169)

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(accrual basis of accounting) Fiscal Year 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 Expenses Governmental activities: General government 42,473,984 38,189,282 40,075,708 40,444,367 43,252,315 39,642,837 41,283,224 37,104,610 39,710,432 41,691,056 Public safety 67,092,138 68,384,497 71,544,414 71,590,553 71,455,381 69,433,724 73,826,748 73,502,755 77,733,569 80,973,981 2,642,585 **Environmental protection** 2,521,035 2,713,093 2,682,028 2,653,528 2,442,611 2,229,539 2,504,903 2,777,088 2,435,366 85,670,069 81,156,032 76,403,049 77,395,541 74,304,852 Human services 76,826,616 75,228,239 75,195,871 78,666,572 76,711,222 Culture and recreation 17,401,634 16,540,703 15,936,872 15,995,428 15,830,605 15,886,345 14,556,355 16,535,727 15,951,292 16,641,402 Community and economic development 2,998,916 2,777,002 4,231,621 4,541,117 6,697,889 2,795,206 4,209,903 2,936,334 4,211,266 3,840,814 185,747,060 217.912.687 199.596.063 181.325.863 152.410.053 134,732,270 135.927.424 Education 140,624,177 144,359,143 143,258,413 Interest on long-term debt 18,501,304 17,734,361 17,800,372 21,423,843 21,732,376 21,796,354 19,259,551 18,129,062 16,179,523 17,161,545 Total expenses 377,283,257 413,242,030 447,010,318 431,473,138 419,340,063 381,802,671 374,920,334 359,750,513 371,157,166 382,713,799 **Program revenues** Governmental activities: Charges for services General government 4,163,440 3,766,905 3,326,610 3.168.910 3,834,636 3.743.500 3.617.005 3.248.381 3,528,423 3.648.384 Public safety 17,465,407 16,039,769 15,538,279 15,837,236 16,810,834 17,540,753 17,361,145 17,605,671 17,143,278 16,137,539 266,457 222,569 251,076 292,471 205,762 220,956 228,599 618,162 532,922 172,683 Environmental protection 7,752,966 8,631,222 9,140,340 8,677,070 7,142,225 Human services 8,481,786 9,936,712 8,055,427 6,479,949 5,247,617 5,098,137 4,403,575 3.872.609 3,908,560 4,079,006 3,944,701 4,251,360 4,197,334 Culture and recreation 3,792,170 4,162,505 Community and economic development 55.552 16,988 23.587 60.793 40.954 58,979 160.528 91.515 126.263 103,560 Education 33,372 42,907 41,324 43,457 77,091 67,038 62,076 57,565 48,249 49,146 Operating grants and contributions General government 753.817 1,142,633 944.665 605.190 648.658 564.085 831.442 587.768 651.129 581,454 4,870,901 4,325,041 Public safety 3,698,500 4,409,705 4,525,900 5,259,860 4,468,936 5,436,967 5,225,898 4,270,996 747,815 Environmental protection 880,434 1,025,921 767,359 748,827 1,035,482 837,273 717,751 870,607 815,512 Human services 36,224,878 38,460,763 39,533,989 38,387,457 41,638,514 40,842,999 41,633,018 43,276,151 44,316,342 44,429,639 Culture and recreation 822,806 979,233 1,112,728 694,216 672,829 904,113 1,037,768 1,783,651 1,145,752 1,904,836 321.981 1.011.533 713.754 Community and economic development 959.624 1.666.607 2.618.897 339.875 422.464 476.516 329,492 Education 5,790,588 7,098,274 9,477,257 9,118,121 5,406,597 4,627,031 4,517,993 3,700,660 3,922,145 3,874,893 Capital grants and contributions General government 25.975 Total program revenues 83,965,978 86,588,420 90,567,331 88,375,431 90.488.022 86,634,392 86.488.339 90,264,067 88,426,226 85,728,256 (293,317,279) (326,653,610) (356,442,987) (343,097,707) (328,852,041) (295,168,279) (288,431,995) (269,486,446) (282,730,940) (296,985,543) Net expense General revenues and other changes in net position Governmental activities: 218,253,781 223,660,085 234,161,047 234,598,651 235,293,490 239,530,106 241,781,572 237,494,550 248,996,613 253,812,982 Taxes: Property taxes Local option sales taxes 73,496,042 56,381,820 49,733,084 49,565,057 52,867,275 52,933,206 52,905,448 59,852,643 61,889,139 63,841,660 542,596 673,224 Occupancy taxes 562,018 466,198 436,578 483,945 558,116 619,138 747,342 787,567 1,749,344 Other taxes and licenses 2,587,667 242,411 290,674 314,099 363,830 408,843 430,692 Gross receipts tax 271,131 475,501 Excise stamp tax 1,138,069 943,248 1,039,534 1,429,078 1,254,797 1,702,744 1,696,261 1,919,012 Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs 1,630,835 1,644,749 3,224,786 5,840,620 5,849,059 4,572,092 3,985,233 3,784,090 3,744,478 4,028,266 Investment earnings 9,025,373 4,150,368 966,309 741,526 612,725 141,520 715,063 487,307 874,524 1,548,280 Miscellaneous 8,869,740 276,879 1,009,905 3,080,953 3,172,690 462,735 1,061,681 2,421,467 530,167 116,609 306,018,451 289.114.245 298.772.024 292,721,057 298.916.820 300.488.122 304.706.034 304.933.568 321,551,739 326,529,877 Total general revenues Change in net position - governmental activities 12,701,172 (37,539,365)(57,670,963)(50,376,650)(29,935,221)5,319,843 16,274,039 35,447,122 38,820,799 29,544,334

Schedule 3

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

						Fiscal Year					
		2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
General Fund											
Reserved	\$	33,727,232	27,865,589	29,731,129							
Unreserved		86,715,440	101,701,080	113,871,426							
Nonspendable					180,133	172,691	251,658	122,250	122,250	122,250	122,250
Restricted					27,663,373	27,898,443	28,735,140	34,471,195	30,627,178	31,674,812	32,644,300
Committed					40,358,769	37,892,059	36,573,358	33,141,288	29,078,705	37,544,316	34,743,602
Assigned					15,950,543	19,235,587	13,978,806	10,031,500	27,673,036	18,603,884	19,017,695
Unassigned	_				62,118,267	63,057,650	63,971,070	64,817,179	58,038,886	59,187,664	59,556,713
Total General Fund	\$	120,442,672	129,566,669	143,602,555	146,271,085	148,256,430	143,510,032	142,583,412	145,540,055	147,132,926	146,084,560
All other governmental fund	- Ic										
Reserved	\$	2,054,017	11,659,953	10,483,574							
Unreserved, reported in:	Ţ	2,034,017	11,033,333	10,403,374							
Special revenue funds		2,103,908	884,635	(194,420)							
Capital projects funds		80,459,522	132,424,595	47,918,354							
Nonspendable					-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted					131,779,815	68,905,275	47,662,220	30,604,023	61,255,209	46,325,132	147,066,899
Committed					5,487,886	5,206,773	7,257,834	4,166,932	8,599,219	8,127,167	7,415,455
Assigned					-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	_				(457,737)	(479,424)	(123,274)	(5,169,337)	(746,862)	(1,883,107)	(93,996)
Total all other governmental funds	\$	84,617,447	144,969,183	58,207,508	136,809,964	73,632,624	54,796,780	29,601,618	69,107,566	52,569,192	154,388,358

Note: Amounts reported prior to the implementation of GASB 54 in fiscal year 2011 have not been restated.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)					Fiscal	Year				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$ 217,978,822	222,931,993	234,067,805	234,253,068	235,124,729	240,017,934	242,188,927	238,433,384	249,097,206	254,356,987
Occupancy taxes	562,018	466,198	436,578	483,945	542,596	558,116	619,138	673,224	747,342	787,567
Local option sales tax	73,496,042	56,381,820	49,733,084	49,565,057	52,867,275	52,933,206	52,905,448	59,852,643	61,889,139	63,841,660
Other taxes	377,837	202,959	242,411	271,131	290,674	314,099	363,830	408,843	430,692	475,501
Licenses and permits	922,548	940,488	857,450	902,447	766,104	867,200	790,379	840,176	885,379	837,632
Intergovernmental	51,239,274	55,768,601	61,855,315	63,225,328	61,804,884	57,669,048	58,735,531	59,319,667	58,522,653	59,841,104
Charges for services	24,621,408	25,129,543	24,332,511	22,884,593	23,276,406	24,945,629	23,733,229	23,624,514	23,129,592	22,105,829
Investment earnings	9,122,280	4,251,484	984,702	758,785	626,269	152,564	727,569	502,238	892,558	1,575,590
Other	8,904,354	9,379,996	16,408,473	8,944,216	12,978,204	9,041,885	10,014,487	10,780,239	10,599,508	8,630,891
Total revenues	387,224,583	375,453,082	388,918,329	381,288,570	388,277,141	386,499,681	390,078,538	394,434,928	406,194,069	412,452,761
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	36,965,763	33,038,710	36,672,233	36,208,234	36,548,586	36,031,427	36,546,154	34,751,181	36,742,065	39,040,088
Public safety	61,360,693	64,633,076	67,313,048	68,412,022	69,124,066	68,062,518	69,651,727	71,415,681	75,399,678	78,879,635
Environmental protection	2,414,429	2,686,706	2,633,641	2,613,354	2,633,817	2,477,195	2,206,012	2,557,325	2,770,670	2,497,067
Human services	77,348,513	74,142,024	68,825,351	68,481,046	70,142,751	70,607,949	68,544,801	69,035,342	72,603,478	74,918,617
Culture and recreation	16,004,016	15,459,452	15,034,842	14,657,631	14,430,037	14,488,772	14,453,569	14,172,939	14,523,516	15,064,741
Community and economic development	2,977,892	2,766,353	4,236,714	4,534,972	6,694,033	2,798,505	2,774,655	2,935,327	4,212,562	3,839,152
Education	895,261	2,243,594	1,580,098	1,391,488	788,811	698,383	604,563	969,082	789,485	807,656
Intergovernmental:										
Human services	6,181,990	6,167,610	6,379,039	5,679,583	5,692,674	6,742,601	5,740,312	5,861,305	5,811,072	1,948,784
Education	139,681,424	183,475,254	216,316,478	198,206,090	180,529,368	151,695,430	143,738,262	133,713,158	135,157,216	142,452,410
Debt service:										
Principal retirement	23,924,516	26,200,993	29,693,677	29,909,022	37,906,327	39,097,635	41,565,055	39,050,432	40,054,752	39,184,853
Interest and other charges	17,246,714	19,490,528	19,189,422	23,820,913	24,767,215	24,130,833	22,433,916	22,056,472	20,643,389	19,090,480
Capital outlay	5,360,224	8,097,429	10,192,815	10,677,148	20,995,615	13,136,326	8,029,369	7,626,935	13,083,061	23,260,508
Total expenditures	390,361,435	438,401,729	478,067,358	464,591,503	470,253,300	429,967,574	416,288,395	404,145,179	421,790,944	440,983,991
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(3,136,852)	(62,948,647)	(89,149,029)	(83,302,933)	(81,976,159)	(43,467,893)	(26,209,857)	(9,710,251)	(15,596,875)	(28,531,230)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Installment purchases	-	1,026,000	-	-	2,400,000					
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	42,870,000	50,295,000	-	35,090,000	8,230,000	72,245,000	29,720,000	-
Premium on refunding bonds	-	-	5,025,171	7,503,955	-	8,795,717	-	18,145,244	-	-
General obligation bonds issuance	-	156,255,000	-	157,625,000	-	18,750,000	-	47,550,000	-	123,145,000
Premium on general obligation bonds	-	4,407,759	-	6,548,336	-	811,977	-	4,114,935	-	6,157,030
Limited obligation bonds issued	-	-	15,000,000	-	16,290,000	-	-	-	-	-
Premium on limited obligation bonds	-	-	1,023,705	-	2,094,164	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	18,308,651	13,141,259	17,572,682	18,196,159	10,806,854	13,712,606	13,687,885	16,176,832	15,574,472	18,622,313
Transfers out	(18,308,651)	(13,141,259)	(17,572,682)	(18,196,159)	(10,806,854)	(13,712,606)	(13,687,885)	(16,176,832)	(15,574,472)	(18,622,313)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	(29,264,379)	(47,495,636)	(57,398,372)		(43,562,043)	(8,141,925)	(89,882,337)	(29,600,400)	-
Payment to refunded certificates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
of participation escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	132,424,380	16,423,240	164,573,919	20,784,164	19,885,651	88,075	52,172,842	119,600	129,302,030
Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,136,852)	69,475,733	(72,725,789)	81,270,986	(61,191,995)	(23,582,242)	(26,121,782)	42,462,591	(15,477,275)	100,770,800
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	10.7%	10.6%	10.5%	11.9%	15.5%	15.2%	15.6%	15.4%	14.9%	14.0%

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

							(2) Ratio of	
Fiscal	(1)						Assessed	(3) Total
Year	Tax Year						Value to	Direct
Ended	Ended	Real	Personal	Registered	Corporate		Estimated	Тах
<u>June 30</u>	December 31	<u>Property</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Vehicles</u>	Excess	<u>Total</u>	Actual Value	<u>Rate</u>
2008	2007	24,382,286,380	3,109,875,910	2,543,653,630	608,722,150	30,644,538,070	100%	0.6960
2009	2008	25,059,661,800	3,273,855,900	2,437,710,820	612,718,250	31,383,946,770	100%	0.6960
2010	2009	27,808,315,600	3,160,949,200	2,258,490,180	628,610,220	33,856,365,200	100%	0.6740
2011	2010	27,971,609,000	3,036,245,900	2,224,587,900	606,245,900	33,838,688,700	100%	0.6740
2012	2011	28,019,913,529	2,928,773,237	2,361,443,265	598,732,969	33,908,863,000	100%	0.6740
2013	2012	28,311,900,597	3,077,593,236	2,359,763,765	613,418,118	34,362,675,716	100%	0.6740
2014	2013	25,962,868,887	3,060,564,808	3,379,328,693	587,034,662	32,989,797,050	100%	0.7168
2015	2014	26,041,986,825	2,809,383,967	2,736,319,899	611,422,481	32,199,113,172	100%	0.7168
2016	2015	26,239,522,214	3,040,006,463	2,885,713,744	660,896,757	32,826,139,178	100%	0.7310
2017	2016	26,875,173,026	3,012,441,003	3,024,187,570	675,048,940	33,586,850,539	100%	0.7310

Source: Assessed Valuation amounts provided by the Forsyth County Tax Office.

Notes: (1) Tax year for registered vehicles is the same as fiscal year.

⁽²⁾ Assessed value is established at estimated market value. Real property was revalued on January 1 of 2005 and 2013. As of January 1, 1993, assessed value for registered vehicles is established monthly. Assessed value for all other property is established annually.

⁽³⁾ Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation. Direct Rate shown does not include Fire Tax District Rates. See Schedule 6 for complete Direct and Overlapping Tax Rates.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Ten Fiscal Years Page 1 of 2

				Tax Rates p	er \$100 Valu	ation, Year E	inded June 3	0,		
	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Forsyth County \$	0.7310	0.7310	0.7168	0.7168	0.6740	0.6740	0.6740	0.6740	0.6960	0.6960
Municipalities: (1)										
City of Winston-Salem	0.5850	0.5650	0.5400	0.5300	0.4910	0.4750	0.4750	0.4675	0.4900	0.4900
Combined Rate	1.3160	1.2960	1.2568	1.2468	1.1650	1.1490	1.1490	1.1415	1.1860	1.1860
Town of Bethania	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3000	0.3200	0.3200	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500	0.3500
Combined Rate	1.0310	1.0310	1.0168	1.0168	0.9940	0.9940	1.0240	1.0240	1.0460	1.0460
Villaga of Classica and	0.1150	0.4450	0.4450	0.1150	0.1150	0.1150	0.1150	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005
Village of Clemmons Combined Rate	0.1150 0.8460	0.1150 0.8460	0.1150 0.8318	0.1150 0.8318	0.1150 0.7890	0.1150 0.7890	0.1150 0.7890	0.0985 0.7725	0.0985 0.7945	0.0985 0.7945
combined nate		0.0.00	0.0020	5.5525	0.7000	0.7000	0.7000	0	0.70.0	0.70.10
City of High Point	0.6475	0.6500	0.6640	0.6750	0.6750	0.6620	0.6330	0.6330	0.6330	0.6323
Combined Rate	1.3785	1.3810	1.3808	1.3918	1.3490	1.3360	1.3070	1.3070	1.3290	1.3283
Town of Kernersville	0.5700	0.5425	0.5425	0.5275	0.4975	0.4975	0.4975	0.4975	0.5500	0.5500
Combined Rate	1.3010	1.2735	1.2593	1.2443	1.1715	1.1715	1.1715	1.1715	1.2460	1.2460
City of King	0.4220	0.4220	0.4220	0.4220	0.3999	0.3999	0.3799	0.3799	0.3799	0.3599
Combined Rate	1.1530	1.1530	1.1388	1.1388	1.0739	1.0739	1.0539	1.0539	1.0759	1.0559
Town of Lewisville	0.1770	0.1770	0.1770	0.1770	0.1770	0.1770	0.1770	0.1770	0.1770	0.1770
Combined Rate	0.9080	0.9080	0.8938	0.8938	0.8510	0.8510	0.8510	0.8510	0.8730	0.8730
To a CD addid!	0.2400	0.2400	0.2000	0.2000	0.3500	0.3500	0.2400	0.2400	0.2400	0.2200
Town of Rural Hall Combined Rate	0.3100 1.0410	0.3100 1.0410	0.3000 1.0168	0.2800 0.9968	0.2500 0.9240	0.2500 0.9240	0.2400 0.9140	0.2400 0.9140	0.2400 0.9360	0.2300 0.9260
combined rate	1.0-7.10	1.0-110	1.0100	0.5500	0.3240	0.5240	0.5140	0.5140	0.5500	0.5200
Village of Tobaccoville	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500
Combined Rate	0.7810	0.7810	0.7668	0.7668	0.7240	0.7240	0.7240	0.7240	0.7460	0.7460
Town of Walkertown	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000	0.2000
Combined Rate	0.9310	0.9310	0.9168	0.9168	0.8740	0.8740	0.8740	0.8740	0.8960	0.8960
Fire Tax Districts: (2)										
Beesons Crossroads	0.0880	0.0880	0.0880	0.0880	0.0800	0.0800	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700
Combined Direct Rate	0.8190	0.8190	0.8048	0.8048	0.7540	0.7540	0.7440	0.7440	0.7660	0.7660
Beesons Crossroads Service	0.0880	0.0880	0.0880	0.0880						
Combined Direct Rate	0.8190	0.8190	0.8048	0.8048						
Belews Creek	0.1100	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700	0.0700	0.0550
Combined Direct Rate	0.8410	0.8060	0.7918	0.7918	0.7440	0.7440	0.7440	0.7440	0.7660	0.7510
City View	0.1050	0.0900	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800
Combined Direct Rate	0.8360	0.8210	0.7968	0.7968	0.7540	0.7540	0.7540	0.7540	0.7760	0.7760
Clemmons	0.0600	0.0600	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500
Combined Direct Rate	0.7910	0.7910	0.7668	0.7668	0.7240	0.7240	0.7240	0.7240	0.7460	0.7460
Forest Hill	0.1050	0.0900	0.0850	0.0850	0.0750	0.0750	0.0650	0.0650	0.0650	0.0500
Combined Direct Rate	0.8360	0.8210	0.8018	0.8018	0.0730 0.7490	0.0730 0.7490	0.7390	0.0630 0.7390	0.0630 0.7610	0.7460
Griffith Combined Direct Pate	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550
Combined Direct Rate	0.7860	0.7860	0.7718	0.7718	0.7290	0.7290	0.7290	0.7290	0.7510	0.7510
Gumtree	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.0950	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850	0.0850
Combined Direct Rate	0.8310	0.8310	0.8168	0.8168	0.7690	0.7590	0.7590	0.7590	0.7810	0.7810

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Ten Fiscal Years Page 2 of 2

				Tax Rates	per \$100 Val	uation, Year	Ended June 3	30,		
	<u>2017</u>	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Fire Tax Districts (cont.): (2)										
Horneytown \$	0.1100	0.1100	0.1100	0.1100	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000
Combined Direct Rate	0.8410	0.8410	0.8268	0.8268	0.7740	0.7740	0.7740	0.7740	0.7740	0.7960
King	0.0750	0.0650	0.0650	0.0650	0.0650	0.0650	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550	0.0550
Combined Direct Rate	0.8060	0.7960	0.7818	0.7818	0.7390	0.7390	0.7290	0.7290	0.7290	0.7510
Lewisville	0.0800	0.0800	0.0780	0.0740	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600	0.0600
Combined Direct Rate	0.8110	0.8110	0.7948	0.7908	0.7340	0.7340	0.7340	0.7340	0.7340	0.7560
Mineral Springs	0.1050	0.0900	0.0850	0.0850	0.0750	0.0750	0.0650	0.0650	0.0650	0.0500
Combined Direct Rate	0.8360	0.8210	0.8018	0.8018	0.7490	0.7490	0.7390	0.7390	0.7390	0.7460
Mineral Springs Service	0.1050	0.0900	0.0850	0.0850	0.0750	0.0750	0.0650	0.0650	0.0650	0.0500
Combined Direct Rate	0.8360	0.8210	0.8018	0.8018	0.7490	0.7490	0.7390	0.7390	0.7390	0.7460
Mount Tabor	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750
Combined Direct Rate	0.8060	0.8060	0.7918	0.7918	0.7490	0.7490	0.7490	0.7490	0.7490	0.7710
Old Richmond	0.0950	0.0950	0.0900	0.0900	0.0850	0.0850	0.0800	0.0700	0.0700	0.0600
Combined Direct Rate	0.8260	0.8260	0.8068	0.8068	0.7590	0.7590	0.7540	0.7440	0.7440	0.7560
Piney Grove	0.1300	0.1300	0.1150	0.1150	0.1070	0.1070	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900	0.0900
Combined Direct Rate	0.8610	0.8610	0.8318	0.8318	0.7810	0.7810	0.7640	0.7640	0.7640	0.7860
Salem Chapel Combined Direct Rate	0.1200 0.8510	0.1200	0.0900 0.8068	0.0900 0.8068	0.0900 0.7640	0.0900 0.7640	0.0900 0.7640	0.0600 0.7340	0.0600 0.7340	0.0600 0.7560
Combined Direct Rate	0.8510	0.8510	0.0000	0.8008	0.7640	0.7640	0.7640	0.7540	0.7540	0.7560
South Fork	0.0600	0.0600	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500
Combined Direct Rate	0.7910	0.7910	0.7668	0.7668	0.7240	0.7240	0.7240	0.7240	0.7240	0.7460
Suburban (Rural Hall)	0.1050	0.1050	0.0960	0.0860	0.0750	0.0750	0.0650	0.0650	0.0650	0.0550
Combined Direct Rate	0.8360	0.8360	0.8128	0.8028	0.7490	0.7490	0.7390	0.7390	0.7390	0.7510
Tallanda Conssions	0.4050	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000
Talley's Crossing Combined Direct Rate	0.1050 0.8360	0.0900 0.8210	0.0800 0.7968	0.0800 0.7968	0.0800 0.7540	0.0800 0.7540	0.0800 0.7540	0.0800 0.7540	0.0800 0.7540	0.0800 0.7760
combined birect nate	0.0300	0.0210	0.7500	0.7500	0.7540	0.7540	0.7540	0.7540	0.7540	0.7700
Triangle	0.0920	0.0920	0.0920	0.0920	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0700
Combined Direct Rate	0.8230	0.8230	0.8088	0.8088	0.7540	0.7540	0.7540	0.7540	0.7540	0.7660
Union Cross	0.1200	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.1000	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0700
Combined Direct Rate	0.8510	0.8310	0.8168	0.8168	0.7740	0.7740	0.7540	0.7540	0.7540	0.7660
Vienna	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750
Combined Direct Rate	0.8060	0.0750 0.8060	0.0730 0.7918	0.0730 0.7918	0.0730	0.0730 0.7490	0.0730 0.7490	0.0730 0.7490	0.0730 0.7490	0.0730 0.7710
								3		
Walkertown (Northeast)	0.1000	0.0950	0.0950	0.0870	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0800	0.0700
Combined Direct Rate	0.8310	0.8260	0.8118	0.8038	0.7540	0.7540	0.7540	0.7540	0.7540	0.7660
West Bend	0.0800	0.0800	0.0780	0.0740	0.0600	0.0600	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500	0.0500
Combined Direct Rate	0.8110	0.8110	0.7948	0.7908	0.7340	0.7340	0.7240	0.7240	0.7240	0.7460

Source: Property Tax Rates provided by the Forsyth County Tax Office

Notes: (1) Municipalities set their own direct rate. This rate, combined with the County Rate and any applicable Fire Tax District Rate, is the total Overlapping Tax Rate.

(2) The Forsyth County Board of Commissioners sets each Fire Tax District Rate.

Schedule 7

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2016		Percentage of Total	2007		Percentage of Total
		Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Type of Business	<u>Valuation</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Valuation</u>	<u>Valuation</u>	<u>Rank</u>	<u>Valuation</u>
R. J. Reynolds Industries, Inc	Tobacco, Foods, Petroleum and Transportation	\$ 836,644,049	1	2.49%	\$ 1,051,976,630	1	3.43%
Duke Energy Corporation	Electric Utility	347,747,606	2	1.04%	272,178,722	3	0.89%
Caterpillar Inc	Manufacturer	340,433,653	3	1.01%			
JG Winston-Salem	Real Estate Management	203,477,018	4	0.61%	178,849,000	5	0.58%
Wexford Science & Technology, LLC	Real Estate Development	189,496,443	5	0.56%			
Wells Fargo Bank NA	Banking	159,398,495	6	0.47%	333,528,540	2	1.09%
Deere-Hitachi	Manufacturer	115,952,804	7	0.35%			
Winston Salem Healthcare	Real Estate Development	99,105,198	8	0.30%			
Herbalife Internationl of America	Manufacturer	97,958,003	9	0.29%			
Walmart	Retail	90,435,705	10	0.27%			
Lowes Home Center	Retail				245,477,800	4	0.80%
Hanesbrands Inc.	Textiles				177,385,310	6	0.58%
Highwoods/Forsyth Partners	Real Estate Management				141,736,700	7	0.46%
BellSouth Corporation	Communications Utility				122,318,655	8	0.40%
Dell Inc	Computer Manufacturer				114,252,900	9	0.37%
Wake Forest University	Education / Health Care				106,654,147	10	0.35%
		\$ 2,480,648,974		7.39%	\$ 2,744,358,404		8.95%

Source: Property Tax Rates provided by the Forsyth County Tax Office

Note: Hanesbrands Inc. includes property previously reported under Sara Lee Corporation.

Wells Fargo Bank NA includes property previously reported under Wachovia Bank NA

Schedule 8

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected within the

Fiscal Year	Total Tax	Fiscal Year of	the Levy	Collections in	Total Collection	ons to Date
Ended	Levy for		Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage
June 30	Fiscal Year	<u>Amount</u>	of Levy	<u>Years</u>	Amount	of Levy
2008	213,402,003	209,512,061	98.18%	3,129,474	212,641,535	99.64%
2009	219,385,625	213,993,232	97.54%	4,111,557	218,104,789	99.42%
2010	229,188,797	224,184,021	97.82%	4,311,064	228,495,085	99.70%
2011	229,126,449	224,104,050	97.81%	4,375,945	228,479,995	99.72%
2012	228,728,259	223,947,380	97.91%	4,029,135	227,976,516	99.67%
2013	232,910,975	228,359,406	98.05%	3,658,755	232,018,161	99.62%
2014	234,215,900	230,760,638	98.52%	2,121,092	232,881,730	99.43%
2015	230,986,702	228,618,034	98.97%	1,601,385	230,219,419	99.67%
2016	241,192,603	239,063,497	99.12%	1,200,948	240,264,445	99.62%
2017	246,544,840	244,417,516	99.14%	-	244,417,516	99.14%

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Bonded Debt as a	
		Percentage of	Total
	General	Actual Taxable	Bonded
Fiscal	Obligation	Value of	Debt Per
<u>Year</u>	<u>Bonds</u>	Property ^a	Capita ^b
2008	318,136,642	1.04%	943.58
2009	428,904,785	1.37%	1,250.54
2010	407,697,994	1.20%	1,173.80
2011	552,547,783	1.63%	1,572.16
2012	517,690,727	1.53%	1,462.35
2013	506,841,054	1.47%	1,417.06
2014	467,559,237	1.42%	1,297.62
2015	492,044,964	1.53%	1,352.26
2016	452,707,749	1.38%	1,235.07
2017	543,957,057	1.62%	1,471.39

Governmental	Activities

Fiscal <u>Year</u>	General Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Certificates of <u>Participation</u>	Limited Obligation <u>Bonds</u>	Installment Purchase Obligations	Total Primary <u>Government</u>	Percentage of Personal <u>Income ^b</u>	Total Debt Per <u>Capita ^b</u>
2008	318,136,642	78,461,313	-	1,705,877	398,303,832	2.97%	1,181.35
2009	428,904,785	73,004,074	-	2,185,884	504,094,743	3.55%	1,469.77
2010	407,697,994	67,394,069	15,977,734	1,582,207	492,652,004	3.68%	1,418.39
2011	552,547,783	61,641,500	15,139,749	812,088	630,141,120	4.59%	1,792.93
2012	517,690,727	55,731,450	32,676,028	2,835,543	608,933,748	4.38%	1,720.08
2013	506,841,054	49,976,539	31,680,167	2,141,649	590,639,409	4.06%	1,651.35
2014	467,559,237	37,650,582	29,874,372	9,620,166	544,704,357	3.78%	1,511.72
2015	492,044,964	33,730,604	28,076,784	8,335,996	562,188,347	3.63%	1,545.03
2016	452,707,749	-	26,287,402	36,475,000	515,470,151	3.18%	1,406.30
2017	543,957,057	-	24,506,734	31,195,000	599,658,791	n/a	1,622.07

Notes:

1. Details regarding the County's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

^a See Schedule 5 for property value data.

^b See Schedule 12 for population and personal income data. The last year of personal income data was not published at the time of this schedule.

Schedule 10

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

As of June 30, 2017

<u>Governmental Unit</u>	Debt <u>Outstanding</u>	Percentage Applicable to Forsyth <u>County</u> ^a		Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Debt repaid with property taxes				
City of Winston-Salem	\$ 299,223,886	100.0%	\$	299,223,886
Town of Kernersville	20,250,896	94.9%		19,218,100
Town of King	1,029,343	11.1%		113,745
Other debt				
City of Winston-Salem	541,127,857	100.0%	_	541,127,857
Subtotal, overlapping debt				859,683,588
County direct debt			_	599,658,791
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$_	1,459,342,379

Sources: Assessed value data used to estimate applicable percentages provided by the Forsyth County Tax Office or the governmental units. Debt outstanding data provided by each governmental unit.

Notes: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the County.

This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of Forsyth County. This process recognizes that, when considering the County's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident - and therefore responsible for repaying the debt - of each overlapping government.

^a For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value which is within the County's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value. This approach was also used for the City of Winston-Salem's Other Debt.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

Schedule 11

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2017							
Assessed Value of Taxable Property	33,586,851						
Debt Limit - Eight percent (8%) of assessed value	2,686,948						
Debt applicable to limit:							
General obligation bonds		543,957					
Limited obligation bonds	24,507						
Installment purchase obligations	31,195						
Total debt applicable to legal debt limit	599,659						
Legal debt margin	2,087,289						

	_	Fiscal Year									
	_	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Debt Limit	\$	2,451,563	2,510,716	2,708,509	2,707,095	2,712,709	2,749,014	2,639,184	2,575,929	2,626,091	2,686,948
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	390,921	493,576	463,047	605,572	586,266	590,639	544,704	562,188	515,470	599,659
Legal debt margin	\$	2,060,642	2,017,140	2,245,462	2,101,523	2,126,443	2,158,375	2,094,479	2,013,741	2,110,621	2,087,289
-	_										
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		15.9%	19.7%	17.1%	22.4%	21.6%	21.5%	20.6%	21.8%	19.6%	22.3%

Note: Under state law, the County's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed eight percent (8%) of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Ten Calendar Years

		Personal	Per Capita		Dropout	Public	Private	
Calendar		Income	Personal	Median	Rates for	School	School	Unemployment
Year ^b	Population ¹	(000's) ²	Income ²	Age 1,3	Grades 9-12 4	Enrollment 4	Enrollment 5, a	Rate ⁶
2007	337,159	13,421,920	39,635	37.6	6.4%	50,974	5,441	4.4%
2008	342,975	14,192,325	41,217	37.8	5.5%	51,422	5,480	5.6%
2009	347,333	13,398,550	38,443	37.1	4.8%	51,488	5,197	9.5%
2010	351,458	13,727,506	39,058	37.2	4.1%	52,050	5,056	10.1%
2011	354,014	13,899,034	39,206	37.2	3.8%	52,277	4,834	9.8%
2012	357,671	14,536,438	40,614	37.3	3.4%	52,860	4,691	8.9%
2013	360,320	14,410,752	39,877	37.5	2.7%	53,107	4,579	7.5%
2014	363,869	15,477,536	42,335	37.6	2.3%	53,693	4,494	6.0%
2015	366,543	16,184,845	43,859	37.7	2.8%	53,908	4,458	5.5%
2016	369,688	n/a	n/a	n/a	2.4%	54,162	4,505	4.9%

Sources:

Notes:

¹ Office of State Budget and Management. Subject to change as OSBM updates periodically. 2016 is a projection.

² U.S. Department of Commerce: Bureau of Economic Analysis

³ U.S. Census Bureau

⁴ North Carolina Department of Public Instruction

⁵ State of North Carolina Division of Non-Public Education

⁶ The Employment Security Commission of North Carolina

^a Private School Enrollment does not include special schools or home schools.

^b Personal Income, Per Capital Personal Income, and Median Age for 2016 had not been released by the Bureau of Economic Analysis at the time of this schedule.

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Current Year and Ten Years Ago

	2017 1				!	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Number of		Total County	Number of		Total County
<u>Employer</u>	Employees	<u>Rank</u>	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Wake Forest University Baptist Medical Center	12,873	1	7.4%	11,570	1	6.9%
Novant Health	8,145	2	4.7%	7,500	3	4.5%
Winston-Salem/Forsyth County School System	6,860	3	3.9%	7,550	2	4.5%
Reynolds American ^a	3,000	4	1.7%	2,140	8	1.3%
Wake Forest University	2,784	5	1.6%	2,310	7	1.4%
Wells Fargo Bank ^b	2,745	6	1.6%	3,055	5	1.8%
Hanesbrands, Inc. ^c	2,500	7	1.4%	4,000	4	2.4%
City of Winston-Salem	2,420	8	1.4%	2,360	6	1.4%
Forsyth County	2,275	9	1.3%	2,140	8	1.3%
BB&T Corporation	2,134	10	1.2%	1,400	10	0.8%
Total	45,736	•	26.2%	44,025		26.3%

¹ estimates as of July 2017

Sources: Number of employees provided by the Winston-Salem Chamber of Commerce, as reported by individual companies and institutions. County civilian labor force information used to calculate percentage of total employment provided by the North Carolina Employment Security Commission.

² estimates as of June 2007

^b formerly Wachovia Corporation

^a formerly R.J. Reynolds Tobacco Company

^c formerly Sara Lee Personal Products

FULL-TIME-EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-time	Fauivale	nt Fmn	lovees as	of June 30.
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	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
<u>Function</u>	<u>2008</u>	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
General government	370	368	361	354	346	336	320	314	314	325
Public safety	786	792	803	800	774	771	781	784	782	786
Human services	633	660	654	667	660	667	662	661	661	710
Environmental protection	23	22	22	22	22	22	22	23	24	23
Community and										
economic development	5	5	5	5	6	5	5	5	4	5
Education	19	16	14	9	4	4	4	5	5	6
Culture and recreation	219	216	200	204	203	205	198	191	184	192
Total	2,055	2,079	2,059	2,061	2,015	2,010	1,992	1,983	1,974	2,047

Source: Forsyth County Finance Department

Notes: The County has full-time employees scheduled to work 32-hour (1,728 hours per year), 36-hour (1,944 hours per year), 40-hour (2,080 hours per year), 42-hour (2,184 hours per year), 42.5-hour (2,210 hours per year), 42.88-hour (2,230 hours per year), or 56-hour (2,912 hours per year) work weeks.

Full-time-equivalent employment is calculated by dividing total labor hours employed by the standard scheduled hours.

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Page 1 of 2

<u>Function</u>	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 ²
General government										
General services										
Number of facilities ¹	68	70	70	72	49	46	47	47	47	41
Square footage - active	2,881,478	2,917,478	2,917,478	1,864,494	1,853,678	1,827,073	2,257,302	2,277,389	2,150,982	2,099,727
Assigned fleet vehicles	597	597	597	631	622	585	577	577	577	562
Register of deeds										
Deeds recorded	16,572	13,932	10,346	10,150	9,215	9,651	10,875	11,399	11,335	12,108
Real estate copies	30,056	29,105	26,445	23,427	21,648	21,542	24,193	18,413	15,795	17,735
Birth certificates	8,216	9,325	8,526	7,825	7,314	8,140	8,499	5,575	8,134	9,691
Marriage certificates	2,113	2,097	2,039	1,937	2,001	2,083	2,038	2,092	2,329	2,483
Vital records copies	60,673	59,036	56,729	54,685	58,043	59,439	62,319	60,826	65,744	65,740
Tax administration										
Audits	351	350	n/a							
Current year levy collection percentage	98.93%	98.96%	98.27%	98.43%	97.81%	97.91%	98.05%	98.43%	98.89%	99.04%
Public safety										
Animal control										
Animals sheltered	8,086	8,079	8,833	8,397	8,395	9,059	8,223	7,220	6,750	6,772
Animals adopted	1,326	1,349	1,474	1,311	1,175	1,518	1,797	1,585	1,672	1,730
Emergency management										
Responders receiving specialized training	101	448	477	480	211	474	125	125	125	75
Emergency services										
Emergency dispatches	23,533	25,809	25,238	27,057	27,854	30,912	31,349	29,348	29,364	30,818
Non-emergency dispatches	12,480	10,258	8,561	7,151	6,668	5,560	2,968	8,095	9,484	10,296
Fire										
Fire alarms (total dispatches)	4,330	4,164	3,787	3,897	3,907	3,738	4,058	7,518	7,241	7,711
Volunteer rescue squad response	23,719	24,238	24,307	25,670	27,007	28,846	10,478	19,744	20,060	20,942
911 calls received	N/A	N/A	83,669	85,614	88,635	89,006	44,444	89,695	93,542	98,333
Telephone calls processed	172,928	205,592	178,366	176,043	177,527	188,363	97,758	204,839	209,199	215,479
Sheriff										
Patrol service calls	27,837	41,720	44,219	48,284	45,791	47,669	74,125	66,409	80,851	83,851
Detention - avg. daily inmate population	897	881	869	824	675	775	695	761	731	682
Detention - avg. length of stay (in days)	26	26	25	24	20	21	20	22	21	22

Source: Forsyth County Budget Office. (See Note 3 for exception.)

Notes: ¹ General Services changed the method in which it identified the number of facilities maintained in 2011. Various facilities were consolidated into one facility which resulted in a much lower number but approximately the same square footage maintained.

² Fiscal Year 2016 is the most recent actual data available.

³ Source for Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools data is North Carolina Department of Public Instruction.

Last Ten Fiscal Years Page 2 of 2

<u>Function</u>	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016 ²
Human services										
Public health										
Wait time on improvement permits (in days)	20.0	21.0	10.5	12.3	12.3	9.0	7.5	7.5	8.0	8.0
Children Immunized by 23 months of age	83%	82%	82%	90%	90%	88%	82%	87%	91%	91%
Social services										
Adult guardianships	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,424	1,739	1,813	1,812	2,114	2,485	2,737
Adoptions finalized	n/a	63	63	53	37	34	22	24	25	29
Child protective services investigations	n/a	2,625	2,756	2,621	2,688	2,893	2,724	2,952	2,819	3,514
Child day care clients served	n/a	n/a	n/a	40,621	37,190	37,639	36,994	34,941	33,423	32,505
Environmental protection										
Permits processed within prescribed timeframe	99%	99%	100%	99%	97%	91%	91%	100%	100%	85%
Correct air quality forecasting	80%	90%	89%	80%	80%	78%	81%	78%	76%	77%
Community and Economic development										
Homes rehabilitated	12	21	21	18	38	35	24	23	16	16
First time home buyers & IDA	76	48	44	64	37	24	15	33	39	36
Culture and recreation										
NC cooperative extension service										
Educational meetings attendance	2,645	1,778	2,539	7,950	9,103	5,493	4,145	2,824	4,522	5,423
Economic value of volunteer service	\$310,000	\$345,000	\$475,000	\$305,169	\$592,880	\$565,117	\$523,119	\$613,391	\$663,391	\$1,093,246
Library										
Number of libraries	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Program Attendance	89,743	90,867	107,468	95,791	101,284	96,108	104,377	81,141	102,577	108,526
Materials Circulated	1,806,564	1,913,042	2,044,856	1,956,849	1,933,496	1,915,971	1,887,526	1,819,410	1,613,189	1,560,638
Recreation and parks										
Number of parks	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Park visitors	2,317,301	2,826,255	3,188,518	2,914,185	2,889,969	2,854,524	3,192,212	3,716,992	4,256,936	4,376,870
Golf rounds played	67,400	70,720	65,449	59,193	49,642	56,553	52,038	51,370	52,513	51,950
Festival of lights - visitors	274,530	282,700	250,458	223,236	217,362	263,100	262,818	245,808	280,842	281,016
Education										
Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools ³										
Number of schools	72	75	76	80	80	80	79	81	81	81
Number of classrooms	2,416	2,653	n/a							
Number of teachers	3,020	3,293	3,585	3,938	3,768	3,778	3,878	3,749	3,826	3,758
Forsyth Technical Community College										
Enrollment	7,203	7,895	9,144	9,922	10,616	9,941	9,881	12,968	13,036	12,238

Source: Forsyth County Budget Office. (See Note 3 for exception.)

Notes: ¹ General Services changed the method in which it identified the number of facilities maintained in 2011. Various facilities were consolidated into one facility which resulted in a much lower number but approximately the same square footage maintained.

² Fiscal Year 2016 is the most recent actual data available.

³ Source for Winston-Salem/Forsyth County Schools data is North Carolina Department of Public Instruction.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year					
<u>Function</u>	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government										
General services										
Number of facilities ¹	70	70	72	72	53	47	48	44	41	41
Square footage - active ²	2,917,478	2,917,478	1,864,494	1,853,678	1,827,073	2,257,302	2,277,389	2,150,982	2,099,727	2,146,032
Fleet vehicles ³	613	590	620	615	585	575	569	562	577	571
Public safety ³										
Emergency medical services										
Assigned vehicles	29	30	31	31	34	34	34	34	35	38
Fire										
Assigned vehicles	13	13	13	13	17	17	16	14	15	14
Sheriff										
Assigned vehicles	255	242	244	260	237	237	227	229	238	234

Source: Facility, Square footage and Vehicle data provided by the Forsyth County General Services Department.

otes: 1 Starting in FY2012, General Services changed their method of counting facilities resulting in a consolidated number.

 $^{^{\,2}\,}$ Square footage is estimated based on general services building records.

³ Public safety vehicles listed are included in the general services fleet vehicles. Source: fleet vehicle records.





Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of County Commissioners Forsyth County, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Forsyth County, North Carolina (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 31, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raleigh, North Carolina October 31, 2017

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Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Board of County Commissioners Forsyth County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Forsyth County, North Carolina (the "County"), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement and the Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2017-001. Our opinion on the major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

The County's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and the corrective action plan. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the OMB Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raleigh, North Carolina

October 31, 2017



Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance for Each Major State Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Uniform Guidance and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Board of County Commissioners Forsyth County, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited the Forsyth County, North Carolina (the "County"), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The County's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major State programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with applicable sections of the Uniform Guidance as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2017-002. Our opinion the major State program is not modified with respect to this matter.

The County's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and the corrective action plan. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major State program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify an deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raleigh, North Carolina October 31, 2017

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section I. Sun	nmary of Auditor's	Results	
<u>Financial Statements</u>			
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance to GAAP:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X none reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes	<u>X</u> no	
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major federal programs:			
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	X no	
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X none reported	
Noncompliance material to federal awards noted?	Yes	<u>X</u> no	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516 (a)	_X yes	no	

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Section I.	Summary of	Auditor's Resul	ts (Continued)				
Identification of m	najor federal progran	ns:						
CFDA#		Program Name						
	Child Supp	ort Enforcemen	t:					
93.563		rt Enforcement A						
93.563	Child Suppo	rt Incentive						
93.563	Child Suppo	rt Reimbursemei	nt					
93.563	Child Suppo	Child Support Enforcement Fees						
93.778	778 Medical Assistance Program							
10.561	10.561 Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster							
Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants & Children: 10.557 Administration 10.557 Direct Benefits								
	used to distinguish and Type B Progra	ıms	\$ 3,000,000					
Auditee qualified	as low-risk auditee		yes	X no				
State Awards								
Internal control ov	ver major State prog	ırams:						
Material weal	kness(es) identified	?	yes	X no				
Significant de	eficiency(ies) identifi	ed?	yes	X none reported				
Noncompliance n	naterial to State awa	ards noted?	yes	X no				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major State programs:			Unmodified					
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act			_X_yes	no				

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results (Continued)

Identification of major State programs:

Program Name

State/County Special Assistance for Adults - Direct Benefit Payments

Other major State program is Medical Assistance Program which is State match on a Federal program. Therefore, this program has been included in the list of major federal programs above.

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Passed through N.C. Department of Health and Human Services
Medical Assistance
CFDA # 93.778

Finding: 2017-001

Nonmaterial Noncompliance - Eligibility

Criteria: The County should have adequate monitoring controls to ensure that all required physical documentation is located in the recipient's file and in NCFAST in accordance with program requirements. The County also should ensure timely notices are sent for cases that should be terminated.

Condition: Two cases noted instances in which documentation was missing in the case file or the case was not properly terminated. No instances of incorrect eligibility determination were noted.

The missing documentation or untimely notice for termination could allow for the over payment of benefits.

Questioned costs: Upon receipt of additional income information in December 2016 it was noted that the recipient was no longer considered eligible. At that time case workers had 10 days to terminate the case; however, the case was not terminated until January 2017. As a result, the individual received benefits during the month of January 2017. The questioned costs would represent the total benefits paid to this one individual in the month of January 2017. We were unable to determine the questioned costs paid to this individual as the County does not have access to this information. Benefits paid from the State represents the period of July 2016 through January 2017 and not for a one month period. The other case had no questioned costs. Both cases were eligible for assistance at the initial determination.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

Context: We examined 63 Medical Assistance case files. Of the 63 files tested, we noted that two of the files had missing documentation or the case was not terminated in a timely manner. Specifically, we noted the following:

- One case where verification of liquid assets documentation was missing from the file.
- One case where the case worker failed to timely terminate the case which resulted in questioned costs for the one month period due to the untimely case termination.

Initial eligibility determination was appropriate based on information provided. Once income support was provided that made the case ineligible, the case worker conducted sufficient investigation and sent the case to fraud referral. The case is now under investigation for repayment of Medicaid benefits provided.

Effect: By not having the required documentation in the files and failing to terminate cases timely, there is a risk that the County will determine individuals eligible who are truly not eligible and individuals could receive benefits longer than they should.

Cause: The caseworker failed to follow procedures outlined in the NC FAST Job Aid "Closing a Case".

Recommendation: Although these issues will occur from time to time considering the volume of case files that the County processes and maintains, it is recommended that policies be reinforced to ensure that documentation is maintained appropriately and cases are terminated timely.

Views of responsible officials: Management agrees with the finding.

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

N.C. Department of Health and Human Services DSS Crosscutting

Finding 2017-002

Nonmaterial Noncompliance - Allowable Costs/Cost Principles

Criteria: As noted in the DSS Services Information System User's Manual, day sheet entries should be supported by documentation in the case record files and expenditures should be properly coded.

Condition: We noted the following three exceptions:

- One instance where the day sheet entry was not supported by documentation in the case record file.
- Two instances where the expenditures were not properly coded.

Questioned costs: None as all expenditures were eligible.

Context: We examined 40 payroll files and 40 expenditures across all major programs to verify that costs are properly reported on the 1571 as detailed in the DSS Services Information System User's Manual.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)

Effect: We noted the following effects to 1571 Reporting:

- Day sheets are completed by employees to track program time which is used to determine proper reimbursement for the program. This is required by the State and failure to report proper day sheet entries may lead to error or inefficiencies in requesting reimbursement for the program.
- Expenditures are to be properly reported or the County may be reimbursed by the State from the wrong budgeted funding or may be improperly reimbursed.

Cause:

- Exception #1: Employee did not record program time within case record file.
- Exception #2 and #3: Business Office did not accurately code automated data acquisition costs to appropriate Application Codes (380-383) on the Form 1571.

Identification of a repeat finding: This is a repeat finding from the immediate previous audit, 2016-003.

Recommendation: We recommend the County continue to train employees to ensure the following:

- All posted time is properly supported by documentation before the Form 1571 is submitted to the State.
- Expenditures are properly coded.

Views of responsible officials:

- Exception #1: The County agrees that day sheet entries should be supported by case documentation to support request for reimbursement. The Division has several process controls in place to ensure dictation and day sheets are completed in effort to minimize errors. The employee and his immediate supervisor have been provided additional training on: 1.) The importance of accurately recording program time and 2.) Maintaining accurate supporting documentation within the case record file.
- Exception #2 and #3: The County agrees that expenditures are to be properly reported to insure appropriate reimbursement. The Business Office staff continues to receive additional training in reportable and non-reportable expenditures through monthly on-site visits with the State Local Business Liaison.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Paul L. Fulton, Jr., CPA CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Terri L. Goodman, CPA
DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Lee H. Plunkett
ASSISTANT CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



Michael J. Phelps, CPA CONTROLLER AND SYSTEMS MANAGER

Teresa G. Everhart, CISR RISK MANAGER

M. Brandon Branscome, CPA
INTERNAL AUDIT MANAGER

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Section II. Financial Statement Findings	
None reported.		
	Section III. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs	

Finding 2017-001

Name of contact person: Diane Wimmer, Adult Services Division Director, Shantele F. Williams, Adult Medicaid Program Manager and Carla Jenkins, Income Support Supervisor

Corrective action plan: On January 3, 2017, the supervisor completed an audit on the case and discovered the case was not closed per the DSS-8110. Supervisor met with the caseworker in question and instructed her to close the case. This was captured on a Quality Assurance audit and the case was referred to Program Integrity.

Caseworkers are required to send notice of benefits changing (DSS-8110) form when there is a termination or benefit change. At the time the notice is sent (which is now in NCFAST). The caseworkers are required to close the product deliver case on the same day the notice is sent. This marks the product deliver case as pending closure and on the last day of the month the case will automatically close in NCFAST resulting in termination of benefits.

NCFAST generates the DSS-8110 based on the closure of a Product Deliver Case and the notice is mailed from central print from the State.

On October 5, 2017, a meeting was held to notify caseworkers of the termination process outlined above. Workers are required to log terminated cases on a Google spreadsheet and the supervisor will complete a Quality Assurance audit to ensure the pending closure cases will terminate timely.

Proposed completion date: October 5, 2017 and ongoing

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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DEPUTY CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Lee H. Plunkett ASSISTANT CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER



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Teresa G. Everhart, CISR RISK MANAGER

M. Brandon Branscome, CPA
INTERNAL AUDIT MANAGER

Section IV. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2017-002

Name of contact person: Linda Daum and Sherri Cook

Corrective action:

- **Exception #1:** Business Office will perform a "Prior Year" adjustment of the DSS-1571 (Part I) to accurately reflect employee's program time for this period.
- Exception #2 and #3: Business office will perform a "Prior Year" adjustment of the DSS-1571 (Part II) to accurately reflect the appropriate Application Codes (380-383) and associated expenses.

Proposed completion date: No later than December 2017.

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Findings: 2016-001 - Corrected

Findings: 2016-002 - Corrected

Findings: 2016-003 – Not corrected. See finding at 2017-002.

Findings: 2016-004 – Corrected

Findings: 2016-005 - Corrected

FORSYTH COUNTY

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

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	eristal feal Elideu Julie 50, 2017	Federal CFDA	Federal/State Pass-Through	Fed. (Direct & Pass-through)	State	Page 1 01 4 Passed-through to
	antor / Pass-through Grantor / Program Title	Number	Grantor's Number	Expenditures	Expenditures	Subrecipients
	deral Awards:					
	S. Dept. of Health and Human Services					
	Administration for Children and Families					
	Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services:					
	Division of Social Services:					
	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families: TANF Administration	93.558		\$ 516,266		_
	TANF Services/Domestic Violence	93.558	- -	951,958	-	-
	TANF Child Protective Services/Foster Care/Adoption	93.558	_	233,454	_	-
	TANF Incentives	-	=	1,275	329	-
	Direct Benefit Payments	93.558	=	1,354,459		
	Total TANF Cluster			3,057,412	329	
(a)	Child Support Enforcement Administration	93.563	=	2,822,804	_	_
(a)	Child Support Incentive	93.563	_	437,921	-	_
(a)	Child Support Reimbursement	93.563	=	5,780	=	-
(a)	Child Support Enforcement Fees	93.563	-	33,793	-	-
	Refugee MA/PA	93.566	=	11,218	=	=
	Low Income Home Energy Assistance:					
	Low Income Home Energy Assistance Administration	93.568	-	232,505	-	-
	Low Income Home Energy Assistance Crisis Intervention	93.568	-	1,624,910	-	-
	Low Income Home Energy Assistance Payments	93.568	-	1,288,535	-	-
	Child Welfare Services Permanency Special/Regular	93.645		100 222		
	Child Welfare Services Permanency Special/Regular Child Welfare Services Adoption Assistance	93.043	-	109,223	21,786	-
	Family Reunification	93.556	_	42,132	21,780	_
	Direct Benefit Payments	-	_		438,095	-
	Foster Care Caseworker Visit	93.556	-	9,869	-	-
	Foster Care and Adoption Cluster: (Note 3)			,		
	Title IV-E Foster Care Administration	93.658	=	835,554	-	-
	Title IV-E Foster Care	93.658	-	261,188	66,003	-
	Title IV-E Foster Care Training	93.658	-	2,977	-	-
	Title IV-E Foster Care Child Protective Services	93.658	-	92,995	-	-
	Title IV-E Maximization	93.658	=	307,275	237,821	-
	State Foster Care/HIV	93.658	-	- 20 400	137,430	-
	Special Children's Adoption Fund CPS State	93.658 93.658	-	80,400 132,230	246,600 203,445	
	Adoption Assistance	93.659	-	2,746	1,373	_
	IV-E Optional Adoption	93.659	_	8,737	-	_
	Adoption Assistance - Direct Benefit Payments	93.659	=	1,514,815	379,323	-
	Total Foster Care and Adoption Cluster (Note 3)			3,238,917	1,271,995	_
	Social Services Block Grant:					
	Social Services Block Grant Administration	93.667	-	1,497,890	126,301	-
	Social Services Block Grant In Home Services	93.667	-	156,207	-	
	Social Services Block Grant Adult Day Care	93.667	-	71,738	64,184	-
	Social Services Block Grant Transportation	93.667	-	11,599	- (4.077)	
	Chafee Foster Care - Independent Living Independent Living - Direct Benefit Payments	93.674 93.674	-	41,148 13,852	(1,977)	-
	Subsidized Child Care (Note 3)	33.074		13,032		
	Child Care and Development Fund Cluster					
	Division of Social Services:					
	Child Care and Development Fund Administration	93.596	=	579,684	=	-
	Division of Child Development:					
	Child Care and Development Fund - Discretionary	93.575	-	1,640,301	-	-
	Child Care and Development Fund - Mandatory	93.596	-	2,251,417	-	-
	Child Care and Development Fund - Match	93.596	-	705,034	-	-
	TANF to CCDF Discretionary	93.575	=	4,951,874	=	=
	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	-	845,061	-	-
	IV-E Foster Care IV-E Foster Care Match	93.658	-	195,817	97,816	-
	State Appropriations	- -	-	- -	506,537	-
	TANF-MOE	-	-	-	1,078,406	_
	Total Subsidized Child Care (Note 3)			11,169,188	1,682,759	
	. I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I			11,103,100	1,002,700	

FORSYTH COUNTY

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

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Gr	rantor / Pass-through Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal/State Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Fed. (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Passed-through to Subrecipients
	Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services			· · ·		
	Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services:					
	Division of Social Services:					
	Administration:					
	State Children's Insurance Program - N.C. Health Choice	93.767	-	\$ 209,300	232	_
	Direct Benefit Payments:			,		
	State Children's Insurance Program - N.C. Health Choice	93.767	=	6,403,027	29,505	-
	Total State Children's Insurance Program - N.C. Health Choice			6,612,327	29,737	-
	Medical Assistance Program:					
a)	Medical Assistance Administration	93.778	=	5,815,556	-	=
a)	Adult Home Specialist	93.778	-	42,183	21,092	-
a)	MAC CORD Transp	93.778	-	139,885	-	-
a)	Medical Assistance Transportation Administration	93.778	-	292,034	40	-
a)	State/County Special Assistance	93.778	-	166,019	=	-
	State/County Special Assistance for Adults -					
a)	Direct Benefit Payments		-	-	2,179,110	-
	Division of Medical Assistance:					
	Passed-through Northwest Community Care Network:					
a)	CCNC Pregnancy Prevention (Note 4)	93.778	=	582,919	-	=
a)	Pregnancy Care Management (Note 4)	93.778	-	667,273	=	=
	Medical Assistance Program:					
a)	Medical Assistance Transportation Vendor Payments	93.778	-	798,230	468,802	-
a)	Direct Benefit Payments	93.778	-	275,044,337	145,397,310	
	Total Medical Assistance program			283,548,436	148,066,354	
	Administration on Aging					
	Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services:					
	Division of Aging:					
	Passed-through Piedmont Regional Council of Government					
	Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B	93.044	-	143,176	-	-
	<u>Centers for Disease Control and Prevention</u>					
	Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services: Division of Public Health:					
	Project Grants and Cooperative Agreements for					
	EBOLA	93.074	=	9,668	-	=
	Tuberculosis Control Programs	93.116	-	51,557	-	-
	Healthy Communities	93.217	-	31,811	-	-
	Immunization Outreach	93.268	-	65,646	-	-
	Cooperative Agreements for State-Based Comprehensive:					
	Comp Breast Cancer Screen	93.283	-	53,037	39,783	-
	BCCP Wisewoman Project	93.283	-	5,610	-	=
	Jail Screening Program	93.940	-	151,508	-	=
	Speech and Hearing	93.994	-	15,674	11,757	-
	Child Svc Coordinator	93.994	-	6,222	4,667	-
	Preparedness and Response Team	93.283	-	54,550	-	-
	<u>Health Resources and Services Administration</u>					
	Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services:					
	Division of Public Health:					
	Refugee Health Assessments	93.566	-	6,669	-	-
	Healthy Start Initiative	93.926	-	210,805	-	-
	Minority Infant Mortality Rate	93.994	-	41,833	31,378	-
	Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.994	-	194,804	-	-
	STD Drugs	93.977	-	1,218	914	-
	Women's Preventive Health	93.558	-	49,737	-	=
	Family Planning Title X (Note 4)	93.217	=	33,942	-	=
	Total U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services			317,164,871	151,788,062	-
	office of Library Soviess					
	Office of Library Services					
	Passed-through N.C. Department of Cultural Resources:					
	Division of State Library:					
	State Library Program	45.310		100,985		

FORSYTH COUNTY

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Gr	rantor / Pass-through Grantor / Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Federal/State Pass-Through Grantor's Number	Fed. (Direct & Pass-through) Expenditures	State Expenditures	Passed-through to Subrecipients
<u>U.</u>	S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development					
	Community Planning and Development					
	Passed through N. C. Department of Commerce:					
	Division of Community Assistance:					
	Community Development Block Grants - NC Catalyst Passed-through N.C. Housing Finance Agency:	14.228	09-D-2468 \$	5,600	-	-
	NCHFA Single Family Rehabilitation	14.239	<u>-</u>	1,670	-	-
	NCHFA URP		-	_,	89,560	-
	Passed through City of Winston-Salem:					
	HOME Investment Partnerships Program:					
	2013 Winston-Salem/Forsyth County HOME Consortium	14.239	M13-DC-37-0204 M14-DC-37-0204	17,414	=	=
	2014 Winston-Salem/Forsyth County HOME Consortium 2015 Winston-Salem/Forsyth County HOME Consortium	14.239 14.239	M15-DC-37-0204	109,601 83,956	-	-
	2016 Winston-Salem/Forsyth County HOME Consortium	14.239	M16-DC-37-0204	90	-	-
	Total U. S. Dept. of Housing and Urban Development			218,331	89,560	-
U.	S. Dept. of Agriculture					
	Food and Nutrition Service					=
	Passed-through the N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services:					
	Division of Social Services:					
	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster:					
(2)	State Administrative Matching Grants: SNAP Administration	10.561		2,952,942		
(a) (a)	SNAP Incentives	10.561	<u>-</u>	22,712	_	-
(a)	SNAP Fraud Administration	10.561	-	190,470	-	-
	Total SNAP Cluster			3,166,124	=	=
	Division of Public Health:					
	Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, & Children:					
(a)	Administration	10.557	-	2,031,224	-	-
(a)	Direct Benefits	10.557	-	6,935,266	-	-
	Total U. S. Dept. of Agriculture			12,132,614		-
<u>En</u>	vironmental Protection Agency					
	Direct Programs:					
	Surveys, Studies, Investigations and Special Purpose Grants	66.034	-	103,099	-	-
	Office of Air and Radiation	66.004		454 047		
	Air Pollution Control Program Support	66.001	-	451,317		
	Total Environmental Protection Agency			554,416		
U.	S. Dept. of Justice					
	Direct programs:					
	Office of Violence Against Women					
	Passed-through N.C. Dept. of Crime Control and Public Safety:					
	Governor's Crime Commission:	16 500	024 1 07 21/4 414/ 922	67.246		67.246
	Safe on Seven Domestic Violence Grant Total U.S. Dept. of Justice	16.588	034-1-07-3VA-AW-833	67,346		67,346 67,346
	·					
	Total federal awards			330,238,563	151,877,622	67,346
St	ate Awards:					
N.	C. Dept. of Health and Human Services					
	Division of Social Services:					
	State Adoption Fund		-	-	9,281 16,587	-
	Share the Warmth Child WLFR STNHM SVC		- -	- -	16,587 70,525	-
	ST COS Caseload Reduction		-	-	104,292	-
	General Health Administration		-	-	198,000	-
	AIDS		-	-	54,500	-
	Offsite HIV CTS		-	-	123,980	-

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FORSYTH COUNTY

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

Federal Federal/State Fed. (Direct & Passed-through CFDA Pass-through) Pass-Through State to Grantor / Pass-through Grantor / Program Title Number Grantor's Number Expenditures Expenditures Subrecipients State Awards: (cont) N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services (cont) Division of Child Development: Passed-through Forsyth Early Childhood Partnership: Tuberculosis \$ 20.321 TB Medical Services 2,868 Communicable Disease 16,280 Maternal and Child Health Services 129,450 Women's Preventive Health 30.212 Family Planning State 20,741 High Risk Maternity Unit 102,657 School Nurse Funding 100,755 Zika 22,065 Minority Diabetes Prevention 131 263 Division of Public Health: Division of Aging: Passed-through Piedmont Regional Council of Governments: Home and Community Care 173,639 Total N.C. Dept. of Health and Human Services 1,327,416 N.C. Dept. of Cultural and Natural Resources Division of State Library: State Aid to Libraries 292,277 Total N.C. Dept. of Cultural and Natural Resources 292,277 N.C. Dept. of Environmental Quality 49,732 Triad Air Awareness Ozone Reduction Air Quality Mobile Source Program 203,431 Food and Lodging Permit Distribution 28,028 NC A&T University Position Reimbursement 51,338 SWC - Agricultural Cost Share Program 26,013 SWC - Administration and Technical Assistance 4.193 Total N.C. Dept. of Environmental Quality 362,735 N.C. Department of Public Safety Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention 730.729 730.729 Total N.C. Dept. of Public Safety 730,729 730,729 N.C. Dept. of Public Instruction Public School Building Capital Fund 0-002-933 3,744,842 N.C. Dept. of Transportation Rural Operating Assistance Program: Work First Transitional/Employment Transportation Assistance 9.9051570 20,644 Elderly and Disabled Transportation Assistance 9.9050716 162,374 162,374 Total N.C. Dept. of Transportation 183,018 162,374 Total state awards 6,641,017 893,103 Total federal and State awards 330,238,563 158,518,639 960,449

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⁽a) Major federal and / or state award program.

FORSYTH COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards (SEFSA) includes the federal and state grant activity of Forsyth County, North Carolina (the "County") under the program of the federal government and the State of North Carolina for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this SEFSA is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 US Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Because the SEFSA presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the County.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the SEFSA are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Forsyth County has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

(3) Clusters

The following are clustered by the NC Department of Health and Human Services and are treated separately for state audit requirements: Foster Care and Adoption, Subsidized Child Care.

(4) Pass-through Entity

The following programs report the entire amount as federal funds as the amount is not determinable between federal and State: CCNC Pregnancy Prevention and Pregnancy Care Management

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of the annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the Forsyth County Finance Department. The year-end closing of the accounting system and report preparation was effectively managed by Terri L. Goodman, Deputy Chief Financial Officer.

Also providing substantial support in report preparation and related accounting activities were:

Lee H. Plunkett, Assistant Chief Financial Officer Michael J. Phelps, Controller and Systems Manager Teresa G. Everhart, Risk Manager Gloria M. Turowski, Fiscal Analyst M. Brandon Branscome, Internal Audit Manager Jean-Baptiste A. Lagnie, Internal Auditor

Cover Design: Keith Spencer

